

GraphQL: IoC makes its way to HTTP



Hello

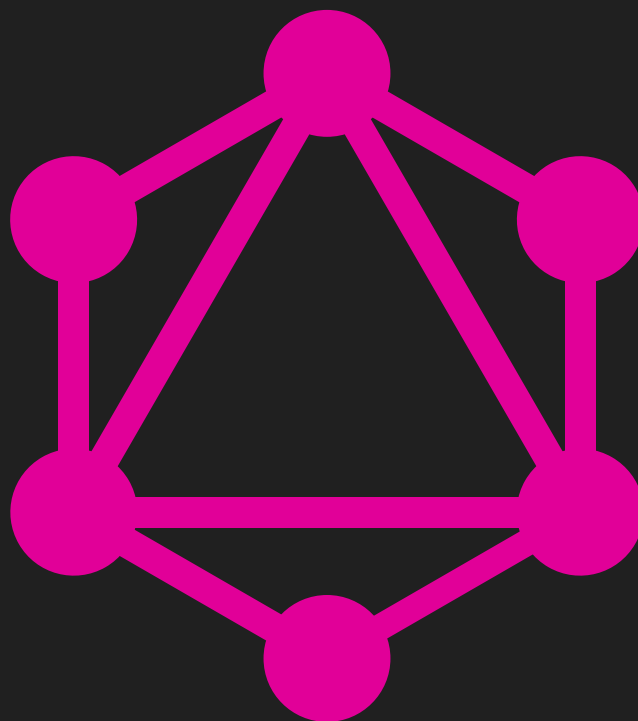
@dustinwhitney

ny-scala / Northeast Scala Symposium

Pellucid Analytics / Project September

Freek (@mandubian)

gl-react / gl-react-native (@greweb, @mrspeaker)



Background

Solving a Startups Biggest Problem

At a startup, people are your biggest problem

Web

iOS

Android

DevOps

Backend

Solutions I Like

React / React Native / Relay

Web

iOS

Android

DevOps

Backend



Solutions I Like

GraphQL / AWS Lambda

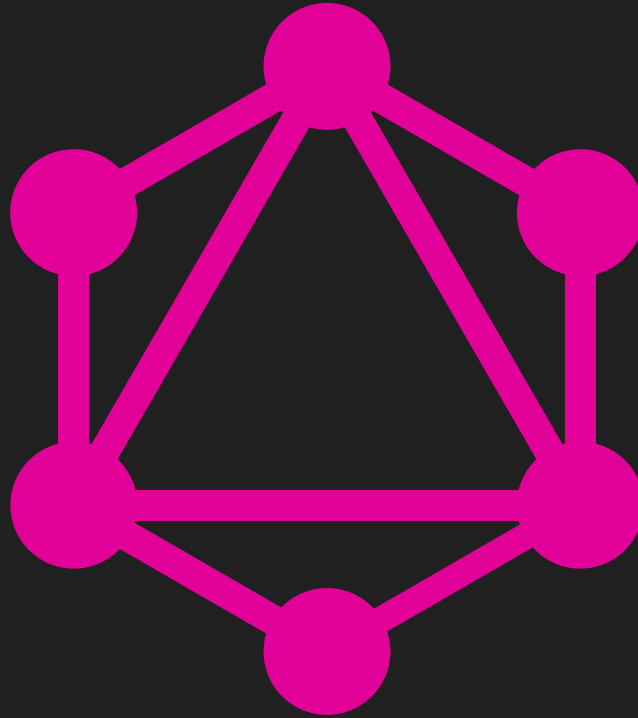
Web

iOS

Android

DevOps

Backend



GraphQL: Inversion of Control

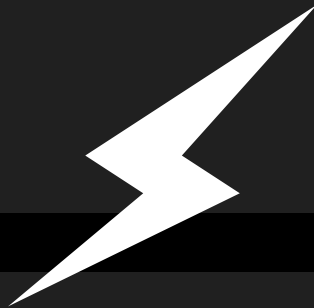
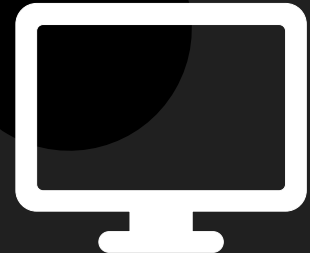
Inversion of Control?

<http://example.com/api/everything/odersky>

<http://example.com/api/feed/odersky>

<http://example.com/api/avatar/odersky>

<http://example.com/api/comments/odersky>



Inversion of Control?

GraphQL is a query language for your API

Query for exactly - and only -
the data you need



What is GraphQL?

