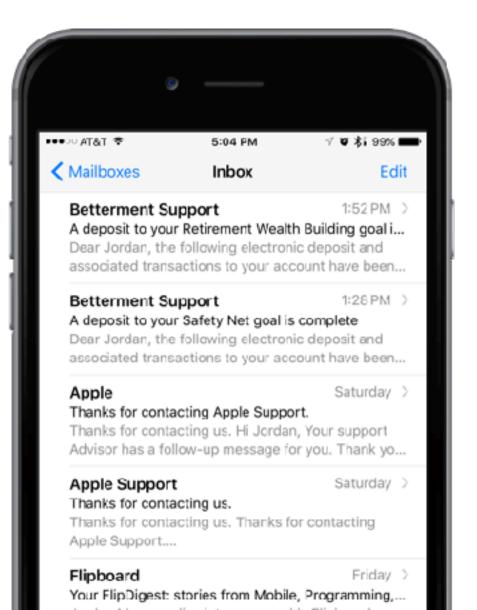
# Peek and Pop

# Peek and Pop in Action

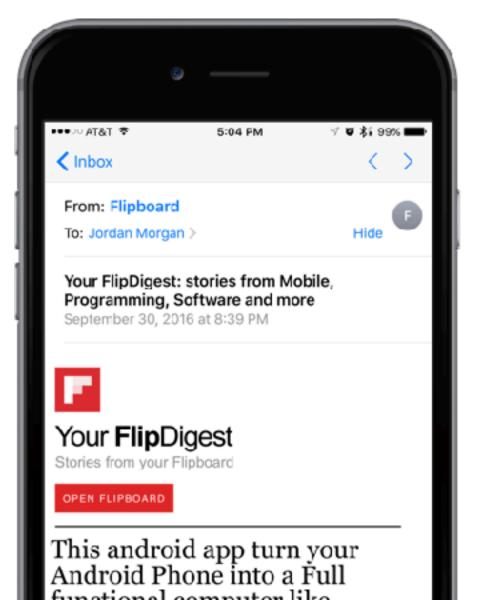


### When to Use Peek and Pop

#### Parent



#### Child



```
// Check for force touch feature, and add force touch/previewing capability.
if traitCollection.forceTouchCapability == .available
{
    registerForPreviewing(with: self, sourceView: tableView)
}
```

### Registering for Previewing

Tells iOS this view controller will:

- Preview content
- Provide a source view
- Provide a delegate to mediate

```
func previewingContext(_ previewingContext: UIViewControllerPreviewing,
viewControllerForLocation location: CGPoint) → UIViewController?

{

// Grab a data model from the CGPoint

// Notdata@uJustreeturn nil.
}

// Create a view controller and return it
}
```

#### UIViewControllerPreviewingDelegate

Implementing previewingContext:viewControllerForLocation

```
/// Present the view controller for the "Pop" action.
func previewingContext(_ previewingContext: UIViewControllerPreviewing,
commit viewControllerToCommit: UIViewController)
{
    // Reuse the "Peek" view controller for presentation.
    show(viewControllerToCommit, sender: self)
}
```

#### UIViewControllerPreviewingDelegate

Implementing previewingContext:commitViewController

#### Demo

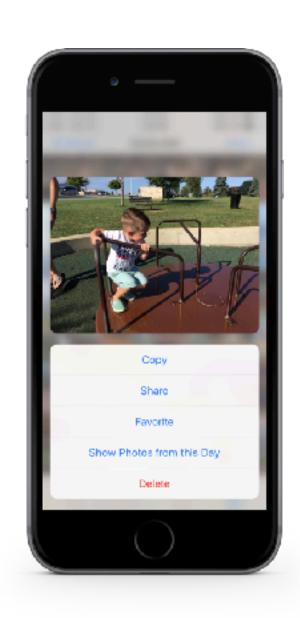
- Register for previewing
- Handle 3D Touch being toggled

#### Demo

- Prepare a preview controller
- Present a previewed controller

## Best Practices: Peek and Pop

#### Best Practices



- Tappable content should be peekable
- Return fast from delegate methods
- Query UITraitCollection changes
- Set previewing context sourceRect

#### Summary

Peek and Pop boosts previewing and navigation
Works well in parent/child UX scenarios
Registering view controllers for Peek and Pop
UIViewControllerPreviewingDelegate
Best Practices

- Tappable content should be peekable
- Return quick from delegate methods
- Check for trait collection changes
- Set a sourceRect on preview context