Операционные системы

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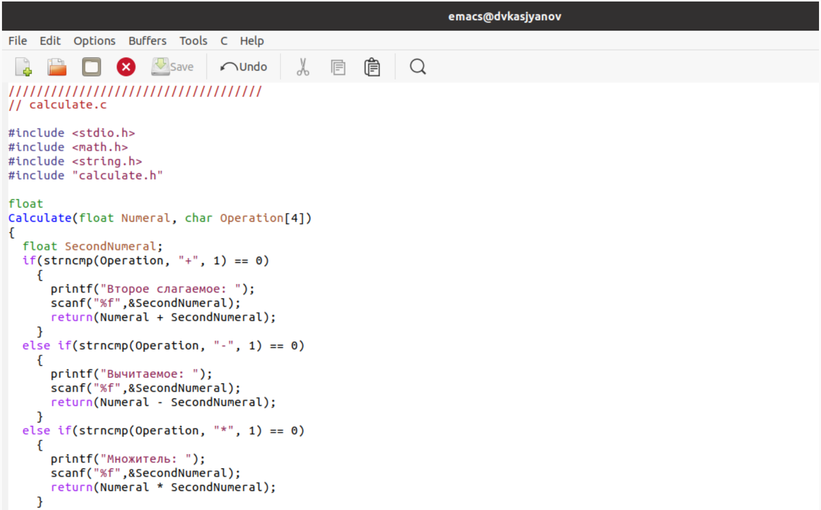
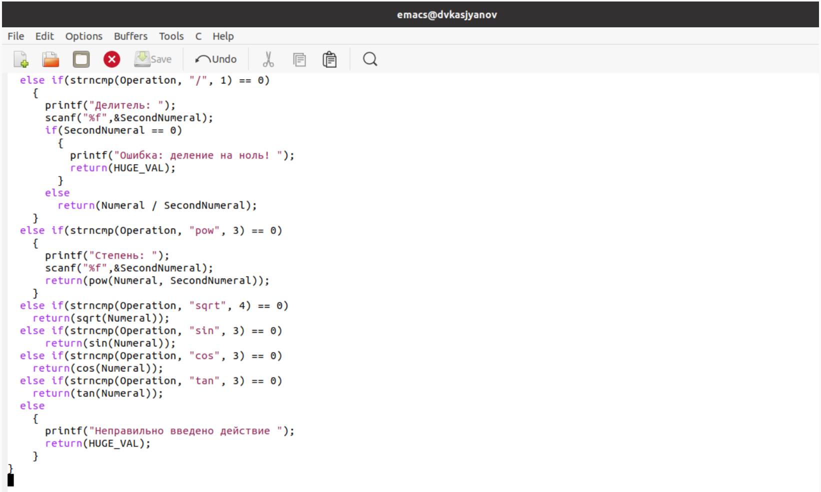
Лабораторная работа №14

Ход работы

Создаю командные файлы **calculate.h**, **calculate.c**, **main.c** для реализации простейшего калькулятора.

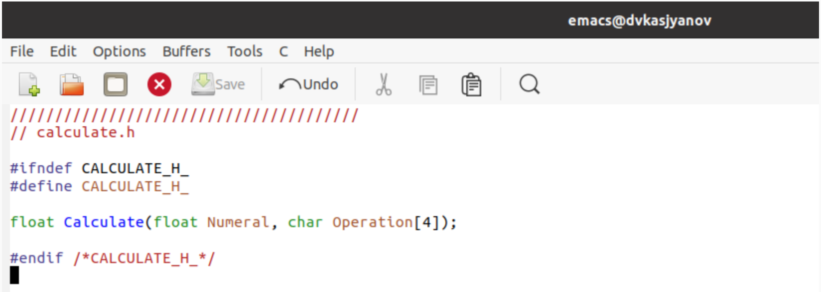


```
////////////////////////////////////
// calculate.c

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "calculate.h"

float
Calculate(float Numeral, char Operation[4])
{
  float SecondNumeral;
  if(strncmp(Operation, "+", 1) == 0)
    {
      printf("Второе слагаемое: ");
      scanf("%f",&SecondNumeral);
      return(Numeral + SecondNumeral);
    }
  else if(strncmp(Operation, "-", 1) == 0)
    {
      printf("Вычитаемое: ");
      scanf("%f",&SecondNumeral);
      return(Numeral - SecondNumeral);
    }
  else if(strncmp(Operation, "*", 1) == 0)
    {
      printf("Множитель: ");
      scanf("%f",&SecondNumeral);
      return(Numeral * SecondNumeral);
    }
```



