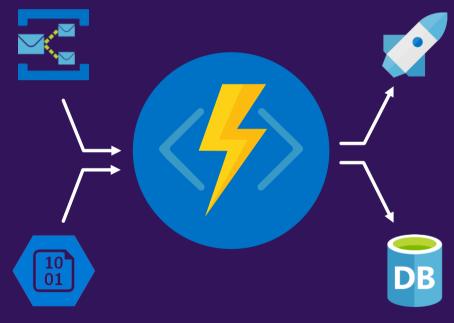
# Serverless Compute with Azure Functions

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# Serverless Computing

Serverless computing is an <u>event-driven</u> application design and deployment paradigm in which computing resources are provided as scalable <u>cloud services</u>.

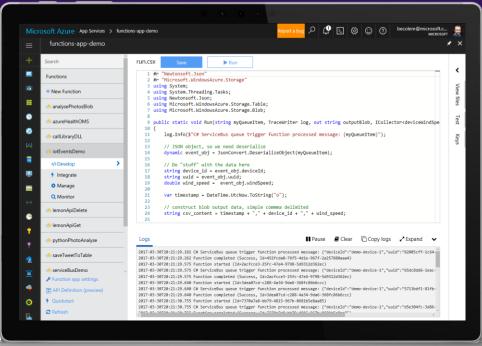
In a serverless computing deployment, the cloud customer only pays for service usage; there is never any cost associated with idle time.

Code

Events + data



# **Azure Functions**



Serverless compute

aka "Function as a Service"

Trigger on events & external services / feeds

Pay only per execution

Choice of languages

Open source runtime runs anywhere

## Common Use Cases

- REST APIs
- Integration logic and "glue"
- Scheduled tasks & app maintenance jobs
- Data ingestion / transform
- Monitoring / watchdogs
- Manage alerts
- Auto Scaling

#### Timer-based processing

Azure Functions supports an event based on a timer using Cron job syntax. For example, execute code that runs every 15 minutes and clean up a database table based on custom business logic.



#### Azure service event processing

Azure Functions supports triggering an event based on an activity in an Azure service. For example, execute serverless code that reads newly discovered test log files in an Azure Blob storage container, and transform this into a row in an Azure SQL Database table.

C# Azure Function for reacting to Azure Insights Events >



#### SaaS event processing

Azure Functions supports triggers based on activity in a SaaS service. For example, save a file in OneDrive, which triggers a function that uses the Microsoft Graph API to modify the spreadsheet, and creates additional charts and calculated data.



#### Serverless web application architectures

Azure Functions can power a single-page app. The app calls functions using the WebHook URL, saves user data, and decides what data to display. Or, do simple customizations, such as changing ad targeting by calling a function and passing it user profile information.



#### Serverless mobile back ends

A mobile back end can be a set of HTTP APIs that are called from a mobile client using the WebHook URL. For example, a mobile application can capture an image, and then call an Azure Function to get an access token for uploading to blob storage A second Azure Function is triggered by the blob upload and resizes the image to be mobile-friendly.

Node, is Azure Function for generating SAS tokens > C# Azure Function for generating SAS tokens >



#### Real-time stream processing

For example, Internet of Things (IoT) devices send messages to Azure Stream Analytics, which then calls an Azure Function to transform the message. This function processes the data and creates a new record in an Azure SQL database.



