## **Graded Quiz: Security and User Management**

1.	The OS for database servers must be secure. Which of the following methods that the video recommends, involves vulnerabilities?	1/1 point
	Hardened	
	Firewall implementation	
	O Regular patching	
	○ Access monitoring	
	<ul> <li>Correct         Correct. You should ensure your database server OS is hardened using a known configuration to reduce vulnerabilities.     </li> </ul>	
2.	When an RDBMS doesn't support user groups, how can you define groups?	1/1 point
	O Alias accounts	
	Map to OS groups	
	O Additional user accounts	
	Map to user initials	
	<b>⊘</b> Correct	
3.	Using SQL commands, how can you remove database permissions from a user, group, or role?	1/1 point
	O Eliminate connect	
	O Cancel connect	
	Revoke connect	
	O Delete connect	
	<ul> <li>Correct</li> <li>Correct. The revoke connect to "user, group, or role" revokes permissions to databases.</li> </ul>	
4.	• Why should you audit failed attempts to access databases?	1/1 point
	O Add security levels	
	O Identify unauthorized users	
	O Test database security	
	Identify potential attacks	
	<ul> <li>Correct</li> <li>Correct. Tracking failed attempts to access databases can help you identify potential attacks, like brute force attempts.</li> </ul>	

5.	Which of the following is true of asymmetric encryption?	1/1 point
	○ Key is shared with all users	
	O DES is an exampleof asymmetric encryption	
	Uses two keys: one public, one private	
	O Is more susceptible to compromise than symmetric encryption	