

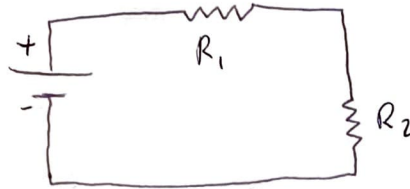
Lab 1

2-6-22

$$R_1 = 100 \Omega \quad R_2 = 500 \Omega$$

In series;

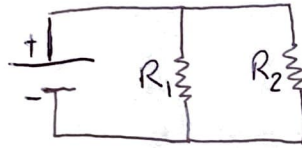
$$R_s = R_1 + R_2 + \dots$$



$$R_{tot} = 100 + 500 = \underline{600 \Omega}$$

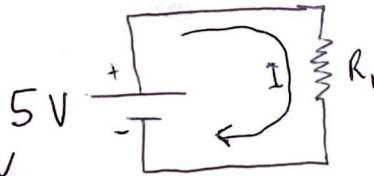
In Parallel;

$$\frac{1}{R_p} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \dots$$



$$R_{tot} = \left( \frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{500} \right)^{-1} = \underline{83.3 \Omega}$$

Figure 1:



$$V = 5V$$

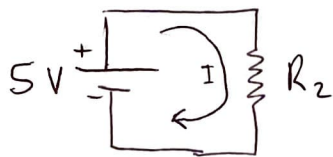
$$R_1 = 100 \Omega$$

$$I = ?$$

$$V = IR \Rightarrow I = \frac{V}{R}$$

$$I = \frac{5}{100} = \underline{0.05 A}$$

Figure 2:



$$V = 5V$$

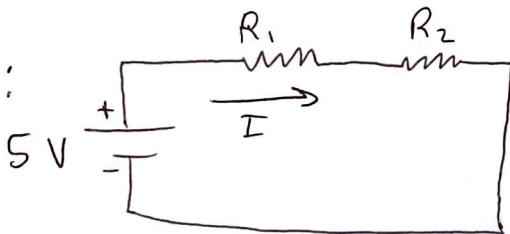
$$R_2 = 500\Omega$$

$$I = ?$$

$$I = \frac{V}{R}$$

$$I = \frac{5}{500} = \underline{0.01 A}$$

Figure 3:



$$V = 5V$$

$$R_1 = 100\Omega$$

$$R_2 = 500\Omega$$

$$I = ?$$

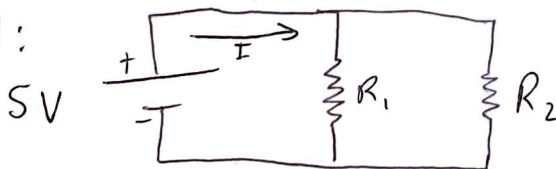
$$I = \frac{V}{R_{tot}}$$

$$R_s = R_1 + R_2 + \dots$$

$$R_{tot} = 100 + 500 = 600\Omega$$

$$I = \frac{5}{600} = \underline{0.008\bar{3} A}$$

Figure 4:



$$V = 5V$$

$$R_1 = 100\Omega$$

$$R_2 = 500\Omega$$

$$I = ?$$

$$I = \frac{V}{R_{tot}}$$

$$R_{tot} = \left( \frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{500} \right)^{-1} = 83.\bar{3}\Omega$$

$$R_p = (R_1 + R_2 + \dots)^{-1}$$

$$I = \frac{5}{83.\bar{3}} = \underline{0.06 A}$$