# **Software Engineering: Tutorial 1**

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#### **General information**

- The tutorial starts at c.t., that is, at 12:15 o'clock
- Attendance is not mandatory
- Please bring your laptop if possible
- Relevant material presented during the tutorial will be uploaded to Github

#### Format of the tutorial

- Discuss common mistakes in your assignments
- Provide additional useful knowledge with respect to the lecture, e.g., basic terminal usage
- Prepare you for your assignments
- Answer your questions regarding the assignments
  - For general questions regarding the lecture, please ask directly in the forum

Basic terminal usage

#### Poll

- 1. Who of you has previous experience working with the command line?
- 2. Who is regularly using the command line during their normal workflow?

#### For advanced users

- 1. Create a function mkcd that is accessible from the terminal.
  - mkcd [FOLDER]: creates a new folder and navigates to it using cd
- 2. Make sense of the following command and decide what the output might be:
  - cat file.txt | sort | uniq > out.txt

### **Useful commands**

command	usage
ls	show files in current
	directory
cd [DIR]	changes the current working
	directory
pwd	prints the current working
	directory
mv [FILE]* [FILE]	moves one or more file(s) to
	another directory
cp [FILE]* [File]	copies one or more file(s) to
	another directory
touch [FILE]	creates a new file
mkdir [-p] [FILE]	creates a new directory

### **Useful commands**

command	usage
cat [FILE]	outputs the content of a given file
path/to/executable	executes an executable
[CMD1]   [CMD1]	redirects the output of CMD1 to
	CMD2 as input
[CMD] > out.txt	writes the output of CMD to the
	file out.txt
[CMD] >> out.txt	appends the output of CMD to
	the file out.txt
man CMD	shows the
	manual/documentation for a
	given command

## Questions

Are there any questions?

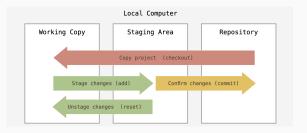


#### For advanced users

- 1. Play around with git bisect: here's an example
- 2. Make sense of git reflog
- 3. Figure out the use of git stash

### **Summary**

- git is the de-facto standard VCS
- snapshot based
- decentralized



## Working Copy vs. Staging Area vs. Repository

- Working Copy The working copy the project folder that is currently under git version control. The working copy consists of "normal" files outside the .git, that can be altered.
- **Staging Area** The **staging area** is like a drafting area. It is also called **index** and contains snapshots of files to be committed.
- **Repository** The **repository** is represented by the .git folder.

  The repository **contains the whole history** of the project, e.g., commits and file snapshots. For example, this is also what is stored on Github.

### Common commands

- git help cmd
- git add file
- git checkout file
- git init
- git reset file
- git commit

- git status folder
- git log
- git diff
- git show commit

### Other useful commands and options

- git add -p
  - interactively add files
- git add -u
  - only re-add files the index that already have been added previously
- git mv file
  - move the working copy of a file and reflect the change in the index
- git rm file
  - remove the working copy of a file and reflect the change in the index

**Questions?** 

Are there any questions?

#### **Useful links**

- git visualizer: https://git-school.github.io/visualizing-git/
- git branching tutorial: https://learngitbranching.js.org/
- git cheat sheet: https: //training.github.com/downloads/github-git-cheat-sheet.pdf