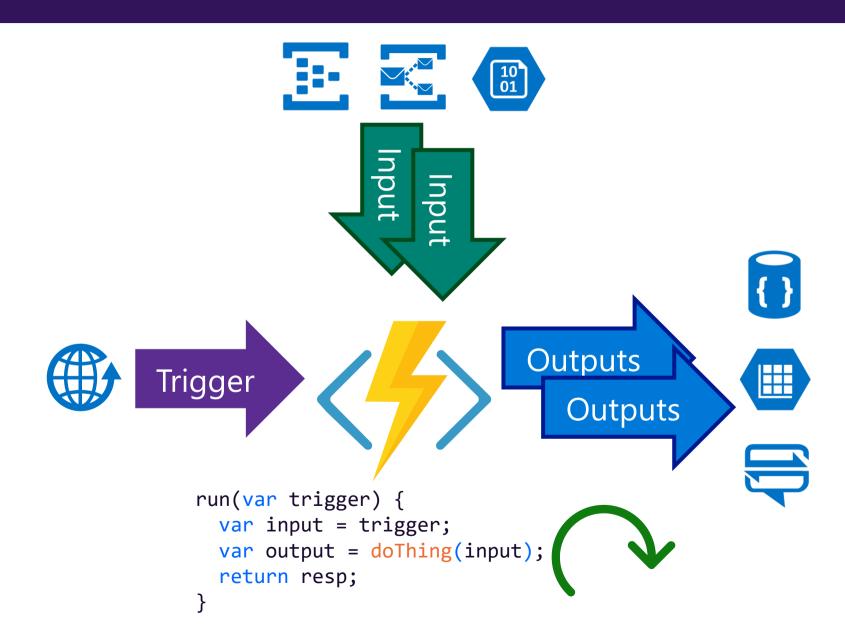
#### Real-time bot messaging

Use Azure Functions to customize the behavior of a bot using a WebHook. For example, create an Azure Function that processes a message using Cortana Analytics and call this function using Microsoft Bot Framework.



# Triggers & Bindings

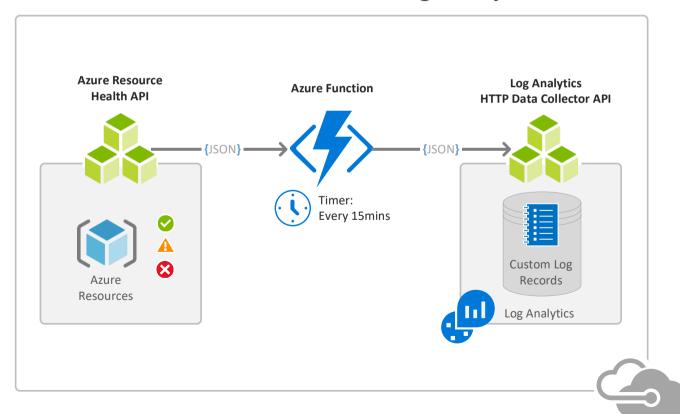
- HTTP / webhook
- Timer / scheduler
- Storage Blob
- Storage Queue
- Storage Table
- Service Bus
- Cosmos DB
- Event Hubs / IoT Hubs
- Mobile Apps
- Twilio
- Notification Hubs
- Event Grid



# Triggers & Bindings

- However you are not limited to the out of the box input & output bindings
- You can write code to do any processing you wish:
  - Make HTTP calls to REST APIs
  - Connect to database, run SQL
  - Load an external DLL / library
  - Connect to external services
  - SSH / FTP / SCP

# Example Custom Integration Azure Health to OMS Log Analytics



# Language Support







**Fully Supported Languages** 







Preview / Experimental Languages





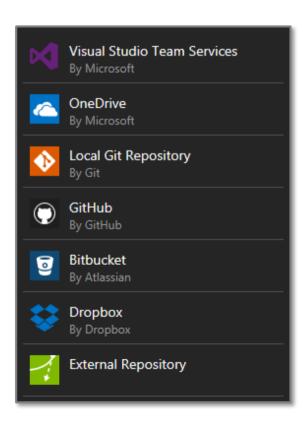


# Developing Functions

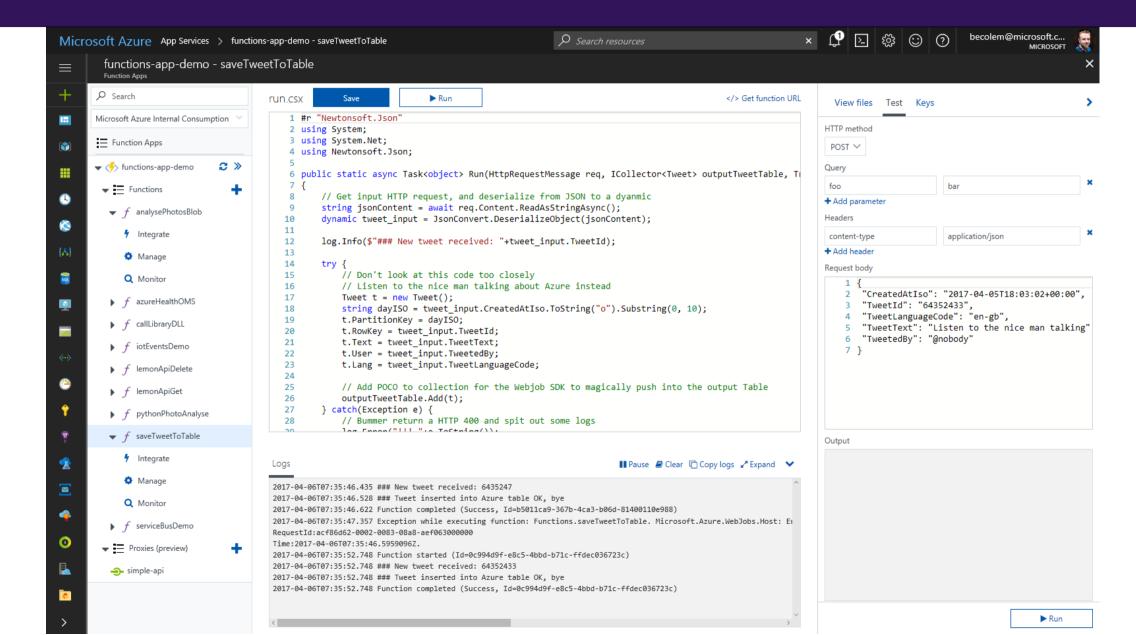
Use Azure portal & in-browser IDE for getting started, prototyping & testing

### Use continuous deployment for real world usage

- Use any IDE or code editor
- Number of source control sources:
  - Github / Git
  - Bitbucket
  - Visual Studio Team Services
  - Dropbox / OneDrive

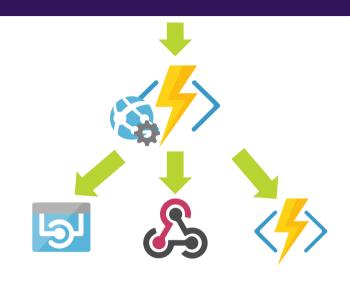


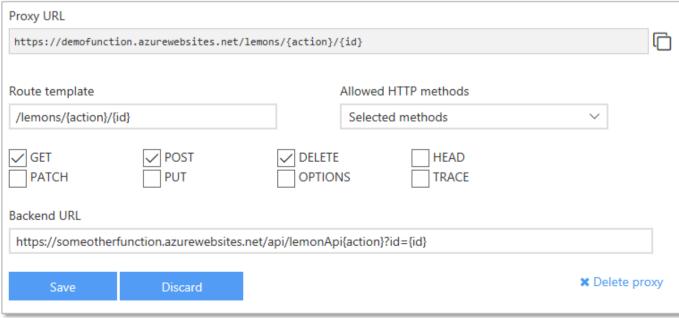
## In Browser IDE



## Azure Function Proxies

- Create easy REST APIs with custom routing
- Define a single API surface for multiple Function Apps
  - Independent scaling for microservice architecture
- Proxy to multiple APIs
  - Other Function apps
  - Azure API Apps
  - or other URL endpoints





## DURABLE FUNCTIONS

Allows writing of long-running, stateful function orchestrations

- They are stateful workflows authored in code.
- They can *synchronously* and *asynchronously* **call other functions** and **save output to local variables**.
- They automatically checkpoint their progress, so that local state is never lost

# RELIEW

# Function chaining

```
public static async Task<object> Run(DurableOrchestrationContext ctx)
   try
       var x = await ctx.CallActivityAsync<object>("F1");
       var y = await ctx.CallActivityAsync<object>("F2", x);
       var z = await ctx.CallActivityAsync<object>("F3", y);
       return await ctx.CallActivityAsync<object>("F4", z);
   catch (Exception)
       // error handling/compensation goes here
```



# DURABLE FUNCTIONS

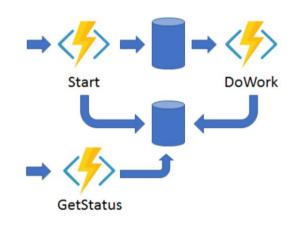
# PRELIEW

### Fan-out/fan-in

# F1 F2

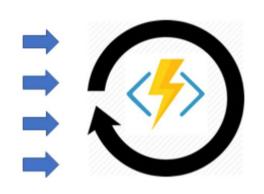
Fan-out/fan-in is the pattern of executing multiple functions in parallel, and then waiting for all to finish.

## Async HTTP APIs



Coordinating the state of long-running operations with external clients

## Stateful singletons



Stateful singleton pattern allows Functions to behave like reliable actors

# Billing & Usage Models

#### **Consumption Plan**



- Shared resources
- Limited on execution time and other factors
- Pay per execution
  - £0.15 per million runs
  - £0.000012 per GB/s (gigabyte seconds)
- Free each month:
  - 1 million executions
  - 400,000 GB-s

#### **App Service Plan**



- Dedicated resources
- Same SKUs and tiers as other App Services (web apps)
- Pay a fixed hourly rate
- Share with your other PaaS apps

Choose the correct service plan for Azure Functions
Pricing Information

# Functions vs WebJobs & Logic Apps

- Logic Apps are codeless and workflow based, optimised for integration tasks.
  - Aimed at non-developers
- If part of your integration scenario requires highly specialized logic, use a **Function app**
- Functions are the natural evolution of WebJobs.
   For very simple task scheduling on *existing* Azure Web app, you can use a WebJob
- Logic Apps and Functions are designed to be combined and used together





**Official Guidance and Documentation** 

# Monitoring & Tooling



#### Monitoring & Metrics

Monitoring Azure Functions with Application Insights
 https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/updates/azure-functions-now-integrated-with-application-insights/



#### Tooling & Debugging

• Functions tooling for Visual Studio 2017
<a href="https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-develop-vs">https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-develop-vs</a>



#### Local Development

 Azure Functions Core Tools - Local runtime & CLI <u>https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-run-local</u>

# Recent Updates & Roadmap

### Recent Updates

- Java support
- Durable Functions
- Cosmos DB trigger
- Custom input & output bindings
- Proxies GA

## Coming Up

- Runtime v2 (Based on .NET Core)
- Linux runtime
- Functions Runtime (for on premise)











functions.azure.com/try

# Reference Links

- My demo library <a href="https://github.com/benc-uk/azure-functions">https://github.com/benc-uk/azure-functions</a>
- Azure Functions on Github <a href="https://github.com/Azure/Azure-Functions">https://github.com/Azure/Azure-Functions</a>
  - Meta repo links to the other GitHub repos used for Functions
- Documentation <a href="https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/">https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/</a>
- Pricing <a href="https://azure.microsoft.com/en-gb/pricing/details/functions/">https://azure.microsoft.com/en-gb/pricing/details/functions/</a>
- Stack Overflow <a href="http://stackoverflow.com/questions/tagged/azure-functions">http://stackoverflow.com/questions/tagged/azure-functions</a>
- Host.json global configuration <a href="https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-host-json">https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-host-json</a>

