1 Operational Semantics

1.1 Environments

E - a mapping from identifiers to values

F - a mapping from identifiers to function definitions.

A function definition has three fields:

prog: a statement of the form P (see context free grammar)

r: a statement of the form e that comes after the ret keyword.

p_list: a list of identifiers that make up the parameter list of the function definition.

1.2 The Fundamental crumbL Statement

$$E, F \vdash S_1 : E', F'$$

 $E', F' \vdash S_2 : E'', F''$
 $E, F \vdash S_1 S_2 : E'', F''$

1.3 Constants

$$E, F \vdash Nil : Nil$$

1.4 Arithmetic

$$E, F \vdash e_1 : i_1$$

$$E, F \vdash e_2 : i_2$$

$$E, F \vdash e_1 \oplus e_2 : i_1 \oplus i_2$$
where $\oplus \in \{+, -, *, \%\}$

$$E, F \vdash e_1 : i_1 E, F \vdash e_2 : i_2 i_2 \neq 0 E, F \vdash e_1/e_2 : i_1/i_2$$

$$E, F \vdash e_1 : s_1 E, F \vdash e_2 : s_2 E, F \vdash e_1 :: e_2 : s_1 s_2$$

1.5 Lists

$$E, F \vdash e_1 : v_1 \text{(not a list)}$$

 $E, F \vdash e_2 : v_2 \text{ (not Nil)}$
 $E, F \vdash e_1@e_2 : [v_1, v_2]$

$$\frac{E, F \vdash e_1 : v_1(\text{not a list})}{E, F \vdash e_2 : \text{Nil}}$$

$$\frac{E, F \vdash e_1@e_2 : v_1}{E, F \vdash e_1@e_2 : v_1}$$

$$E, F \vdash e : [v_1, v_2]$$
$$E, F \vdash !e : v_1$$

$$\frac{E, F \vdash e : [v_1, v_2]}{E, F \vdash \#e : v_2}$$

$$\frac{E, F \vdash e : v_1(\text{not a list})}{E, F \vdash !e : v_1}$$

$$E, F \vdash e : v_1(\text{not a list})$$
$$E, F \vdash \#e : Nil$$

1.6 Boolean Logic

$$\frac{E, F \vdash e_1 : i_1}{E, F \vdash e_2 : i_2} \\ \frac{E, F \vdash e_1 \odot e_2 : i_1 \odot i_2}{\text{where } \odot \in \{<,>,<=,>=,==,!=\}}$$

$$E, F \vdash e_1 : \text{nonzero int}$$

 $E, F \vdash e_2 : \text{nonzero int}$
 $E, F \vdash e_1 \text{ and } e_2 : 1$

$$\frac{E, F \vdash e_1 : 0}{E, F \vdash e_1 \text{ and } e_2 : 0}$$

$$\frac{E, F \vdash e_1 : \text{nonzero int}}{E, F \vdash e_2 : 0}$$

$$\frac{E, F \vdash e_1 \text{ and } e_2 : 0}{E, F \vdash e_1 \text{ and } e_2 : 0}$$

$$E, F \vdash e_1 : \text{nonzero int}$$

 $E, F \vdash e_1 \text{ or } e_2 : 1$

$$E, F \vdash e_1 : 0 E, F \vdash e_2 : 0 E, F \vdash e_1 \text{ or } e_2 : 0$$

$$E, F \vdash e_1 : 0$$

 $E, F \vdash e_2 : \text{nonzero int}$
 $E, F \vdash e_1 \text{ or } e_2 : 1$

$$E, F \vdash e_1 : \text{nonzero int}$$

 $E, F \vdash \text{not } e_1 : 0$

$$\frac{E, F \vdash e_1 : 0}{E, F \vdash \text{not } e_1 : 1}$$

$$E, F \vdash e_1 : Nil$$

$$E, F \vdash \text{isNil } e_1 : 1$$

$$E, F \vdash e_1 : \text{not Nil}$$

$$E, F \vdash \text{isNil } e_1 : 0$$

Conditional Statements 1.7

$$E, F \vdash C$$
: nonzero int $E, F \vdash S_1 : E', F'$

$$E, F \vdash \text{if } (C) \text{ then } S_1 \text{ else } S_2 \text{ fi } : E', F'$$

$$E, F \vdash C : 0$$

$$E, F \vdash S_2 : E', F'$$

$$E, F \vdash S_2 : E', F'$$

$$E, F \vdash \text{if } (C) \text{ then } S_1 \text{ else } S_2 \text{ fi } : E', F'$$

$$E, F \vdash C : 0$$

$$E, F \vdash \text{while}(C) \text{ do } S \text{ ob } : E, F$$

$$E, F \vdash \text{while}(C) \text{ do } S \text{ ob } : E, F$$

$$E, F \vdash C$$
: nonzero int $E, F \vdash S : E', F$

$$E', F \vdash \text{while}(C) \text{ do } S \text{ ob } : E'', F$$

$$E, F \vdash while(C) \text{ do } S \text{ ob } : E'', F$$

Note: Under this rule, the statement S must not change the function environment.

1.8 Identifiers and Functions

$$E, F \vdash e : v$$

$$E, F \vdash id = e; : E[id \leftarrow v], F$$

$$E, F \vdash \text{lazy } id = e; : E[id \leftarrow e], F$$

$$e = E[id]$$

$$E, F \vdash e : v$$

$$E' = E[id \leftarrow v]$$

$$E, F \vdash id : v, E', F$$

$$fentry = \{prog: P, r: e, p_list: p_list\}$$

$$F' = F[\mathbf{fname} \leftarrow fentry]$$

$$E, F \vdash func \mathbf{fname}(p_list) \ P \ ret \ e; \ cnuf \ : E, F'$$

$$fentry = F[\mathbf{fname}]$$

$$E' = \operatorname{apply}(fentry.p_list, call_list)$$

$$p = fentry.\operatorname{prog}$$

$$E', F \vdash p : E''$$

$$E'', F \vdash fentry.r : v$$

$$E, F \vdash \mathbf{fname}(\operatorname{call_list}) : v$$

Note: apply is just an operational semantics subroutine to construct a new environment for a called function, and is not useable from source code.

$$E, F \vdash p_list = [p_1, R_1]$$

$$E, F \vdash call_list = [e_1, R_2]$$

$$E, F \vdash e_1 : v_1$$

$$E, F \vdash apply(R_1, R_2) : E'$$

$$E'' = E'[p_1 \leftarrow v_1]$$

$$E, F \vdash apply(p_list, call_list) : E''$$

$$E, F \vdash p_list = [lazy \ p_1, R_1]$$

$$E, F \vdash call_list = [e_1, R_2]$$

$$E, F \vdash apply(R_1, R_2) : E'$$

$$E'' = E'[p_1 \leftarrow e_1]$$

$$E, F \vdash apply(p_list, call_list) : E''$$

$$apply(\epsilon, \epsilon) : \emptyset$$

1.9 I/O

$$E, F \vdash e : v$$

$$E, F \vdash \text{print}(e); : E, F, \text{ print out } v$$

$$T \vdash e_1 : \alpha_1$$

$$T \vdash e_2 : \alpha_2$$

$$\alpha_2 = \alpha_1 \text{ or } \alpha_2 = \alpha_1 List$$

$$T \vdash e_1 @ e_2 : \alpha_1 List$$