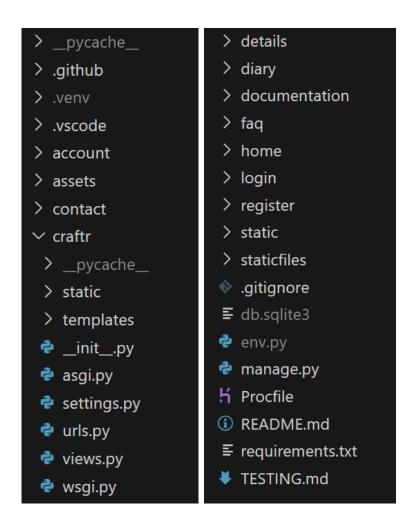
Project - Craftr



Python files created / amended were env.py, views.py, urls.py, and settings.py

env.py



CI Python Linter

```
This module sets default environment variables for the application.
 4 - Environment variables include:
   - Database connection URL
   - Secret key for application security
      Email credentials for sending emails
   - Cloudinary credentials for media storage
10
11
12
    import os
13
    os.environ.setdefault(
15
        "DATABASE_URL",
16
17
            "postgresql://neondb_owner:rASipIC0jQu4@ep-winter-flower-a2o0rro6."
            "eu-central-1.aws.neon.tech/gift_wink_curl_557183"
18
19
20
21
    os.environ.setdefault(
22
        "SECRET_KEY", (
23
            "6_hjwdTyzHCpLujojR_tM*onisbtshLGaTgY9EGmXVq6VnwHHmoyCwP3uUjbpwLAk"
24
        ))
25
26
    os.environ.setdefault(
27
        "EMAIL_USER", (
28
            "dvfrancis@fastmail.com"
29
        ))
30
31
    os.environ.setdefault(
32
        "EMAIL_PASSWORD", (
33
            "4w89817c915k7m3t"
34
        ))
35
36 os.environ.setdefault(
```

Settings:







Results:

views.py



CI Python Linter

```
from django.shortcuts import render
 4 - def custom_404(request, exception=None):
        Render the custom 404 error page.
        This view handles 404 errors and renders a custom 404 error page.
9
10 -
11
            request: The HTTP request object.
12
            exception: The exception that triggered the 404 error (optional).
13
14 -
        Returns:
15
            HttpResponse: The rendered 404 error page with a 404 status code.
16
17
        return render(request, '404.html', status=404)
18
19
20 → def custom_500(request):
21
22
        Render the custom 500 error page.
23
24
        This view handles 500 errors and renders a custom 500 error page.
25
26 +
27
            request: The HTTP request object.
28
29 -
30
            HttpResponse: The rendered 500 error page with a 500 status code.
31
32
        return render(request, "500.html", status=500)
33
```

Settings:







Results:

urls.py



CI Python Linter

```
URL configuration for the craftr project.
    This module defines the URL patterns for the entire project, including
    routes for various apps and custom error handlers for 404 and 500 errors.
 7 → Attributes:
        handler404 (str): Path to the custom 404 error handler view.
        handler500 (str): Path to the custom 500 error handler view.
        urlpatterns (list): List of URL patterns for the project.
11
12
    from django.contrib import admin
   from django.urls import path, include
    from django.conf import settings
    from django.conf.urls.static import static
17
    handler404 = 'craftr.views.custom 404'
    handler500 = 'craftr.views.custom_500'
20
21 - urlpatterns = [
        path('details/', include('details.urls')),
        path('account/', include('account.urls')),
23
24
        path('contact/', include('contact.urls')),
25
        path('diary/', include('diary.urls')),
        path('faq/', include('faq.urls')),
26
27
        path('', include('home.urls')),
28
        path('login/', include('login.urls')),
29
        path('register/', include('register.urls')),
        path('admin/', admin.site.urls),
      + static(settings.MEDIA_URL, document_root=settings.MEDIA_ROOT)
32
```

Settings:







Results:

settings.py



CI Python Linter

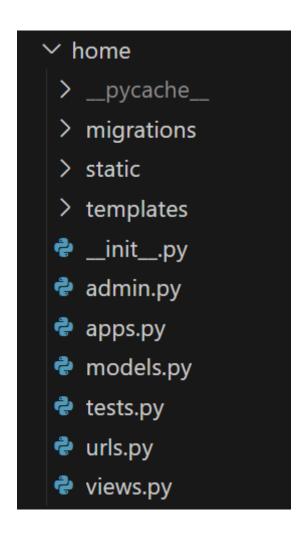
```
1 from pathlib import Path
 2 import os
   import dj database url
4 - if os.path.isfile('env.py'):
        import env # noga
    EMAIL_BACKEND = 'django.core.mail.backends.smtp.EmailBackend'
 8 EMAIL_HOST = 'smtp.fastmail.com'
9 EMAIL_PORT = 587
10 EMAIL USE TLS = True
11 EMAIL_HOST_USER = os.getenv('EMAIL_USER')
12 EMAIL_HOST_PASSWORD = os.getenv('EMAIL_PASSWORD')
13
    BASE_DIR = Path(__file__).resolve().parent.parent
15
   SECRET_KEY = os.environ.get("SECRET_KEY")
17
18 - CSRF_TRUSTED_ORIGINS = [
        "http://127.0.0.1:8000/",
20
        "https://*.herokuapp.com"
21 ]
22
    DEBUG = False
24
    ALLOWED_HOSTS = ['localhost', '127.0.0.1', '.herokuapp.com']
26
27 - INSTALLED_APPS = [
28
        'django.contrib.admin',
29
        'django.contrib.auth',
30
        'django.contrib.contenttypes',
31
        'django.contrib.sessions',
32
        'django.contrib.messages',
        'django.contrib.staticfiles',
33
34
        'cloudinary_storage',
35
        'cloudinary',
        'home'.
```

Settings:



Results:

App - Home



Python files created / amended were views.py, urls.py, and apps.py

views.py



CI Python Linter

```
1 from django.shortcuts import render
 4 v def home_page(request):
        Render the home page.
        This view renders the home page template for the application.
 9
10 -
        Args:
            request: The HTTP request object.
11
12
13 -
         Returns:
14
            HttpResponse: The rendered home page.
15
16
        return render(request, 'home/index.html/')
```

Settings:







Results:

urls.py



CI Python Linter

```
URL configuration for the home app.
4 This module defines the URL patterns for the home page and specifies
    custom error handlers for 404 and 500 HTTP errors.
    from django.urls import path
    from home import views as home
10
11 handler404 = 'craftr.views.custom_404'
    handler500 = 'craftr.views.custom_500'
12
13
14 - urlpatterns = [
        path('', home.home_page, name='home'),
16 ]
17
```

Settings:







Results:

apps.py



CI Python Linter

```
1 from django.apps import AppConfig
4 ▼ class HomeConfig(AppConfig):
        Configuration class for the 'home' app.
        This class defines the default settings for the 'home' app, including
        the app name and the default primary key field type.
9
10
11
        default_auto_field = 'django.db.models.BigAutoField'
12
        name = 'home'
13
```

Settings:

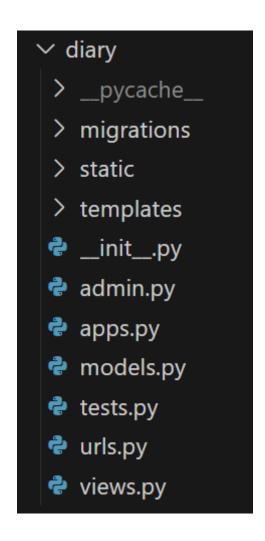






Results:

App - Diary



Python files created / amended were views.py, urls.py, models.py, apps.py, and admin.py

views.py



CI Python Linter

```
1 from django.shortcuts import render
    from diary.models import EventDay
    from details.models import EventClass
6 → def diary_details(request):
        Render the diary details page.
9
        This view fetches and displays a list of event days and their associated
10
11
        event classes, sorted by date and time.
12
13 +
        Args:
14
            request: The HTTP request object.
15
16 -
        Returns:
            HttpResponse: The rendered diary details page with event days and
17
18
19
20
        days = EventDay.objects.order_by("day_date")
        classes = EventClass.objects.select_related("event_day") \
21
            .order_by("event_day__class_date", "start_time")
22
23
        return render(
24
            request,
25
            "diary/diary.html",
26
            {"days": days, "classes": classes}
27
28
```

Settings:







Results:

urls.py



CI Python Linter

```
URL configuration for the diary app.
   This module defines the URL patterns for the diary details page and specifies
    custom error handlers for 404 and 500 HTTP errors.
    from django.urls import path
    from diary import views as diary
    handler404 = 'craftr.views.custom 404'
    handler500 = 'craftr.views.custom_500'
13
14 → urlpatterns = [
        path('', diary.diary_details, name='diary'),
15
16
17
```

