1: Store n points and let lat_i , lon_i , and $date_i$ represent the latitude, longitude, and date of each point, respectively. Let g represent the grid size measured in degrees latitude, and r represent the radius measured in grid steps. For each lat_i and lon_i , round each to the nearest grid point, and store the rounded points as $tlat_i$ and $tlon_i$. Set m=0.

```
2: for i = 1 to n do
      if bin density hash(tlat_i, tlon_i) exists then
 3:
         bin density_hash(tlat_i, tlon_i) + +
 4:
        bin temporal hash(tlat_i, tlon_i) + = date_i
5:
      else
6:
        bin density hash(tlat_i, tlon_i) = 1
7:
         bin temporal hash(tlat_i, tlon_i) = date_i
8:
9:
        active grid hash(m) = (tlat_i, tlon_i)
         m + +
10:
      end if
11:
12: end for
13: for j = 1 to m do
      retrieve tlat_j and tlon_j from active_grid_hash(j)
14:
      for lat_t = tlat_j - rg to tlat_j + rg do
15:
        t = \arccos(\cos(rg)/\cos(lat_t - tlat_j))/g
16:
        round t to the nearest integer
17:
        t = t * q
18:
        for lon_t = tlon_j - t to tlon_j + t do
19:
           density hash (lat_t, lon_t) + +
20:
           temporal_hash(lat_t, lon_t)+ = temporal_hash(tlat_j, tlon_j)
21:
22:
           lon_t = lon_t + g
        end for
23:
        lat_t = lat_t + g
24:
      end for
25:
26: end for
27: for i = 1 to n do
      round (lat_t = lat_i/g) to the nearest integer
28:
      lat_t = lat_t * g
29:
      round (lon_t = lon_i/g) to the nearest integer
30:
31:
      lon_t = lon_t * g
32:
      temporal hash(lat_t, lon_t) = temporal hash(lat_t, lon_t)/density hash(lat_t, lon_t)
      print lat_i, lon_i, density hash(lat_t, lon_t), temporal hash(lat_t, lon_t)
33:
34: end for
```