

## Research Areas

Interactive Data Analysis, Query Processing/Optimization, Cloud Database, Transaction Processing

## Employment

2021-present     Postdoc Researcher - University of California, Berkeley  
Advisor: Aditya G. Parameswaran

## Education

2015-2020     Ph.D. in Computer Science - University of Chicago  
Advisor: Aaron J. Elmore

2011-2014     M.S. in Computer Science - Institute of Computing Technology, Chinese Academy of Sciences  
Advisor: Wei Li

2007-2011     B.S. in Software Engineering - Huazhong University of Science & Technology

## Recent Publications

- Flexible Rule-Based Decomposition and Metadata Independence in Modin: A Parallel Dataframe System  
Devin Petersohn\*, **Dixin Tang**\*, Rehan Durrani, Areg Melik-Adamyany, Joseph E. Gonzalez, Anthony D. Joseph, Aditya G. Parameswaran  
**VLDB 2022** (\*Equal contribution)
- Lux: Always-on Visualization Recommendations for Exploratory Dataframe Workflows  
Doris Jung-Lin Lee, **Dixin Tang**, Kunal Agarwal, Thyne Boonmark, Caitlyn Chen, Jake Kang, Ujjaini Mukhopadhyay, Jerry Song, Micah Yong, Marti A. Hearst, Aditya G. Parameswaran  
**VLDB 2022**
- Enhancing the Interactivity of Dataframe Queries by Leveraging Think Time  
Doris Xin, Devin Petersohn, **Dixin Tang**, Yifan Wu, Joseph E. Gonzalez, Joseph M. Hellerstein, Anthony D. Joseph, Aditya G. Parameswaran  
**IEEE Data Eng. Bull. 2021**
- Resource-efficient Shared Query Execution via Exploiting Time Slackness  
**Dixin Tang**, Zechao Shang, William Ma, Aaron J. Elmore, Sanjay Krishnan  
**SIGMOD 2021**
- CIAO: An Optimization Framework for Client-Assisted Data Loading  
Cong Ding, **Dixin Tang**, Xi Liang, Aaron J. Elmore, Sanjay Krishnan  
**ICDE 2021, Short Paper**
- CrocodileDB in Action: Resource-Efficient Query Execution by Exploiting Time Slackness  
**Dixin Tang**, Zechao Shang, Aaron J. Elmore, Sanjay Krishnan, Michael J. Franklin  
**VLDB 2020, Demo**
- Thrifty Query Execution via Incrementability  
**Dixin Tang**, Zechao Shang, Aaron J. Elmore, Sanjay Krishnan, Michael J. Franklin  
**SIGMOD 2020**
- CrocodileDB: Efficient Database Execution through Intelligent Deferment  
Zechao Shang, Xi Liang, **Dixin Tang**, Cong Ding, Aaron J. Elmore, Sanjay Krishnan, Michael J. Franklin  
**CIDR 2020**

- Intermittent Query Processing  
**Dixin Tang**, Zechao Shang, Aaron J. Elmore, Sanjay Krishnan, Michael J. Franklin  
**VLDB 2019**
- Socrates: The New SQL Server in the Cloud  
Panagiotis Antonopoulos, Alex Budovski, Cristian Diaconu, Alejandro Hernandez Saenz, Jack Hu, Hanuma Kodavalla, Donald Kossmann, Umar Farooq Minhas, Naveen Prakash, Hugh Qu, Chaitanya Sreenivas Ravella, Krystyna Reisteter, Sheetal Shrotri, **Dixin Tang**, Vikram Wakade  
**SIGMOD 2019**
- Toward Coordination-free and Reconfigurable Mixed Concurrency Control  
**Dixin Tang**, Aaron J. Elmore  
**USENIX'ATC 2018**
- Adaptive Concurrency Control: Despite the Looking Glass, One Concurrency Control Does Not Fit All  
**Dixin Tang**, Hao Jiang, Aaron J. Elmore  
**CIDR 2017**

## Earlier Publications

- A Case Study of Optimizing Big Data Analytical Stacks Using Structured Data Shuffling  
**Dixin Tang**, Taoying Liu, Rubao Lee, Hong Liu, Wei Li  
**BigData Congress 2016**
- SparkArray: An Array-Based Scientific Data Management System Built on Apache Spark  
Wenjuan Wang, Taoying Liu, **Dixin Tang**, Hong Liu, Wei Li, Rubao Lee  
**NAS 2016**
- A Case Study of Optimizing Big Data Analytical Stacks Using Structured Data Shuffling  
**Dixin Tang**, Taoying Liu, Rubao Lee, Hong Liu, Wei Li  
**CLUSTER 2015, Short Paper**
- RHJoin: A Fast and Space-efficient Join Method for Log Processing in MapReduce  
**Dixin Tang**, Taoying Liu, Hong Liu, Wei Li  
**ICPADS 2014**
- Optimizing the Join Operation on Hive to Accelerate Cross-Matching in Astronomy  
Liang Li, **Dixin Tang**, Taoying Liu, Hong Liu, Wei Li, Chenzhou Cui  
**IPDPS Workshops 2014**

## Industrial Experience

- **Internship at Microsoft Research** June 2018-Sep. 2018  
Project: Benchmarking Socrates Mentor: Umar Farooq Minhas  
Socrates is a new cloud-native database that decouples computation from storage. My internship job is to test the new database architecture of Socrates in the industrial setting, understand its performance bottlenecks, and propose optimization opportunities.

## Recent Research Projects

- **Dataspread: A Scalable Spreadsheet System** Jan. 2021-Present  
Spreadsheets have found ubiquitous use by scientists, business and financial analysts, researchers, and lay users. However, spreadsheets cannot express complex operations (e.g., joins), cannot handle large datasets, do not support collaboration, and foster errors, redundancy, and stale data. On the other hand, relational databases are well-known to be powerful and scalable, but are not flexible, intuitive, and interactive. DataSpread addresses these limitations by holistically unifying spread-sheets with databases: preserving spreadsheets as the front-end, and databases as the back-end.

- **Modin: A Scalable Dataframe System**

Dataframes have become universally popular as a means to flexibly represent data in various stages of structure, and manipulate it using a rich set of operators—thereby becoming an essential tool in the data scientists’ toolbox. However, dataframe systems, such as pandas, scale poorly—and are non-interactive on moderate to large datasets. We develop Modin to address this scalability problem and maintain the familiar pandas APIs for data scientists.

Jan. 2021-Present
- **Lux: Always-on Visualization Recommendations for Exploratory Data Science**

Exploratory data science largely happens in computational notebooks with dataframe API, such as pandas, that support flexible means to transform, clean, and analyze data. Yet, visually exploring data in dataframes remains tedious, requiring substantial programming effort for visualization and mental effort to determine what analysis to perform next. We propose Lux, an *always-on* framework for accelerating visual insight discovery in data science workflows. When users print a dataframe in their notebooks, Lux recommends visualizations to provide a quick overview of the patterns and trends and suggests promising analysis directions.

Jan. 2021-Present
- **CrocodileDB: Resource-efficient Database Execution**

CrocodileDB is a new database for processing dynamic datasets (e.g. streaming tuples). It exploits intelligent deferment to achieve low resource consumption and high query performance at the same time. In CrocodileDB, users can trade-off between resource consumption and query performance by specifying a maximally allowed time slackness between the data is ready and the corresponding query result is available to users. Our system integrates the slackness constraints along with information about new data and query structures into the query optimizer to unlock new resource-efficient query execution plans.

July 2019-Mar. 2021
- **Incrementability-aware Shared Query Execution**

This project studies shared execution across standing queries that access the same data, but have different performance requirements. Shared execution eliminates redundant work across queries to reduce computing resources. However, the shared plan needs to meet the highest performance requirement (i.e. the lowest query latency), which forces some participating standing queries to run more eagerly. Eager incremental executions increase total work which may offset the benefits of shared execution. This project considers the two factors together and finds efficient query plans that reduce redundant work across concurrent queries and also avoid the cost of eager incremental executions.

Mar. 2020-Mar. 2021
- **Client-assisted Data Loading**

Data loading is a time-consuming process. We study lazily loading data to make data available earlier, but not heavily sacrifice query performance. We redesign the data loading process by actively pushing predicates of prospective queries into the clients (e.g. edge devices) to generate bit-vectors that indicate whether a tuple is valid for a predicate. These bit vectors are used to partially load data that is most frequently accessed by prospective queries. When queries access unloaded data, the system uses the bit-vectors as an index to accelerate the query execution by skipping irrelevant tuples.

July 2019-Dec. 2020
- **Incrementability-aware Query Processing**

This project studies how to efficiently maintain non-positive standing queries. While starting a query early and incrementally maintain the query result can reduce the query latency, it increases total query work (i.e. CPU cycles), especially when the database eagerly maintains non-positive queries, because output tuples in earlier executions may be removed by later executions. Observing that incremental executions for different parts of a query increase different amounts of total work for the same reduced latency, We define a metric, *incrementability* to quantify the cost-effectiveness of incremental executions. Our system leverages this metric to decide the execution frequencies of different parts of a query, which is optimized to reduce total query work and also achieve low query latency.

Mar. 2019-June 2020
- **Intermittent Query Processing**

Dec. 2017-Sep. 2019

This project studies how to maintain a standing query over an incomplete data set with the remaining data arriving in an intermittent, yet predictable way. To process this data arrival pattern, we propose *Intermittent Query Processing* (IQP) that does not keep the query active all the time but releases some memory resources when there is no data to process. When the query has no data to process, IQP leverages the information about incoming data to selectively keeps a subset of intermediate states that are most useful for processing new data within a memory budget. Therefore, IQP achieves low latency of updating query results with limited memory consumption.

- **Adaptive Concurrency Control for Main-memory Database** Sep. 2015-Nov. 2017  
We build a main-memory database that supports adaptively mixing multiple forms of concurrency control with minimal overhead. This system decomposes the workload into partitions and selects a concurrency control protocol for each partition of workload that the protocol is optimized for, and during workload changes adaptively reconfigures the protocols online. The experiments show that this approach has a higher throughput than the single best protocol under workload changes.

## Earlier Projects

- **Structured Data Shuffling for Big Data Analytical Stacks** Nov. 2013-Jan. 2015  
We build a structured data shuffling procedure that can leverage the semantics of SQL queries to apply efficient compression algorithms and discard unnecessary data during data shuffling.
- **A Fast and Space-efficient Join Method for Log Processing in MapReduce** Sep. 2012-Nov. 2013  
We design a join method that achieves high query performance with a small extra storage cost for log processing. It shuffles the log table to avoid huge storage consumption and optimizes the shuffle procedure to achieve high query performance.

## Professional Services

Program Committee: SIGMOD'22

Reviewer: IEEE VIS'21

## Honors & Awards

2018	USENIX ATC'18 Student Travel Grant
2016	University Unrestricted (UU) Fellowship - The University of Chicago
2016	CERES 1st year Graduate Research Award - The University of Chicago

## Teaching Assistant

Fall 2015	MPCS 51040 - C programming
Spring 2016	MPCS 52040 - Distributed Systems
Winter 2017	CMSC 23500 - Introduction to Database
Winter 2018	CMSC 23500 - Introduction to Database
Winter 2019	CMSC 23500 - Introduction to Database
Winter 2020	CMSC 23500 - Introduction to Database

## Referees

**Name** Aditya G. Parameswaran  
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