Settings:







Results:

models.py



CI Python Linter

```
26
            Meta options for the EventDay model.
27
28
            Enforces a unique constraint on the day_title field, ensuring
            uniqueness regardless of case sensitivity.
29
30
31 +
             constraints = [
32
                 models.UniqueConstraint(
33
                     fields=['day_title'],
                    name='unique_event_title_case_insensitive',
34
                    condition=models.Q(day_title__iexact=models.F('day_title'))
35
36
37
38
39 +
        def clean(self):
40
41
            Validate the EventDay instance.
42
43
             Ensures that all required fields are completed.
44
             Raises:
                ValidationError: If any required field is missing.
46
48
             # Require all fields to be completed
            if not self.day_date or not self.day_title:
49 -
50
                raise ValidationError("All fields must be completed")
51
52 +
        def __str__(self):
53
54
             Return a string representation of the EventDay instance.
55
56 +
             Returns:
57
                str: The date of the event day.
58
59
             return (
60
                f"{self.day_date}")
61
```

Settings:







Results:

apps.py



CI Python Linter

```
Configuration class for the 'diary' app.
   This class defines the default settings for the 'diary' app, including
    the app name and the default primary key field type.
    from django.apps import AppConfig
10
11 → class DiaryConfig(AppConfig):
12
         default_auto_field = 'django.db.models.BigAutoField'
13
         name = 'diary'
14
```

Settings:







Results:

admin.py



CI Python Linter

```
from django.contrib import admin
   from .models import EventDay
    @admin.register(EventDay)
 6 ▼ class EventDayAdmin(admin.ModelAdmin):
 8
        Admin configuration for the EventDay model.
9
        This class customizes the admin interface for the EventDay model,
10
11
        including the fields displayed, filters, search functionality, and
12
        ordering.
13
        Attributes:
14 -
15
            list_display (tuple): Fields to display in the admin list view.
16
            list_filter (tuple): Fields to filter by in the admin interface.
            search_fields (tuple): Fields to enable search functionality.
17
18
            ordering (list): Default ordering for the admin list view.
19
20
        list_display = ('day_date', 'day_title')
21
        list_filter = ('day_date', 'day_title')
        search_fields = ('day_date', 'day_title')
22
23
        ordering = ['day_date']
```

Settings:

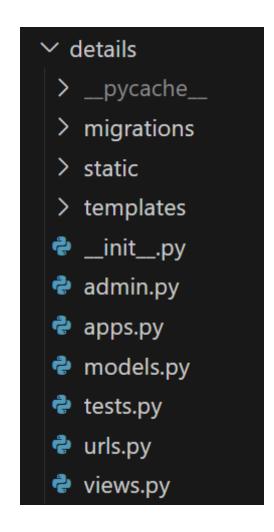






Results:

App - Details



Python files created / amended were views.py, urls.py, models.py, apps.py, and admin.py

views.py



CI Python Linter

```
1 from django.shortcuts import render, get_object_or_404, redirect
2 from django.contrib.auth.decorators import login required
   from django.contrib import messages
    from .models import Enrolment, EventClass
    from django.conf import settings
8 - def enrol(request, class_id):
10
        Handle enrolment and withdrawal for a specific class.
11
12
        This view allows users to enrol in or withdraw from a specific class.
13
        It also checks the enrolment status and renders the class details page.
14
15 -
        Args:
16
            request: The HTTP request object.
17
            class id (int): The ID of the class to enrol in or withdraw from.
18
19 +
        Returns:
            HttpResponse: The rendered class details page or a redirect after
20
21
            processing the enrolment/withdrawal.
22
23
        cloud_name = settings.CLOUDINARY_STORAGE["CLOUD_NAME"]
24
        placeholder = (
25
            f"https://res.cloudinary.com/{cloud_name}/image/upload/placeholder"
26
        # Retrieve the specific class using the class id
27
28
        event_class = get_object_or_404(EventClass, id=class_id)
29
        # Check if the user is enrolled in this class
        if request.user.is_authenticated:
30 -
            is_enrolled = Enrolment.objects.filter(
31
32
                user=request.user, enrolled_class=event_class
33
            ).exists()
34 +
        else:
35
            is_enrolled = False # Default for non-logged-in users
36 +
        if request.method == "POST":
```

Settings:







Results:

urls.py



CI Python Linter

```
URL configuration for the details app.
    This module defines the URL patterns for class enrolment and withdrawal
    functionality. It also specifies custom error handlers for 404 and 500 HTTP
    errors.
    from django.urls import path
    from details import views as details
11
    handler404 = 'craftr.views.custom_404'
    handler500 = 'craftr.views.custom_500'
14
15 - urlpatterns = [
        path('<int:class_id>/', details.enrol, name='details'),
16
17
            "remove enrolment/<int:class id>/",
18
19
            details.remove_enrolment,
            name="remove_enrolment",
20
21
22
23
```

Settings:







Results:

models.py



CI Python Linter

```
1 from django.db import models
2 from diary.models import EventDay
3 from cloudinary.models import CloudinaryField
    from django.contrib.auth.models import User
    from django.core.exceptions import ValidationError
 6
7 # Define the choices for difficulty levels
   BEGINNER = 'Beginner'
   INTERMEDIATE = 'Intermediate'
10 ADVANCED = 'Advanced'
11
12 - DIFFICULTY_CHOICES = [
        (BEGINNER, 'Beginner'),
13
        (INTERMEDIATE, 'Intermediate'),
14
15
        (ADVANCED, 'Advanced'),
16
17
18
19 -
    class EventClass(models.Model):
20
        Represents a class scheduled on a specific event day.
21
22
        This model stores information about a class, including its start and end
23
24
        times, title, description, difficulty level, instructor details, and
25
        images.
26
27 -
        Attributes:
28
            event_day (ForeignKey): The event day associated with the class.
29
            start_time (TimeField): The start time of the class.
30
            end time (TimeField): The end time of the class.
            class title (CharField): The title of the class.
31
32
            class_description (TextField): A description of the class.
33
            difficulty (CharField): The difficulty level of the class.
            class_image (CloudinaryField): An optional image for the class.
34
35
            instructor (CharField): The name of the instructor.
            instructor image (CloudinaryField): An optional image of the
```

Settings:



Results:

apps.py



CI Python Linter

```
Configuration class for the 'details' app.
    This class defines the default settings for the 'details' app, including
    the app name and the default primary key field type.
    from django.apps import AppConfig
10
11 → class DetailsConfig(AppConfig):
        default_auto_field = 'django.db.models.BigAutoField'
12
13
         name = 'details'
14
```

Settings:







Results:

admin.py



CI Python Linter

```
from django.contrib import admin
    from .models import EventClass, Enrolment
    @admin.register(EventClass)
 6 - class EventClassAdmin(admin.ModelAdmin):
        Admin configuration for the EventClass model.
 9
10
        This class customizes the admin interface for the EventClass model,
11
        including the fields displayed, filters, search functionality, and
12
        ordering.
13
14 -
        Attributes:
15
            list_display (tuple): Fields to display in the admin list view.
            list_filter (tuple): Fields to filter by in the admin interface.
16
17
            search_fields (tuple): Fields to enable search functionality.
18
            ordering (tuple): Default ordering for the admin list view.
19
20
        list_display = (
21
            'event_day', 'class_title', 'start_time', 'end_time',
            'difficulty', 'instructor',
22
23
24
        list_filter = (
25
             'event_day', 'start_time', 'end_time',
26
             'difficulty', 'instructor',
27
28
        search_fields = (
29
             'event_day', 'class_title', 'start_time', 'end_time',
            'class_description', 'difficulty', 'instructor', 'instructor_bio')
30
        ordering = ('event_day', 'class_title', 'start_time', 'end_time',
31
                    'difficulty', 'instructor')
32
33
34
    @admin.register(Enrolment)
36 - class EncolmentAdmin(admin ModelAdmin):
```

Settings:

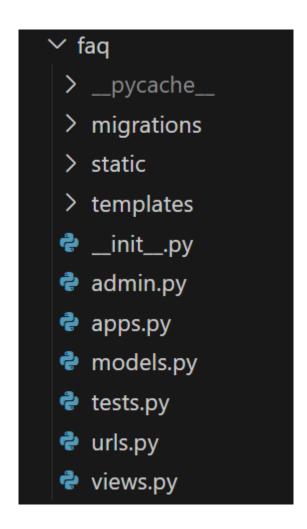






Results:

App - FAQ



Python files created / amended were views.py, urls.py, and apps.py

views.py



CI Python Linter

```
from django.shortcuts import render
4 - def faq_page(request):
        Render the FAQ page.
        This view renders the FAQ page template for the application.
9
10 -
        Args:
11
            request: The HTTP request object.
12
13 -
        Returns:
            HttpResponse: The rendered FAQ page.
14
15
16
        return render(request, 'faq/faq.html')
17
```

