- 3.3 Soient  $(u_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}, (v_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$  et  $(w_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$  des suites réelles. Soient  $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}$ .
  - 1) (a)  $((u_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} + (v_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}) + (w_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} =$   $(u_n + v_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} + (w_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} =$   $((u_n + v_n) + w_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} =$   $(u_n + (v_n + w_n))_{n\in\mathbb{N}} =$   $(u_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} + (v_n + w_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} =$   $(u_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} + ((v_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} + (w_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}})$ 
    - (b) Considérons la suite  $(z_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$  définie par  $z_n=0$  pour tout  $n\in\mathbb{N}$ .  $(u_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}+(z_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}=(u_n+z_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}=(u_n+0)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}=(u_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$  $(z_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}+(u_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}=(z_n+u_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}=(0+u_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}=(u_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$
    - (c)  $(u_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} + (-u_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} = (u_n + (-u_n))_{n\in\mathbb{N}} = (0)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} = (z_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$
    - (d)  $(u_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} + (v_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} = (u_n + v_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} = (v_n + u_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} = (v_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} + (u_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$
  - 2) (a)  $\alpha \cdot (\beta \cdot (u_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}) = \alpha \cdot (\beta u_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} = (\alpha (\beta u_n))_{n \in \mathbb{N}} = ((\alpha \beta) u_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} = (\alpha \beta) \cdot (u_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ 
    - (b)  $(\alpha + \beta) \cdot (u_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} = ((\alpha + \beta) u_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} = (\alpha u_n + \beta u_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} = (\alpha u_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} + (\beta u_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} = \alpha \cdot (u_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} + \beta \cdot (u_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$
    - (c)  $\alpha \cdot ((u_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} + (v_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}) = \alpha \cdot (u_n + v_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} = (\alpha (u_n + v_n))_{n \in \mathbb{N}} = (\alpha u_n + \alpha v_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} = (\alpha u_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} + (\alpha v_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} = \alpha \cdot (u_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} + \alpha \cdot (v_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$
    - (d)  $1 \cdot (u_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} = (1 \cdot u_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} = (u_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$