

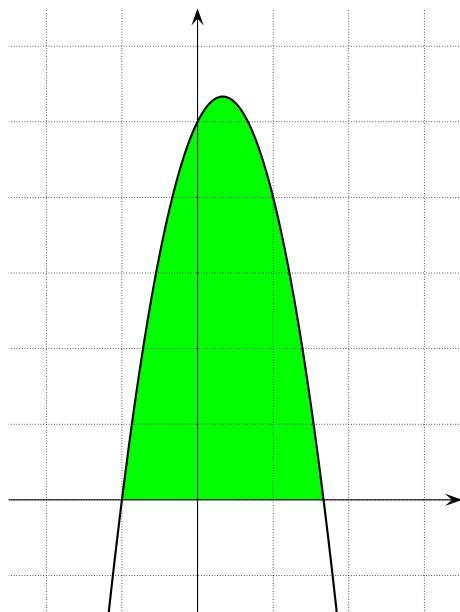
11.5

1) Résolvons $f(x) = -3x^2 + 2x + 5 = 0$:

$$\Delta = 2^2 - 4 \cdot (-3) \cdot 5 = 64 = 8^2$$

$$x_1 = \frac{-2+8}{2 \cdot (-3)} = -1 \quad x_2 = \frac{-2-8}{2 \cdot (-3)} = \frac{5}{3}$$

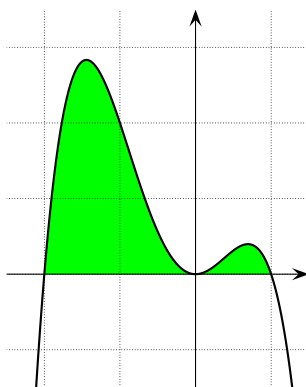
$$f \quad \begin{array}{c} - \quad -1 \quad + \quad \frac{5}{3} \quad - \\ \hline \end{array}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-1}^{\frac{5}{3}} (-3x^2 + 2x + 5) dx &= -x^3 + x^2 + 5x \Big|_{-1}^{\frac{5}{3}} = \\ &= \left(-\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^2 + 5 \cdot \frac{5}{3} \right) - \left(-(-1)^3 + (-1)^2 + 5 \cdot (-1) \right) = \\ &= \left(-\frac{125}{27} + \frac{25}{9} + \frac{25}{3} \right) - (1 + 1 - 5) = \frac{175}{27} - (-3) = \frac{256}{27} \end{aligned}$$

2) $f(x) = 2x^2 - x^3 - x^4 = -x^2(x^2 + x - 2) = -x^2(x+2)(x-1)$

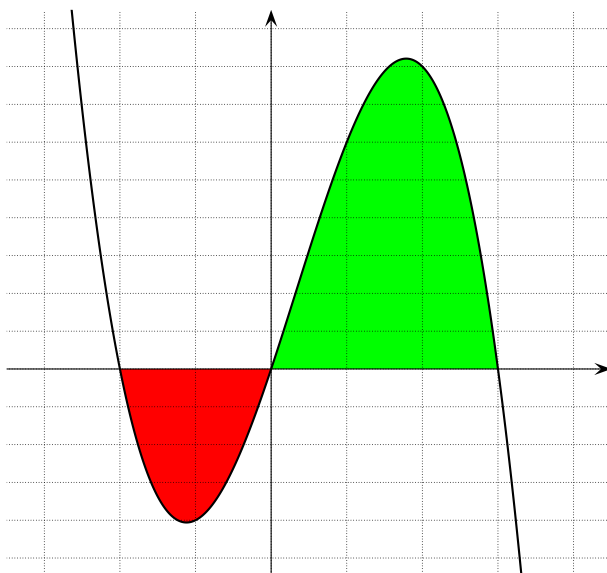
	-1	-2	0	1	
x^2	+	+	0	+	+
$x+2$	-	0	+	+	+
$x-1$	-	-	-	0	+
f	-	0	+	0	-



$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-2}^1 (2x^2 - x^3 - x^4) dx &= \left. \frac{2}{3}x^3 - \frac{1}{4}x^4 - \frac{1}{5}x^5 \right|_{-2}^1 = \\ &= \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 1^3 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot 1^4 - \frac{1}{5} \cdot 1^5 \right) - \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot (-2)^3 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot (-2)^4 - \frac{1}{5} \cdot (-2)^5 \right) = \\ &= \left(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{5} \right) - \left(-\frac{16}{3} - 4 + \frac{32}{5} \right) = \frac{13}{60} - \left(-\frac{44}{15} \right) = \frac{63}{20} \end{aligned}$$

$$3) f(x) = 6x + x^2 - x^3 = -x(x^2 - x - 6) = -x(x+2)(x-3)$$

$-x$	-2		0	3	
	$+$	$+$	0	$-$	$-$
$x+2$	$-$	0	$+$	$+$	$+$
$x-3$	$-$	$-$	$-$	0	$+$
f	$+$	0	$-$	0	$-$



$$\begin{aligned} &= - \int_{-2}^0 (6x + x^2 - x^3) dx + \int_0^3 (6x + x^2 - x^3) dx = \\ &= - \left(3x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 - \frac{1}{4}x^4 \right) \Big|_{-2}^0 + \left(3x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 - \frac{1}{4}x^4 \right) \Big|_0^3 = \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(\left(3 \cdot 0 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 0^3 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot 0^4 \right) - \left(3 \cdot (-2)^2 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot (-2)^3 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot (-2)^4 \right) \right) \\
& + \left(\left(3 \cdot 3^2 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^3 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot 3^4 \right) - \left(3 \cdot 0 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 0^3 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot 0^4 \right) \right) = \\
& - \left((0 + 0 - 0) - \left(12 - \frac{8}{3} - 4 \right) \right) + \left((27 + 9 - \frac{81}{4}) - (0 + 0 - 0) \right) = \\
& - \left(0 - \frac{16}{3} \right) + \left(\frac{63}{4} - 0 \right) = - \left(-\frac{16}{3} \right) + \frac{63}{4} = \frac{253}{12}
\end{aligned}$$