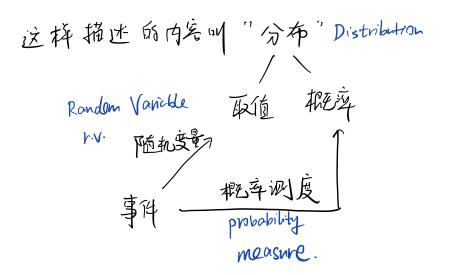


随机变量 X 净事件映射为取值. 随机变量 X 不包含积无率!!!

例. 初一が配子 事件 1 2 3 4 5 6 事件 1 2 3 4 5 6 概率 さるさ かっかか 概率 さる おっかむ 取値 2 4 6 8 10 12 取値 2 4 6 8 10 12



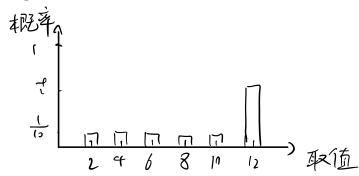
3."叁粹描述X?")分布 X 不包含规率,但不能陷离概率测度存在

分布代表了全部信息,忽而又想要有代表性的信息。这种信息叫铭计值。Statibles
比如均值方差。...

4. 有一种体系化表述 记计值的方法. 叫作 Moments 矩

> [st moment E[X] 2nd moment E[X] 3rd moment E[X]



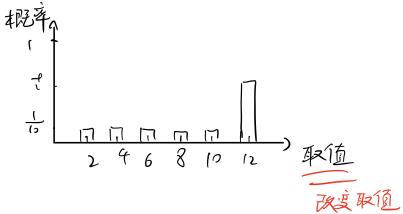


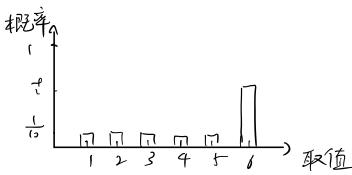
E[X] = 10 × 2+ 10 × 4+ ... + 10 × 10+ 2 × 12

FIXT代表各体均值, 新是一个数字

ETEX了代表样本均值,取样下次.

一)例:取样的次,理论上5次儿,基字各一次 字符本外 可能的公都是儿,那么以) = (2 所以后(X) 本身也是随机变量





$$E[t \times] = t_0 \times [t + t_0 \times 2 + \cdots + t_0 \times 5 +$$

$$\text{Var}(aX - bY)$$
= $\text{Cov}(aX - bY)$, (3)
= $\text{Cov}(aX, aX) + \text{Cov}(aX, -bY)$, (3)
+ $\text{Cov}(-bY, aX) + \text{Cov}(aX, -bY)$
+ $\text{Cov}(-bY, aX) + \text{Cov}(-bY, -bY)$, (4)
= $a^2 \text{Vax}$ - $ab \text{Cov}(X, Y)$
- $ab \text{Cov}(Y, X) + \text{Cb}(C-b) \text{Var}$, (3)
= $a^2 \text{Var}X - 2ab \text{Cov}(X, Y) + b^2 \text{Var}Y$, (2)

8.
$$\omega_{V}(X,Y) = ?$$

$$Von(x) = \frac{(x_1 - Mx)^2 + (x_2 - Mx)^2 + \cdots + (x_4 - Mx)^2}{4 - 1}$$

$$(OV(XY)) = \frac{(X_1 - M_X)(Y_1 - M_Y) + \cdots + (X_q - M_X)(Y_q - M_Y)}{4 - 1}$$

$$(9\sqrt{(x,Y)}) = \frac{\sum_{i}^{\infty} (x_{i'} - E \times)(Y_{i'} - E Y)}{n-1}$$

$$= \frac{z(x_i-\mu_x)(y_i-\mu_y)}{n} + \frac{z(x_i-\mu_x)(z_i-\mu_z)}{n}$$

$$= \omega(x,\tau) + \omega(x,\tau)$$

遂(抗(必有):

$$E[\alpha+bX+cY] = \alpha+bEX+CEY$$

 $Var(\alpha+bX-cY) = b^2 VarX + c^2 Var(Y)$
 $-2bc cox(X-Y)$