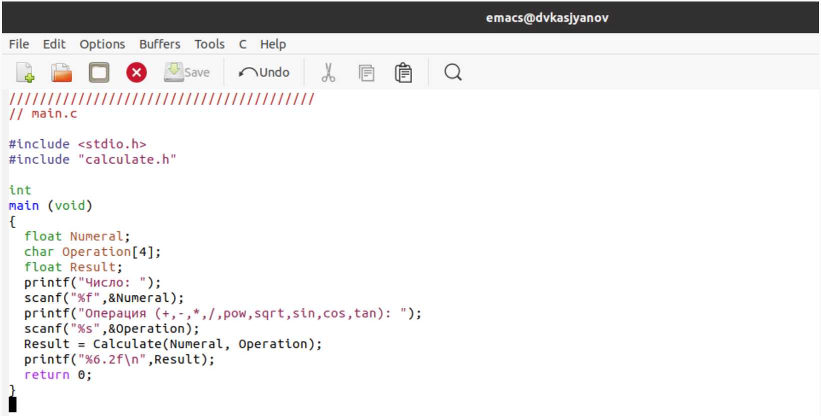
```
  else if(strncmp(Operation, "/", 1) == 0)
    {
      printf("Делитель: ");
      scanf("%f",&SecondNumeral);
      if(SecondNumeral == 0)
        {
          printf("Ошибка: деление на ноль! ");
          return(HUGE_VAL);
        }
      else
        return(Numeral / SecondNumeral);
    }
  else if(strncmp(Operation, "pow", 3) == 0)
    {
      printf("Степень: ");
      scanf("%f",&SecondNumeral);
      return(pow(Numeral, SecondNumeral));
    }
  else if(strncmp(Operation, "sqrt", 4) == 0)
    return(sqrt(Numeral));
  else if(strncmp(Operation, "sin", 3) == 0)
      return(sin(Numeral));
  else if(strncmp(Operation, "cos", 3) == 0)
    return(cos(Numeral));
  else if(strncmp(Operation, "tan", 3) == 0)
    return(tan(Numeral));
  else
    {
      printf("Неправильно введено действие ");
      return(HUGE_VAL);
    }
}
```

calculate.c 2/2



```
//////////////////////////////////////
// calculate.h

#ifndef CALCULATE_H_
#define CALCULATE_H_

float Calculate(float Numeral, char Operation[4]);

#endif /*CALCULATE_H_*/
```

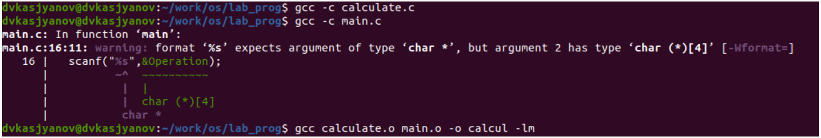
calculate.h



```c
////////////////////////////////////////
// main.c

#include <stdio.h>
#include "calculate.h"

int
main (void)
{
  float Numeral;
  char Operation[4];
  float Result;
  printf("Число: ");
  scanf("%f",&Numeral);
  printf("Операция (+,-,*,/,pow,sqrt,sin,cos,tan): ");
  scanf("%s",&Operation);
  Result = Calculate(Numeral, Operation);
  printf("%6.2f\n",Result);
  return 0;
}
```