You construct a schema and query much like SQL

```
# SQL
```

```
CREATE TABLE User (  
  username VARCHAR(30) PRIMARY KEY  
)
```

```
// GraphQL
```

```
type User {  
  username: String!  
}
```

```
// Arguments
```

```
type Root {  
  users: [User]  
}
```

```
# SQL
```

```
select * from User
```

```
# username
```

```
#-----
```

```
# odersky
```

```
# d6
```

```
# rit
```

```
// GraphQL Query
```

```
{  
  users{  
    username  
  }  
}
```

```
// Result
```

```
{  
  users:[  
    {username:"odersky"},  
    {username:"d6"},  
    {username:"rit"}  
  ]  
}
```

What is GraphQL?

GraphQL Schemas and Types

```
// Object types and fields
type User {
  username: String! // non-null
  comments: [String] // List
}

// Scalar types: Int, Float, String, Boolean

// Arguments
type Root {
  user(username: String!): User
}

// Query and Mutation
schema {
  query: Root
  mutation: Mutation
}
```

```
// Enumeration types
enum UserFlag {
  STANDARD
  ADMIN
}

// Interfaces
interface Mammal {
  hasHair: Boolean!
}

type Dog implements Mammal {
  hasHair: Boolean!
  barks: Boolean!
}

// Union Types
union Animal = Dog | Cat
```

How Do I do it in Scala?

Build a schema from your object graph

```
case class User(  
  username: String  
)  
  
case class Avatar(  
  url: String  
, mobileOptimizedURL: String  
)  
  
trait AvatarRepository{  
  def getAvatar(  
    username: String  
  ): Option[Avatar]  
}  
  
trait UserRepository{  
  def getUser(  
    username: String  
  ): Option[User]  
}
```

```
type User {  
  username: String!  
  avatar: Avatar  
}  
  
type Avatar {  
  url: String!  
  mobileOptimizedURL: String!  
}  
  
type Root {  
  user(username: String!): User  
}
```

How does it work?

Goal Query

```
{  
  user(username:"odersky"){  
    username  
    avatar{  
      mobileOptimizedURL  
    }  
  }  
}
```

```
{  
  "data" : {  
    "user" : {  
      "username" : "odersky",  
      "avatar" : {  
        "mobileOptimizedURL" : "..."  
      }  
    }  
  }  
}
```

How does it work?

Use existing model and services

```
case class User(  
  username: String  
)  
  
case class Avatar(  
  url: String  
, mobileOptimizedURL: String  
)  
  
trait AvatarRepository{  
  def getAvatar(  
    username: String  
  ): Option[Avatar]  
}  
  
trait UserRepository{  
  def getUser(  
    username: String  
  ): Option[User]  
}
```

```
class Cake  
  extends AvatarRepository  
  with UserRepository{  
  
  val users = Map("odersky" -> User("odersky"))  
  
  val avatars = Map(  
    "odersky" -> Avatar(  
      url = "..."  
      , mobileOptimizedURL = "..."  
    )  
  )  
  
  def getAvatar(username: String): Option[Avatar] =  
    avatars.get(username)  
  
  def getUser(username: String): Option[User] =  
    users.get(username)  
}
```

How does it work?

Build a schema using Sangria by
@easyangel (<http://sangria-graphql.org/>)

```
/*case class User(  
  username: String  
)*/  
  
case class Avatar(  
  url: String  
, mobileOptimizedURL: String  
)
```

```
/*trait AvatarRepository{  
  def getAvatar(  
    username: String  
  ): Option[Avatar]  
}
```

```
trait UserRepository{  
  def getUser(  
    username: String  
  ): Option[User]  
}
```

```
val avatarObj: ObjectType[Cake, Avatar] = ObjectType(  
  "Avatar"  
, fields[Cake, Avatar](  
  Field("url", StringType, resolve = _.value.url)  
, Field("mobileOptimizedURL"  
  , StringType  
  , resolve = _.value.mobileOptimizedURL  
)  
)
```

```
// for less boilerplate use derive with macros!  
val avatarObj = deriveObjectType[Cake, Avatar]()
```

```
// Resulting GraphQL  
type Avatar {  
  url: String!  
  mobileOptimizedURL: String!  
}
```

How does it work?

More about Fields

```
case class User(  
  username: String  
)  
  
/*case class Avatar(  
  url: String  
  , mobileOptimizedURL: String  
)*/
```

```
/*trait AvatarRepository{  
  def getAvatar(  
    username: String  
  ): Option[Avatar]  
}
```

```
trait UserRepository{  
  def getUser(  
    username: String  
  ): Option[User]  
}
```

```
val userObj = deriveObjectType[Cake, User](  
  AddFields(  
    Field("avatar"  
      , OptionType(avatarObj)  
      , resolve = { context: Context[Cake, User] =>  
        context.ctx.getAvatar(ctx.value.username)  
      })  
  )))
```

```
case class Context[Ctx, Val](  
  value: Val,  
  ctx: Ctx,  
  args: Args,  
  ...)
```

```
type User {  
  username: String!  
  avatar: Avatar  
}
```


How does it work?

