

- Even in MD, time required increases with number of atoms
- In (MS)TIS, so does number of ensembles, possibly number of trajectories
- Trade-off between number of defined states and trajectory time

$$\mathcal{O}(N_{\text{traj}} N_{\text{ens}} N_{\text{atom}} t)$$

$\mathcal{O}(N_{\text{atom}} t)$

Molecular Dynamics:

Path Sampling:

But how long does it take to converge?

Computational Cost

Converging scaling with number of atoms is unclear

Computational Cost

Molecular Dynamics: $\mathcal{O}(N_{\text{atom}} t)$

Path Sampling: $\mathcal{O}(N_{\text{traj}} N_{\text{ens}} N_{\text{atom}} t)$

But how long does it take to converge?

- Even in MD, time required increases with number of atoms
- In (MS)TIS, so does number of ensembles, possibly number of trajectories
- Trade-off between number of defined states and trajectory time

Convergence scaling with number of atoms is unclear

More parallelization

Path Sampling: $\mathcal{O}(N_{\text{traj}} N_{\text{ens}} N_{\text{atom}} t)$



this means that you sample multiple trajectories simultaneously: another parallelization level!