main.c

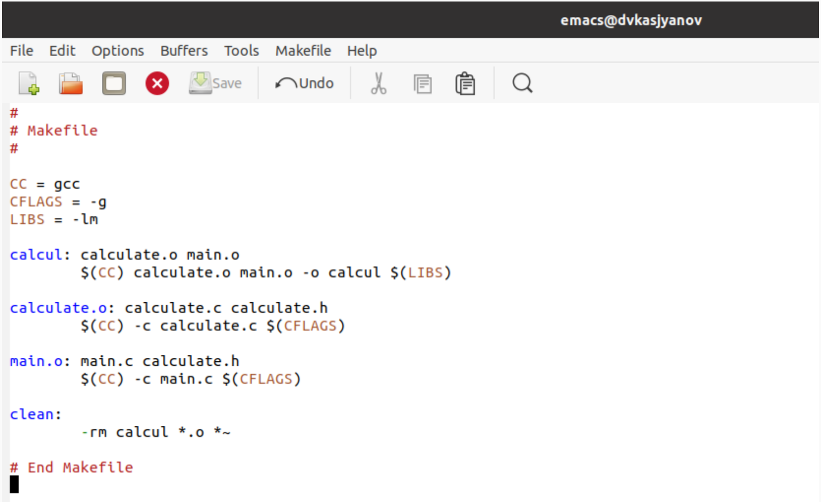
Исправляю синтаксические ошибки.



```
dvkasjyanov@dvkasjyanov:~/work/os/lab_prog$ gcc -c calculate.c
dvkasjyanov@dvkasjyanov:~/work/os/lab_prog$ gcc -c main.c
main.c: In function ‘main’:
main.c:16:11: warning: format ‘%s’ expects argument of type ‘char *’, but argument 2 has type ‘char (*)[4]’ [-Wformat=]
   16 |   scanf("%s",&Operation);
      |          ~^  ~~~~~~~~~~
      |           |  |
      |           |  char (*)[4]
      |           char *
dvkasjyanov@dvkasjyanov:~/work/os/lab_prog$ gcc calculate.o main.o -o calcul -lm
```

Ошибка с типами данных

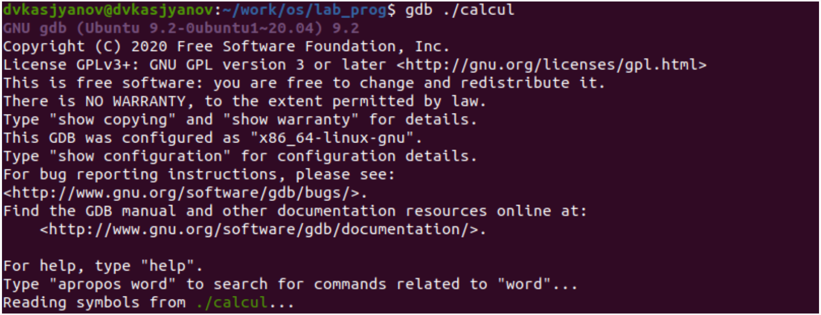
Создаю Makefile. Исправляю его.



```
#
# Makefile
#

CC = gcc
CFLAGS = -g
LIBS = -lm

calcul: calculate.o main.o
        $(CC) calculate.o main.o -o calcul $(LIBS)

calculate.o: calculate.c calculate.h
        $(CC) -c calculate.c $(CFLAGS)

main.o: main.c calculate.h
        $(CC) -c main.c $(CFLAGS)

clean:
        -rm calcul *.o *~

# End Makefile
```

