David Owen

- Associate Professor of Computer Science, Messiah College, Grantham, PA.
- This presentation: https://dvon.github.io/home/aha/aha.pdf

Background

- I'm not a historian...
 - And *computer vision* is not my research area.
 - This is a subject I'm interested in, motivated to learn so that I might be able to teach a course in the future.
 - *I'd be glad to learn from you*, if anyone in the audience has experience in this area.
- "Computer vision?"
 - For example, the software on your phone that can read a QR code, Facebook's ability to find faces, etc.
 - For this project I'm using the OpenCV and scikit-image software libraries for computer vision and image processing, via Python (3) bindings.

Background (2)

- Census data available (from, e.g., Ancestry.com).
 - But some information missing...transcribed by volunteers.
 - Would be *beneficial to have an alternative* way of converting to images to text.
- Specific goal is to *speed up process of converting scans*.
 - From Harrisburg census forms, from about 100 years ago.
- Optical character recognition (OCR) software is designed to recognize characters in image data.
 - ...to "read" the text in a picture.
 - It's particularly hard to recognize *handwritten* characters.
- But maybe we don't need to recognize characters.
 - If we had a way to group similar images...
 - A human user could interpret a single image; that interpretation could be applied to all images in the group.

Overview

- *Generate a template* from a composite of scanned census forms.
- Create cell images.
 - Choose a form, choose a column.
 - Crop images, based on template.
- Process images, prepare for comparison.
 - Delete boundaries, based on template.
 - · Reconnect broken lines.
 - Weight towards darkest central region.
- For prepared images from same column...
 - Divide into similarity-based groups.
 - Enable user to visualize results, verify groupings, assign value to group, etc.

Scans

- What do the scans we have look like?
 - Example scan...
- How might we generate a template to represent what scans have in common?
 - To specify where to crop cell images, where within cell image are boundaries to be deleted.
 - Composite image...
- Will *a single template* will be sufficient?
 - Is there enough consistency between scans?
 - Bad scan...

Cells

- Create an image for each cell.
 - Choose a form, choose a column.
 - For each cell in column, copy and crop individual cell image.
 - Ownership columns...
- Prepare cell image for comparison.
 - Delete (horizontal and vertical) cell boundaries, based on template image.
 - One attempt at deleting boundaries, another attempt...
 - Reconnect broken lines. (*Working on an algorithm* for this; not sure how successful or necessary it will be.)

Similarity Groups

- Considering all cell images from a column...
 - Across multiple form images, eventually?
 - Ownership columns (again)...
- Divide into similarity-based groups.
 - Using scikit-image comparison functions?
 - K-Means approach, used in recognition of, e.g., Chinese characters, has also been suggested.

User Interaction

- Create annotated version of form image.
 - *Mark images* to show which group they belong to.
 - Provide indication of confidence level for similarity-based groups... How similar are cells within group? How distinct are cells in different groups? Which cell is a good representative?
- Human user interaction...
 - Verify similarity, based on sample of less-similar images from within a group.
 - Assign textual value, based on representative image, for all images in group.