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1: procedure STV( $X, m, \varepsilon$ )
     $\triangleright X$  are votes of size  $N$  (number of votes)  $\times M$  (number of candidates)
2:    $D \leftarrow \{1, 2, \dots, M\}$   $\triangleright$  Set of hopeful candidates
3:    $E \leftarrow \{\}$   $\triangleright$  Set of elected candidates
4:    $F \leftarrow \{\}$   $\triangleright$  Set of eliminated candidates
5:    $L \leftarrow m$   $\triangleright$  Remaining number of seats
6:    $Y \leftarrow X$   $\triangleright$  Remaining votes
7:    $c \leftarrow 0$   $\triangleright$  Which Count we are at
8:    $w_i \leftarrow 1 \quad \forall i = 1, \dots, N$   $\triangleright$  Initialize a vector of weights, one per voter
9:   while  $L > 0$  do  $\triangleright$  End if there are no remaining seats
10:     $c \leftarrow c + 1$   $\triangleright$  Increase Count
11:     $u_{i,j} \leftarrow w_i \delta_{Y_{i,j}}(1) \quad \forall i = 1, \dots, N, j = 1, \dots, M$   $\triangleright$  Weighted first
    preferences
12:     $v_{c,j} \leftarrow \sum_{i=1}^N u_{i,j} \quad \forall j = 1, \dots, M$   $\triangleright$  Sum of weighted first
    preferences
13:     $Q \leftarrow \sum_{j=1}^M v_{c,j} / (L + 1) + \varepsilon$   $\triangleright$  Compute quota
14:    if  $\max_{j \in D} v_{c,j} \geq Q$  then  $\triangleright$  A candidate is to be elected
15:       $k \leftarrow \arg \max_{j \in D} v_{c,j}$   $\triangleright$  Which candidate has the most votes
16:      if  $\|k\| > 1$  then  $\triangleright$  If there is more than one such candidate
17:         $k \leftarrow \text{resolve.tie.for.election}(k, X, v)$   $\triangleright$  Break tie
18:      end if
19:       $S \leftarrow (\max_{j \in D} v_{c,j} - Q) / \max_{j \in D} v_{c,j}$   $\triangleright$  Compute surplus
20:       $w_r \leftarrow u_{rk} * S \quad \forall r \text{ where } Y_{r,k} = 1$   $\triangleright$  Recompute weights
21:       $L \leftarrow L - 1$   $\triangleright$  Decrease number of available seats
22:       $E \leftarrow E \cup \{k\}$   $\triangleright$  Candidate  $k$  is elected
23:    else  $\triangleright$  A candidate is to be eliminated
24:       $k \leftarrow \arg \min_{j \in D} v_{c,j}$   $\triangleright$  Which candidate has the least votes
25:      if  $\|k\| > 1$  then  $\triangleright$  If there is more than one such candidate
26:         $k \leftarrow \text{resolve.tie.for.elimination}(k, X, v)$   $\triangleright$  Break tie
27:      end if
28:       $F \leftarrow F \cup \{k\}$   $\triangleright$  Candidate  $k$  is eliminated
29:    end if
30:     $D \leftarrow D \setminus \{k\}$   $\triangleright$  Candidate  $k$  is removed from the pool of hopefuls
31:     $Y_{i,r} \leftarrow Y_{i,r} - 1 \quad \forall i = 1, \dots, N \text{ where } Y_{i,k} > 0 \text{ and } r = 1, \dots, M \text{ where } Y_{i,r} >$ 
     $Y_{i,k}$ 
32:     $\triangleright$  Above: shift votes for voters who voted for candidate  $k$ 
33:     $Y_{i,k} \leftarrow 0 \quad \forall i = 1, \dots, N$   $\triangleright$  Remove votes for candidate  $k$ 
34:  end while
35:  return  $(E, F, v)$ 
36: end procedure

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Note: $\delta_Y(1) = 1$ if $Y = 1$ and 0 otherwise, is the Kronecker delta function; the $\arg \max$ and $\arg \min$ functions return sets, with more than one element when there is a tie; and $\|k\|$ is the number of elements in the set k .