$$\frac{\partial AC}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial n} \left(AK \frac{\partial C}{\partial n} \right)$$

$$\frac{AC_{i}^{n+1} - AC_{i}^{n}}{\Delta t} = 0 \int \frac{Ak_{i+\frac{1}{2}}^{n+1} \left(\frac{\partial C}{\partial x}\right)_{i+\frac{1}{2}}^{n+1}}{\Delta n} - \frac{Ak_{i+\frac{1}{2}}^{n+1} \left(\frac{\partial C}{\partial x}\right)_{i+\frac{1}{2}}^{n+1}}{\Delta n}$$

$$(1-0) \left[\frac{Ak_{i+1/2}^{n}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left(\frac{\partial C}{\partial x} \right)_{i+1/2}^{n} - Ak_{i+1/2}^{n} \left(\frac{\partial C}{\partial x} \right)_{i+1/2}^{n} \right]$$

$$\Delta n$$

$$A, A^{n+1}$$

$$A_{i+\frac{1}{2}}, A_{i+\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$C^{n}$$

$$\Delta t, B, \Delta n$$

$$K_{i+\frac{1}{2}}, K_{i+\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} n \\ \pm \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} n+1 \\ c \\ -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$AR \frac{\partial C}{\partial n} / i \pm \frac{1}{2}$$
 $F_{i \pm \frac{1}{2}}$

For BC:

=>
$$F$$
Boundary = $Ak \times \frac{\partial C}{\partial x}$
 k_{nown}
 k_{nown}

Page 2

I Mid row

$$AC_{i}^{n+l} - \frac{\partial At}{\Delta x} F_{i+l_{2}} + \frac{\partial At}{\Delta n} F_{i-l_{2}} = AC_{i} + \frac{At(1-8)}{\Delta x} \left[\frac{F_{i+l_{2}}}{F_{i+l_{2}}} - F_{i-l_{2}} \right]$$

rhs

$$A_{i} - \frac{\Theta \Delta^{\dagger}}{\Delta n^{2}} \left(A_{i+1/2}^{n+1} - A_{i-1/2}^{n+1} \right)$$

$$C_{i} \qquad C_{i+1/2} \qquad C_{i-1/2}$$

$$C_{i+1} - C_{i} \qquad C_{i-1/2}$$

$$\frac{-\Theta\Delta t}{\Delta x^{2}} \frac{Ak!}{i-\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{Ak!}{\Delta x^{2}} \frac{Ak!}{Ak!} + \frac{Ak!}{\Delta x^{2}} \frac{Ak!}{i+\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{Ak!}{\Delta x^{2}} \frac{Ak!}{i+\frac{1}{2}} \right) \left(\frac{Ak!}{\Delta x^{2}} \frac{Ak!}{\Delta x^{2}} \frac{Ak!}{i+\frac{1}{2}} \right) \left(\frac{Ak!}{\Delta x^{2}} \frac{Ak!}{\Delta x^{2}} \frac{Ak!}{\Delta x^{2}} \frac{Ak!}{\Delta x^{2}} \right) \left(\frac{Ak!}{\Delta x^{2}} \frac{Ak!}{\Delta x^{2}} \frac{Ak!}{\Delta x^{2}} \frac{Ak!}{\Delta x^{2}} \right) \left(\frac{Ak!}{\Delta x^{2}} \frac{Ak!}{\Delta x^$$

=
$$AC_i^n + \Delta + (1-0)/F_{i+1/2}^n - F_{i-1/2}^n$$

= $AC_i^n + \Delta + (1-0)/F_{i+1/2}^n - F_{i-1/2}^n$

= $AC_i^n + \Delta + (1-0)/F_{i+1/2}^n - F_{i-1/2}$

Page4

Prost row:

$$AC_{1}^{n+1} = \frac{\theta \Delta t}{\Delta x} \frac{r_{1}}{r_{2}} + \frac{\theta \Delta t}{\Delta x} \frac{2AK}{\Delta x} \left(C_{1} - C_{2}^{n} \right) = \frac{r_{1}}{r_{2}}$$

$$AC_{1}^{n+1} = \frac{\theta \Delta t}{\Delta x} \left(\frac{r_{1}}{r_{2}} + \frac{r_{1}}{r_{2}} \right) = \frac{r_{1}}{r_{2}}$$

$$AC_{1}^{n+1} = \frac{\theta \Delta t}{\Delta x} \left(\frac{AK}{3} \left(\frac{r_{2}}{r_{2}} - \frac{r_{1}}{r_{2}} \right) \right) = \frac{2AK}{r_{2}} \left(\frac{r_{1}}{r_{2}} - \frac{r_{1}}{r_{2}} \right) = \frac{r_{1}}{r_{2}} \left(\frac{r_{1}}{r_{2}} - \frac{r_{1}}{r_{2}} \right) = \frac{r_{1}}{r_{2}$$

I note for Eli In Dirichlet BC 1 assumed We know the volve of c at the edge (C) = Known Cm+/2 = Knewn) (m is 10) $AC_{m}^{n+1} - \frac{\Theta_{\Delta t}}{\Delta x} F_{10+\frac{1}{2}}^{n+1} + \frac{\Theta_{\Delta t}}{\Delta x} F_{10-\frac{1}{2}}^{n+1} = AC_{m} + \frac{\Delta t(1-\Theta)}{\Delta x^{2}} F_{10+\frac{1}{2}}^{n-1} - F_{10+\frac{1}{2}}^{n+1}$ $AC_{10}^{1+1} = \frac{\partial \Delta t}{\partial x^{2}} \frac{Ak}{10+1/2} \left(\frac{C_{x} - C_{10}^{n+1}}{10} \right) + \frac{\partial \Delta t}{\Delta x^{2}} \frac{Ak}{10-1/2} \left(\frac{C_{x} - C_{10}^{n+1}}{10} \right) = \frac{1}{10}$ AC + A+ (1-0) [F - F10-12] $\frac{2Ak_{10+1/2}\left[\binom{n}{k}-\binom{n}{0}\right]}{\Delta x}$

 $AC_{10}^{n} + \frac{\Delta f(1-\theta)}{\Delta x^{2}} \left[F_{10} + \frac{F}{2} - F_{10} + \frac{2 \Theta \Delta f}{2} A K C_{x} \right] + \frac{2 \Theta \Delta f}{\Delta x^{2}} A K C_{x}$ I) I think we may Make_diffusive_flox inside explicit_diffusion_operator Right hand side is not only a function of explicit-diffuse-op in case of Dirichlet boundary Condition, do we need change in the structure? How we should impose D_BC?

Page 7