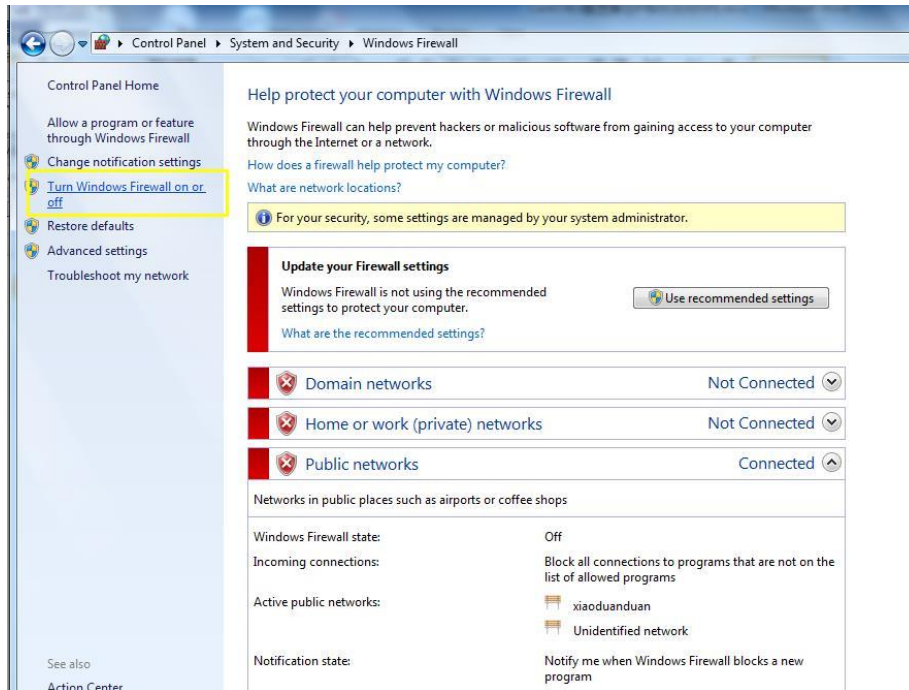


CentOS6.5 配置静态 IP 和可访问外网

1.关闭 Windos7 防火墙



2.关闭 CentOS6.5 防火墙

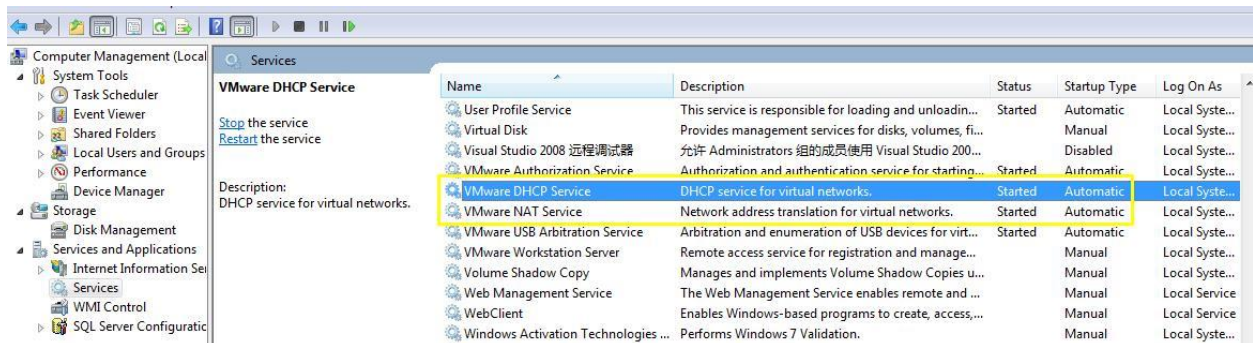
```
# service iptables stop
```

```
# chkconfig iptables off
```

3.开启两个服务

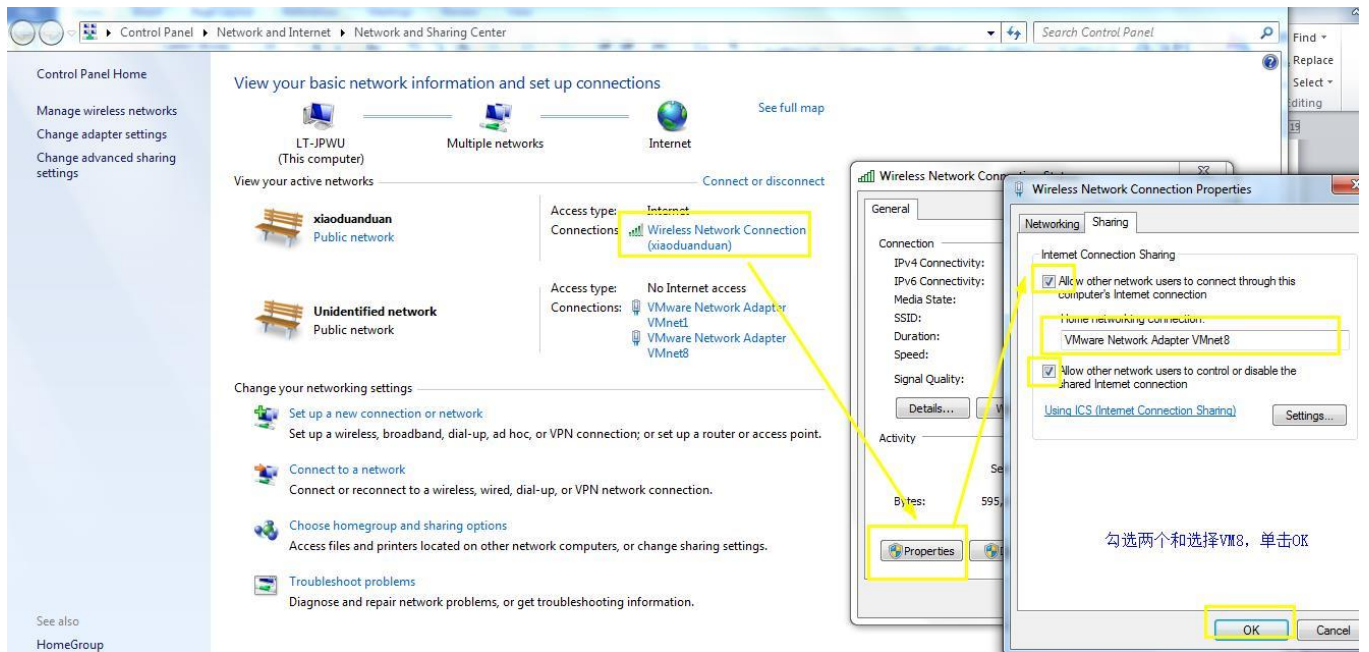
VMware DHCP Service

VMware NAT Service



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4.无线网卡的网络(或者插网线的网络)上设置网络共享, 选择 VM8



5.使用 ipconfig -all 命令查看 DNS、IPv4 等信息

```
Wireless LAN adapter Wireless Network Connection:

Connection-specific DNS Suffix . : 
Description . . . . . : Dell Wireless 1504 802.11b/g/n (2.4GHz)
Physical Address. . . . . : 1C-3E-84-65-33-60
DHCP Enabled. . . . . : Yes
Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . . : Yes
Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::ec17:90ca:b627:9a00%11(Preferred)
IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.5.54(Preferred)
Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
Lease Obtained. . . . . : 2016年12月21日 14:03:28
Lease Expires . . . . . : 2016年12月22日 14:03:28
Default Gateway . . . . . : 192.168.5.1
DHCP Server . . . . . : 192.168.5.1
DHCPv6 IAID . . . . . : 236732036
DHCPv6 Client DUID. . . . . : 00-01-00-01-1D-63-06-8E-F0-1F-AF-0B-11-09

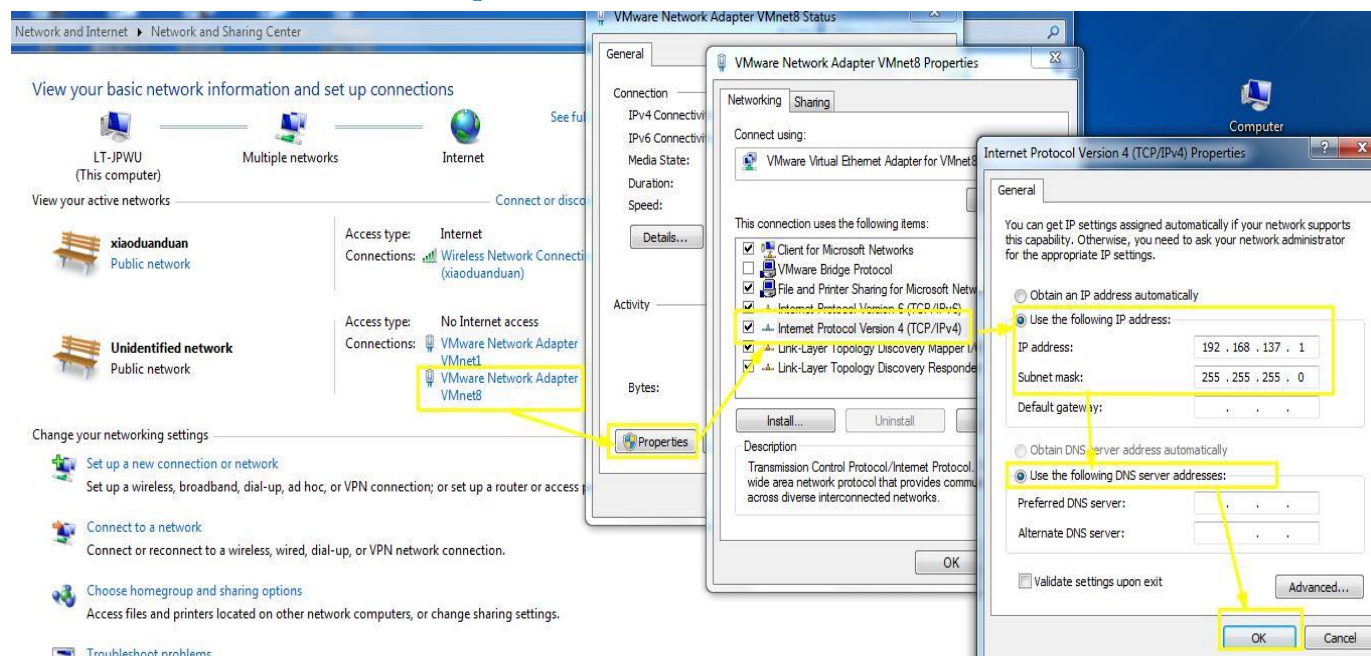
DNS Servers . . . . . : 192.168.5.1
半:

Ethernet adapter VMware Network Adapter VMnet8:

Connection-specific DNS Suffix . : 
Description . . . . . : VMware Virtual Ethernet Adapter for VMnet
8
Physical Address. . . . . : 00-50-56-C0-00-08
DHCP Enabled. . . . . : No
Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . . : Yes
Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::1065:a61c:d024:125c%18(Preferred)
IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.137.1(Preferred)
Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
Default Gateway . . . . . : 
DHCPv6 IAID . . . . . : 503337046
DHCPv6 Client DUID. . . . . : 00-01-00-01-1D-63-06-8E-F0-1F-AF-0B-11-09

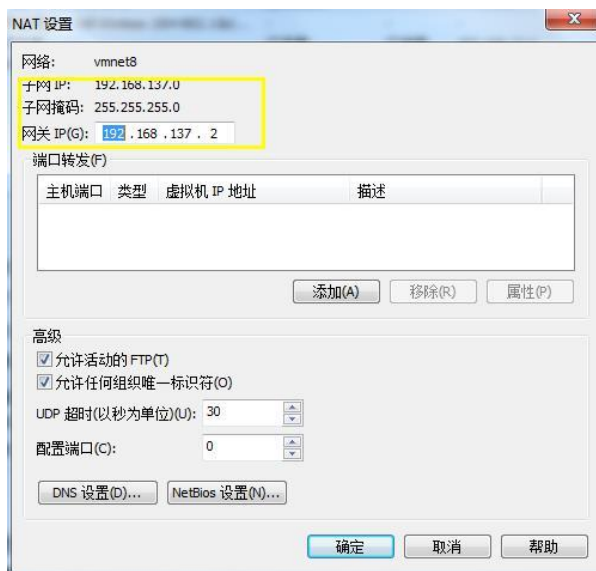
DNS Servers . . . . . : fec0:0:0:ffff::1%1
                       : fec0:0:0:ffff::2%1
                       : fec0:0:0:ffff::3%1
NetBIOS over Tcpip. . . . . : Enabled
```

6.配置 VM8 的选择 使用配置 ip

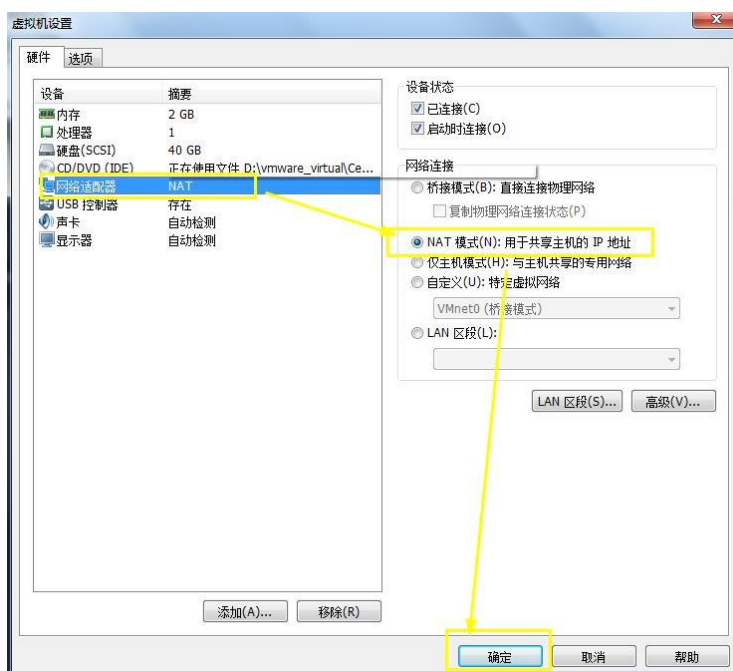
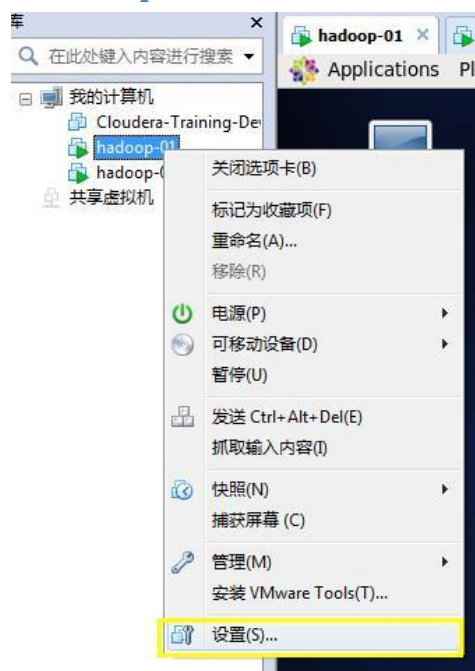


7.进入 vm10,单击菜单栏的编辑-->虚拟网络编辑器





8.hadoop-01 配置 NAT 网络



9.进入 hadoop-01,编辑 ifcfg-eth0

`vi /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth0`

```
[root@hadoop-01 ~]# vi /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth0
DEVICE=eth0
HWADDR=00:0C:29:CA:90:C9
TYPE=Ethernet
UUID=b335db0b-bb7e-46b0-a95b-42f13ea4913a
ONBOOT=yes
NM_CONTROLLED=no
BOOTPROTO="static"
IPADDR=192.168.137.130
NETMASK=255.255.255.0
GATEWAY=192.168.137.2
DNS1=192.168.5.1
```

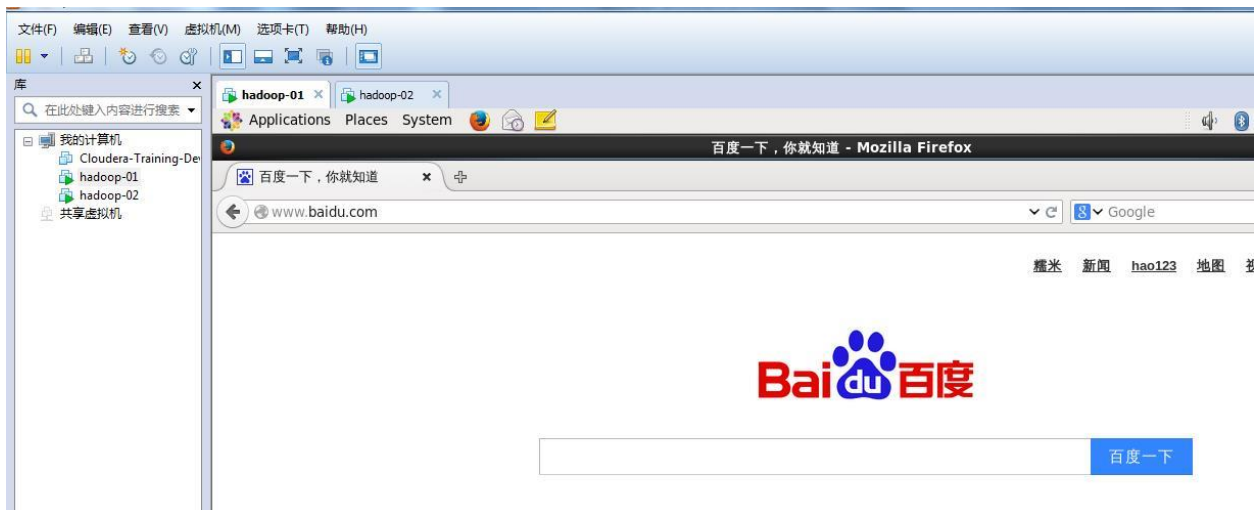
10. 进入 hadoop-01,重启网络

执行命令：service network restart

```
[root@hadoop-01 ~]# service network restart
Shutting down interface eth0: [ OK ]
Shutting down loopback interface: [ OK ]
Bringing up loopback interface: [ OK ]
Bringing up interface eth0: Determining if ip address 192.168.137.130 is already in use for device eth0... [ OK ]

[root@hadoop-01 ~]#
```

11. 进入 hadoop-01,检查网络



#直接 ping -c 3 www.baidu.com 无效，但不影响 yum,wget 命令的使用

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