Settings:







Results:

urls.py



CI Python Linter

```
2 URL configuration for the FAQ app.
    This module defines the URL patterns for the FAQ page and specifies
    custom error handlers for 404 and 500 HTTP errors.
   from django.urls import path
    from faq import views as faq
    handler404 = 'craftr.views.custom_404'
11
    handler500 = 'craftr.views.custom_500'
13
14 - urlpatterns = [
        path('', faq.faq_page, name='faq'),
16
17
```

Settings:







Results:

apps.py



CI Python Linter

```
2 Configuration class for the 'faq' app.
4 This class defines the default settings for the 'faq' app, including
   the app name and the default primary key field type.
    from django.apps import AppConfig
10
11 - class FaqConfig(AppConfig):
        default_auto_field = 'django.db.models.BigAutoField'
13
        name = 'faq'
14
```

Settings:

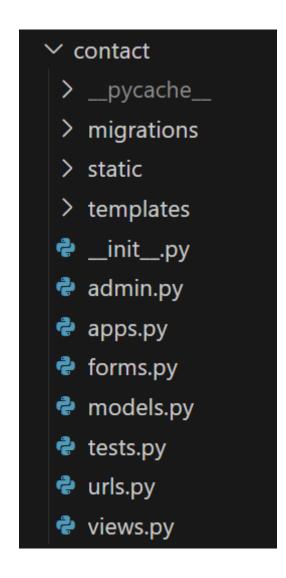






Results:

App - Contact



Python files created / amended were views.py, urls.py, models.py, forms.py, apps.py, and admin.py

views.py



CI Python Linter

```
from django.shortcuts import render, redirect
 2 from django.core.mail import EmailMessage
    from .forms import ContactForm
    from django.contrib import messages
    import os
8 * def contact_page(request):
 9
10
        Handle the contact page form submission.
11
12
        This view processes the contact form, saves the data to the database,
13
        sends an email with the form details, and provides feedback to the user.
14
15 -
        Args:
16
            request: The HTTP request object.
17
18 +
        Returns:
19
            HttpResponse: The rendered contact page with the form or a redirect
20
            to the home page after successful submission.
21
22 -
        if request.method == "POST":
23
            form = ContactForm(request.POST)
24 -
            if form.is_valid():
25
                form.save()
26
                 email = EmailMessage(
27
                    subject="Craftr Contact Form Submission",
28
29
                        f"Name: {form.cleaned_data['first_name']} "
30
                        f"{form.cleaned data['last name']}\n"
31
                        f"Email: {form.cleaned data['email']}\n"
32
                        f"Message: {form.cleaned_data['message']}"
33
34
                    from_email=os.getenv("EMAIL_USER"),
35
                    to=[os.getenv("EMAIL_USER")],
                    reply to=[form.cleaned data["email"]].
```

Settings:







Results:

urls.py



CI Python Linter

```
URL configuration for the contact app.
    This module defines the URL patterns for the contact page and specifies
    custom error handlers for 404 and 500 HTTP errors.
    from django.urls import path
    from contact import views as contact
10
   handler404 = 'craftr.views.custom_404'
    handler500 = 'craftr.views.custom_500'
13
14 → urlpatterns = [
15
        path('', contact.contact_page, name='contact'),
16
17
```

Settings:







Results:

models.py



CI Python Linter

```
1 from django.db import models
 4 → class Contact(models.Model):
         Represents a contact form submission.
 8
        This model stores information submitted through the contact form,
        including the user's name, email, message, and the timestamp of
 9
10
         when the submission was created.
11
12 -
        Attributes:
13
            first name (CharField): The first name of the user.
14
            last_name (CharField): The last name of the user.
            email (EmailField): The email address of the user.
15
16
            message (TextField): The message submitted by the user.
17
            created_at (DateTimeField): The timestamp when the submission was
18
            created.
19
20
        first_name = models.CharField(max_length=100)
21
        last_name = models.CharField(max_length=100)
22
        email = models.EmailField()
23
         message = models.TextField()
        created_at = models.DateTimeField(auto_now_add=True)
24
25
26 -
        def __str__(self):
27
            Return a string representation of the contact submission.
28
29
30 +
            Returns:
31
                 str: The full name of the user who submitted the form.
32
33
            return (f"{self.first_name} {self.last_name}")
34
```

Settings:







Results:

forms.py



CI Python Linter

```
1 from django import forms
    from .models import Contact
 5 → class ContactForm(forms.ModelForm):
        Form for handling contact form submissions.
8
9
        This form is based on the Contact model and includes fields for the
10
        user's first name, last name, email, and message. Custom widgets are
11
        used to provide placeholders and styling for the form fields.
12
13 -
        Meta:
14
            model (Model): The model associated with the form.
15
            fields (list): The fields to include in the form.
            widgets (dict): Custom widgets for form fields.
16
17
18 -
        class Meta:
19
            model = Contact
20
            fields = ['first_name', 'last_name', 'email', 'message']
21 -
            widgets = {
22
                 'first_name': forms.TextInput(
                    attrs={'placeholder': 'Enter your first name'}
23
24
25
                 'last_name': forms.TextInput(
26
                    attrs={'placeholder': 'Enter your last name'}
27
                 'email': forms.TextInput(
28
                    attrs={'placeholder': 'Enter your email address'}
29
30
                 'message': forms.TextInput(
31
32 -
                    attrs={
33
                         'class': 'contact-textarea',
34
                         'placeholder': 'Enter your message',
35
```

Settings:







Results:

apps.py



CI Python Linter

```
1 from django.apps import AppConfig
3
 4 - class ContactConfig(AppConfig):
        Configuration class for the 'contact' app.
        This class defines the default settings for the 'contact' app, including
        the app name and the default primary key field type.
9
10
11
        default_auto_field = 'django.db.models.BigAutoField'
12
        name = 'contact'
13
```

Settings:







Results:

admin.py



CI Python Linter

```
from django.contrib import admin
    from .models import Contact
    @admin.register(Contact)
 6 → class ContactAdmin(admin.ModelAdmin):
        Admin configuration for the Contact model.
 9
10
        This class customizes the admin interface for the Contact model,
        including the fields displayed, filters, search functionality, and
11
12
        ordering.
13
14 -
        Attributes:
15
            list_display (tuple): Fields to display in the admin list view.
            list filter (tuple): Fields to filter by in the admin interface.
16
            search fields (tuple): Fields to enable search functionality.
17
            ordering (list): Default ordering for the admin list view.
18
19
20
        list_display = ('message', 'first_name', 'last_name', 'email')
        list_filter = ('first_name', 'last_name', 'email')
21
        search_fields = ('first_name', 'last_name', 'email', 'message')
22
        ordering = ['first_name', 'last_name', 'email']
23
24
```

Settings:

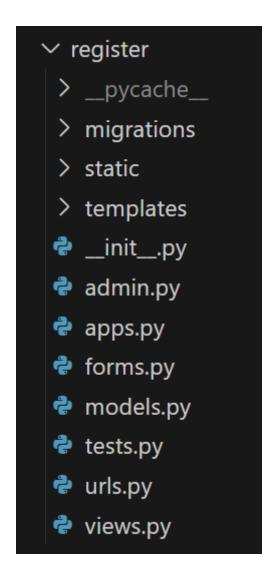






Results:

App - Register



Python files created / amended were views.py, urls.py, models.py, forms.py, apps.py, and admin.py

views.py



CI Python Linter

```
1 from django.shortcuts import render, redirect
2 from django.contrib.auth import login
    from .forms import UserRegistrationForm, UserProfileForm, UserUpdateForm
    from django.contrib.auth.decorators import login_required
    from django.contrib import messages
8 → def register_user(request):
9
10
        Handles user registration
11
12
        This view handles the registration of a new user, including creating
13
        a user account and associated profile. If the registration is successful,
        the user is logged in and redirected to the specified 'next' URL or the
14
15
        account page by default.
16
17 -
        Args:
18
            request: The HTTP request object.
19
20 -
21
            HttpResponse: Renders the registration page or redirects after
22
            successful registration.
23
24
        next url = (
25
            request.POST.get("next") or
26
            request.GET.get("next") or
27
            "account" # Capture 'next' URL
28
29
30
        user_form = UserRegistrationForm()
        profile_form = UserProfileForm()
31
32
33 +
        if request.method == "POST":
34
            user_form = UserRegistrationForm(request.POST)
            profile_form = UserProfileForm(request.POST, request.FILES)
35
```

Settings:







Results:

urls.py



CI Python Linter

```
URL configuration for the register app
4 This module defines the URL patterns for the user registration and profile
    update views. It also specifies custom error handlers for 404 and 500 HTTP
    from django.urls import path
    from register import views as registration
    handler404 = 'craftr.views.custom_404'
    handler500 = 'craftr.views.custom_500'
13
14 - urlpatterns = [
        path('', registration.register_user, name='register'),
15
16
        path(
            'update_profile/',
17
18
            registration.update_profile,
            name="update_profile",
19
20
21
22
```