Исправленный Makefile

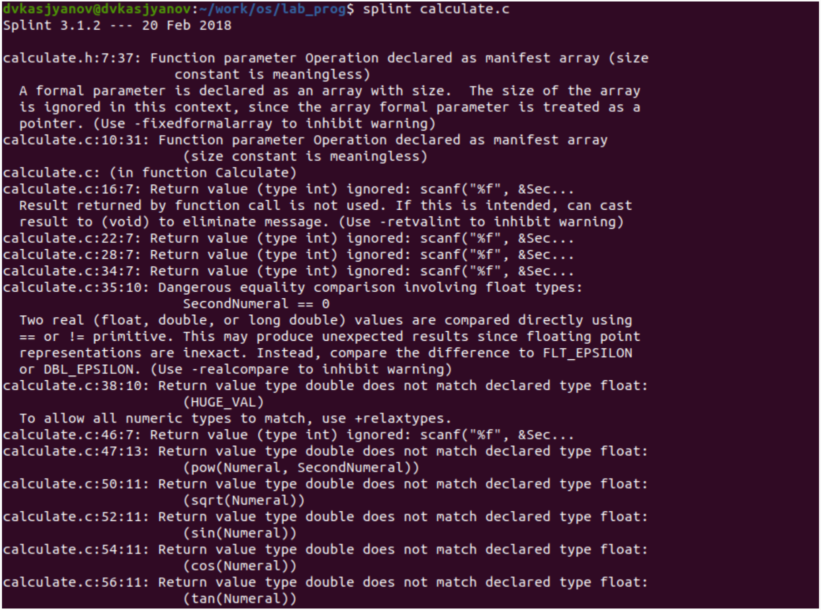
Произвожу отладку. Учусь ставить точку останова.



```
dvkasjyanov@dvkasjyanov:~/work/os/lab_prog$ gdb ./calcul
GNU gdb (Ubuntu 9.2-0ubuntu1~20.04) 9.2
Copyright (C) 2020 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
License GPLv3+: GNU GPL version 3 or later <http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html>
This is free software: you are free to change and redistribute it.
There is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law.
Type "show copying" and "show warranty" for details.
This GDB was configured as "x86_64-linux-gnu".
Type "show configuration" for configuration details.
For bug reporting instructions, please see:
<http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/bugs/>.
Find the GDB manual and other documentation resources online at:
    <http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/documentation/>.

For help, type "help".
Type "apropos word" to search for commands related to "word"...
Reading symbols from ./calcul...
```

Отладка calcul с помощью gdb

Анализирую коды файлов, используя **splint**.



```
dvkasjyanov@dvkasjyanov:~/work/os/lab_prog$ splint calculate.c
Splint 3.1.2 --- 20 Feb 2018

calculate.h:7:37: Function parameter Operation declared as manifest array (size
                     constant is meaningless)
  A formal parameter is declared as an array with size.  The size of the array
  is ignored in this context, since the array formal parameter is treated as a
  pointer. (Use -fixedformalarray to inhibit warning)
calculate.c:10:31: Function parameter Operation declared as manifest array
                      (size constant is meaningless)
calculate.c: (in function Calculate)
calculate.c:16:7: Return value (type int) ignored: scanf("%f", &Sec...
  Result returned by function call is not used. If this is intended, can cast
  result to (void) to eliminate message. (Use -retvalint to inhibit warning)
calculate.c:22:7: Return value (type int) ignored: scanf("%f", &Sec...
calculate.c:28:7: Return value (type int) ignored: scanf("%f", &Sec...
calculate.c:34:7: Return value (type int) ignored: scanf("%f", &Sec...
calculate.c:35:10: Dangerous equality comparison involving float types:
                      SecondNumeral == 0
  Two real (float, double, or long double) values are compared directly using
  == or != primitive. This may produce unexpected results since floating point
  representations are inexact. Instead, compare the difference to FLT_EPSILON
  or DBL_EPSILON. (Use -realcompare to inhibit warning)
calculate.c:38:10: Return value type double does not match declared type float:
                      (HUGE_VAL)
  To allow all numeric types to match, use +relaxtypes.
calculate.c:46:7: Return value (type int) ignored: scanf("%f", &Sec...
calculate.c:47:13: Return value type double does not match declared type float:
                      (pow(Numeral, SecondNumeral))
calculate.c:50:11: Return value type double does not match declared type float:
                      (sqrt(Numeral))
calculate.c:52:11: Return value type double does not match declared type float:
                      (sin(Numeral))
calculate.c:54:11: Return value type double does not match declared type float:
                      (cos(Numeral))
calculate.c:56:11: Return value type double does not match declared type float:
                      (tan(Numeral))
```

Splint по calculate.c

Выводы

Я приобрёл простейшие навыки разработки, анализа, тестирования и отладки приложений в ОС типа UNIX/Linux на примере создания на языке программирования С калькулятора с простейшими функциями.

Спасибо за внимание!