

# Rust Compilation Optimization with sccache

---

## Overview

We've optimized Rust compilation performance by integrating **sccache** (Shared Compilation Cache) into both local development and CI/CD pipelines. This significantly reduces build times for Rust projects.

## What is sccache?

**sccache** is a distributed compiler cache developed by Mozilla. It caches compiled Rust artifacts (`.rlib` files, object files, etc.) so that identical compilation units don't need to be recompiled.

## Performance Improvements

### Expected Speedups

- **First build:** 20-30% faster (from pre-compiled common dependencies in Docker image)
- **Subsequent builds:** **50-70% faster** (from sccache cache hits)
- **CI builds:** **40-60% faster** (from cached dependencies + sccache)

## Why Rust Compilation Was Slow

1. `tokio = { features = ["full"] }` - Enabled ALL tokio features, pulling in unnecessary dependencies
2. **Heavy dependencies** - `solana-sdk`, `anchor-client`, `sqlx`, `axum` are large crates
3. **No caching** - Every build recompiled everything from scratch
4. **Multiple services** - Each service recompiled the same dependencies independently

## What We Changed

### 1. Local Development Setup

**Installed sccache:**

```
cargo install sccache --locked
```

**Created `~/.cargo/config.toml`:**

```
[build]
rustc-wrapper = "sccache"
incremental = true

[net]
git-fetch-with-cli = true

[target.x86_64-apple-darwin]
linker = "cc"
```

### 2. Docker Golden Image (`Dockerfile.act-ci`)

**Added sccache installation:**

- Installed sccache during Docker image build
- Configured Cargo to use sccache automatically
- Pre-compiled common dependencies (tokio, anchor-client, solana-sdk, etc.) to warm up the cache

**Key optimizations:**

- sccache caches compiled artifacts across builds
- Pre-compiled dependencies reduce first-build time
- Cargo configured for incremental compilation

## How It Works

1. **First compilation:** sccache compiles and stores artifacts in cache
2. **Subsequent compilations:** sccache checks cache first
  - **Cache hit:** Returns cached artifact instantly (no compilation)
  - **Cache miss:** Compiles normally and stores result

## Cache Location

- **Local:** `~/Library/Caches/Mozilla.sccache` (macOS) or `~/.cache/sccache` (Linux)
- **CI:** Uses GitHub Actions cache for persistence across runs

## Monitoring

Check sccache statistics:

```
sccache --show-stats
```

Example output:

```
Compile requests           150
Compile requests executed   50
Cache hits                 100
Cache misses                50
Cache hits rate            66.67%
```

## Best Practices

### For Local Development

1. **Keep sccache running:** It runs automatically via Cargo config
2. **Monitor cache size:** Default limit is 10GB
3. **Clear cache if needed:** `sccache --stop-server && sccache --start-server`

### For CI/CD

- Golden image includes sccache pre-configured
- GitHub Actions cache preserves sccache data between runs
- Pre-compiled dependencies speed up first builds

## Future Optimizations

1. **Replace** `tokio = { features = ["full"] }` with minimal feature set:

```
tokio = { version = "1.35", features = ["rt-multi-thread", "net", "io-util", "time", "macros"] }
```

This can reduce tokio compile time by 50-70%.

2. **Use workspace Cargo.toml** to share dependencies across services
3. **Consider mold/zld linker** for faster linking (local development)

## References

- [sccache GitHub](#)
- [Cargo Configuration](#)
- [Rust Compilation Performance](#)