Settings:







Results:

models.py



CI Python Linter

```
1 from django.db import models
 2 from django.contrib.auth.models import User
   from cloudinary.models import CloudinaryField
    from django.db.models.signals import post save
    from django.dispatch import receiver
    from django.core.exceptions import ValidationError
   # Define the choices for experience levels
    BEGINNER = 'Beginner'
10 INTERMEDIATE = 'Intermediate'
11 ADVANCED = 'Advanced'
12
13 - EXPERIENCE CHOICES = [
        (BEGINNER, 'Beginner'),
14
15
        (INTERMEDIATE, 'Intermediate'),
        (ADVANCED, 'Advanced'),
16
17 ]
18
19
20 - class UserProfile(models.Model):
21
22
        Represents a user's profile
23
24
        This model extends the default Django User model by adding additional
25
        fields such as location, experience level, and a photograph.
26
27 -
        Attributes:
            user (User): A one-to-one relationship with the Django User model.
28
29
            location (str): The user's location.
30
            experience (str): The user's experience level, chosen from predefined
31
            options.
32
            photograph (CloudinaryField): An optional profile photograph
33
            stored in Cloudinary.
34
35
         user = models.OneToOneField(
```

Settings:







Results:

forms.py



CI Python Linter

```
1 from django import forms
    from django.contrib.auth.forms import UserCreationForm
    from django.contrib.auth.models import User
    from .models import UserProfile
7 ▼ class UserRegistrationForm(UserCreationForm):
9
        A form for registering new users.
10
        Extends the default Django UserCreationForm to include an email field
11
12
        as a required field.
13
14 -
        Attributes:
15
            email (EmailField): A required email field.
16
17
        email = forms.EmailField(
18
            required=True,
19
            widget=forms.EmailInput(
20
                attrs={"placeholder": "Enter your email address"}
21
22
23
24 -
        class Meta:
25
            model = User
26 -
            fields = [
27
                "username",
28
                "first_name",
29
                "last_name",
30
                "email",
31
                "password1",
32
                "password2",
33
34 +
            widgets = {
35
                "username": forms.TextInput(
                    attrs={"placeholder": "Enter your username"}
```

Settings:







Results:

apps.py



CI Python Linter

```
from django.apps import AppConfig
4 * class RegisterConfig(AppConfig):
5
        Configuration class for the 'register' app.
        This class defines the default settings for the 'register' app, including
        the app name and the default primary key field type.
10
11
        default_auto_field = 'django.db.models.BigAutoField'
12
        name = 'register'
13
```

Settings:







Results:

admin.py



CI Python Linter

```
from django.contrib import admin
    from .models import UserProfile
    @admin.register(UserProfile)
 6 - class ProfileAdmin(admin.ModelAdmin):
        Admin configuration for the UserProfile model.
9
        This class customizes the admin interface for the UserProfile model,
10
        including the fields displayed, filters, search functionality, and
11
12
        ordering.
13
14 -
        Attributes:
15
            list_display (tuple): Fields to display in the admin list view.
16
            list_filter (tuple): Fields to filter by in the admin interface.
17
            search_fields (tuple): Fields to enable search functionality.
18
            ordering (list): Default ordering for the admin list view.
19
        list_display = ('user', 'location', 'experience')
20
        list_filter = ('user', 'location', 'experience')
21
        search_fields = ('user__username', 'location', 'experience')
22
        ordering = ['user_username', 'location', 'experience']
23
24
```

Settings:



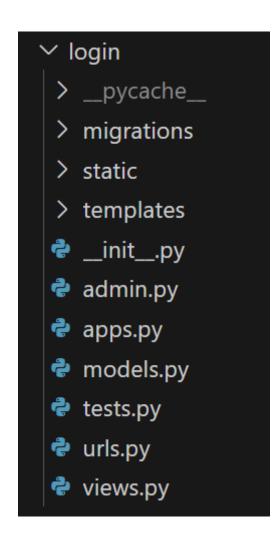






Results:

App - Login



Python files created / amended were views.py, urls.py, and apps.py

views.py



CI Python Linter

```
from django.shortcuts import render
    from django.contrib.auth.views import LoginView
    from django.contrib import messages
    def login_page(request):
 6 ₹
        Render the login page.
 9
10
        This view renders the login page template for users to enter their
11
        credentials.
12
13 +
        Args:
            request: The HTTP request object.
14
15
16 -
        Returns:
17
            HttpResponse: The rendered login page.
18
        return render(request, 'login/login.html')
19
20
21
    class CustomLoginView(LoginView):
23
        Custom login view to display messages for login events.
24
25
26
        This class extends Django's built-in LoginView to add success and error
27
        messages for login attempts.
28
29 +
        def form_valid(self, form):
30
31
            Handle successful login attempts.
32
33
            Displays a success message when the user logs in successfully.
34
35 ₹
                form: The submitted login form.
```

Settings:







Results:

urls.py



CI Python Linter

```
URL configuration for the login app.
    This module defines the URL patterns for the login functionality and specifies
    custom error handlers for 404 and 500 HTTP errors.
    from django.urls import path
    from .views import CustomLoginView
10
    handler404 = 'craftr.views.custom_404'
    handler500 = 'craftr.views.custom_500'
13
14 - urlpatterns = [
15
        path(
16
            CustomLoginView.as_view(template_name="login/login.html"),
17
18
            name="login",
19
20
```

Settings:







Results:

apps.py



CI Python Linter

```
from django.apps import AppConfig
4 → class LoginConfig(AppConfig):
        Configuration class for the 'login' app.
        This class defines the default settings for the 'login' app, including
        the app name and the default primary key field type.
10
        default_auto_field = 'django.db.models.BigAutoField'
11
12
        name = 'login'
13
```

Settings:

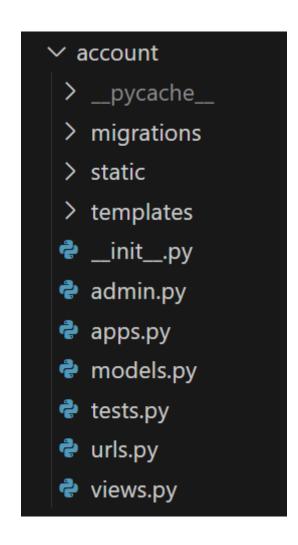






Results:

App - Account



Python files created / amended were views.py, urls.py, and apps.py

views.py



CI Python Linter

```
1 from django.shortcuts import render
 2 from django.contrib.auth.decorators import login_required
 3 from django.shortcuts import redirect
   from django.contrib.auth import logout
   from django.contrib import messages
   from details.models import Enrolment
    from django.conf import settings
    @login_required
11 - def user details(request):
12
13
        Display user account details and enrolments.
14
15
        This view retrieves the user's enrolments and displays them along with
16
        their account details on the account page.
17
18 -
        Args:
19
            request: The HTTP request object.
20
21 -
        Returns:
22
            HttpResponse: The rendered account page with user details and
23
            enrolments.
24
25
        cloud_name = settings.CLOUDINARY_STORAGE['CLOUD_NAME']
26
        default_profile_url = (
27
28
                f"https://res.cloudinary.com/{cloud_name}/image/upload/"
29
                f"placeholder"
30
31
32
        user_enrolments = Enrolment.objects.filter(
33
            user=request.user
34
        ).select_related("enrolled_class").order_by(
35
            "enrolled_class__event_day__day_date",
            "enrolled class start time"
```

Settings:







Results:

urls.py



CI Python Linter

```
2 URL configuration for the account app.
    This module defines the URL patterns for the account-related views, including
    user details, logout, and account deletion. It also specifies custom error
    handlers for 404 and 500 HTTP errors.
 8 → Attributes:
        handler404 (str): Path to the custom 404 error handler view.
10
        handler500 (str): Path to the custom 500 error handler view.
        urlpatterns (list): List of URL patterns for the account app.
12
13
    from django.urls import path
    from account import views as account
    from .views import custom_logout
17
    handler404 = 'craftr.views.custom_404'
18
    handler500 = 'craftr.views.custom_500'
21 - urlpatterns = [
        path("logout/", custom_logout, name="logout"),
        path('', account.user_details, name='account'),
23
24
        path("delete_account/", account.delete_account, name="delete_account"),
25 1
26
```

Settings:







Results:

apps.py



CI Python Linter

```
1 from django.apps import AppConfig
 4 → class AccountConfig(AppConfig):
        Configuration class for the 'account' app.
        This class defines the default settings for the 'account' app, including
        the app name and the default primary key field type.
10
        default_auto_field = 'django.db.models.BigAutoField'
11
12
        name = 'account'
13
```

Settings:







Results: