Basic EDA

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The below notes are written to accompany the book *Visualizing Data* by William Cleveland and the S670 class notes written by Prof. Dr. Brad Luen. Before learning Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA), one should be familiar with the basics of statistical concepts. One should also be familiar with Regression. The language of choice is **R** and the IDE is RStudio and we shall be using the *ggplot2* package of the *tidyverse* to plot, analyze and draw conclusions from the data we have. The references section will contain important resources that will aid you in understanding some tricky concepts that you shall encounter. Regarding the data, always pick datasets that have a lot of observations/rows, the minimum should be at least 100 observations.

1. Differences between CDA/EDA

2. What is EDA ?

   (a) Graphing
   (b) Fitting

3. The need for EDA

4. **Univariate Data**

   (a) Histogram
   (b) Density Plot
   (c) Boxplot
   (d) ECDF
   (e) Normal QQ Plot
   (f) Tukey Mean difference Plot
   (g) Additive Shift
   (h) Fitting a linear model
   (i) Residual Fitted Spread Plot
   (j) Skewness
   (k) Monotone Spread
   (l) Transformations
      i. Log Transform (log2/log10)
      ii. Power Transform
   (m) Spread Location Plot

5. **Bivariate Data**

   (a) Scatter Plot

References

1. http://docs.statwing.com/interpreting-residual-plots-to-improve-your-regression/

ggplot2 functions

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ECDF - stat_ecdf()
Histogram - geom_histogram()
Density Plot - geom_density()
Boxplot - geom_boxplot()
Quantile Plot - stat_qq()
Facet Grid - facet_grid()
Facet Wrap - facet_wrap() \\ m x n display
Scatter Plot - geom_point()
Line - geom_abline()
QQ Plot - qqplot() \\ Base R function
Flip Axes - coord_flip()
```