Finishing up the schema

```
val queryObj = ObjectType(
  "Root"
, fields[Cake, Unit](
  Field(
    "user"
  , OptionType(userObj)
  , arguments =
    Argument("username", StringType) :: Nil
  , resolve = { ctx =>
    ctx.ctx.getUser((ctx arg "username"))
  }
  )))
```

```
val schema = Schema(queryObj)
println(SchemaRenderer.renderSchema(schema))
```

```
schema {
  query: Root
}

type Avatar {
  url: String!
  mobileOptimizedURL: String!
}

type Root {
  user(username: String!): User
}

type User {
  username: String!
  avatar: Avatar
}
```

How does it work?

Executing our query

```
val query =
  """{
    user(username:"odersky"){
      username
      avatar{
        mobileOptimizedURL
      }
    }
  }"""

val Success(queryAst) =
  QueryParser.parse(query)

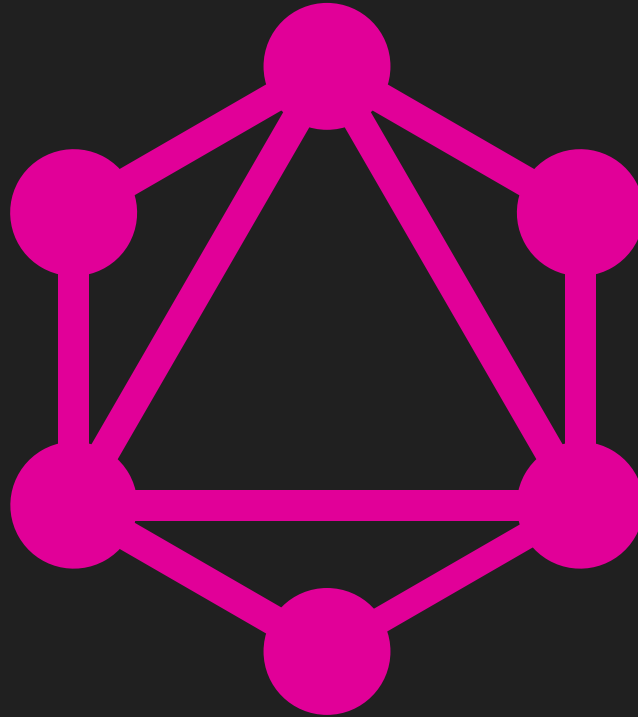
import sangria.marshalling.circe._
println(Await.result(

  Executor.execute(
    schema
    , queryAst
    , new Cake

  ) 5.seconds))
```

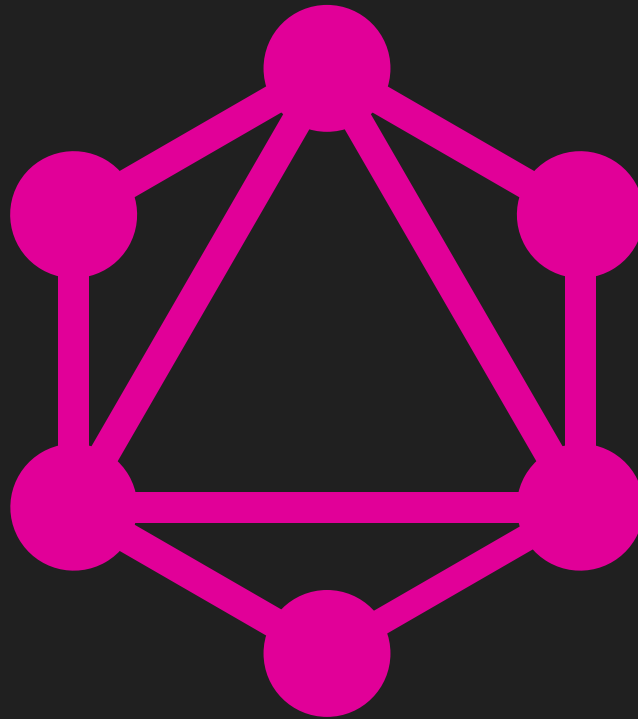
```
// Result
{
  "data" : {
    "user" : {
      "username" : "odersky",
      "avatar" : {
        "mobileOptimizedURL" : "..."/>

```



<https://github.com/dwhitney/sbtb>

Demo: Graphiq1



Questions?