

Graded Quiz: Monitoring and Optimization

1. Reactive monitoring of a database is done after an issue occurs. What is a common situation for when reactive monitoring happens?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Renaming a database
- ☒ Database security breach
- ☐ Wrong database information
- ☐ Database merge

✓ **Correct**

Correct. The most common situation when reactive monitoring occurs is when database security has been breached.

2. Proactive monitoring is used to prevent reactive monitoring. How is proactive monitoring usually done?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Manual tests
- ☒ Automated processes
- ☐ Log files
- ☐ Database comparison

✓ **Correct**

3. There are several main types of database indexes. Which type can use non-unique values?

1 / 1 point

- ☒ Secondary
- ☐ Dense
- ☐ Primary
- ☐ Multilevel

✓ **Correct**

Correct. A secondary index may use values that are not unique, like employee names.

4. What does the “locked objects” metric show?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Queries that can't be completed.
- ☐ Physical storage that cannot currently be accessed
- ☐ Inactive users
- ☒ Processes that have been locked

✓ **Correct**

Correct. This metric displays detailed information about any locked processes and the process that blocked them.

5. Which of the following is not a utility or command for optimizing a database?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ OPTIMIZE TABLE
- ☐ RUNSTATS and REORG
- ☐ VACUUM and REINDEX
- ☒ MAKEDB and CATEGORY

✓ **Correct**

Correct. VACUUM and REINDEX, OPTIMIZE TABLE, RUN STATS and REORG are the commands for optimizing the database.