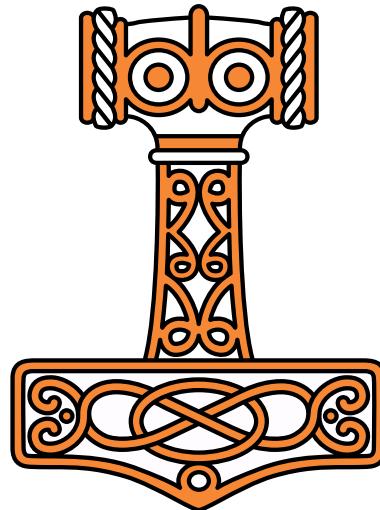




Olhão 2022

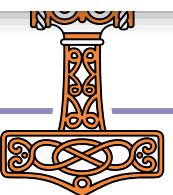
# Recent Language Features

*Rich Park, Rodrigo Girão Serrão*



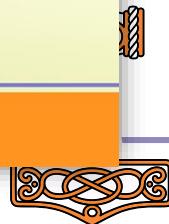
12.0	2008	August	Unicode support ( <code>\AVU</code> , <code>\UCS</code> ), <code>\FCOPY</code> , <code>\FPROPS</code>
12.1	2009	November	I-beam ( <code>I</code> ), Table ( <code>T</code> ), <code>\XML</code> , <code>\FCHK</code> , User commands
13.0	2011	April	Left ( <code>\L</code> ), Right ( <code>\R</code> ), Variant ( <code>\V</code> ), <code>\OPT</code> , <code>\R</code> , <code>\S</code> , <code>\PROFILE</code> , <code>\RSI</code> , complex number and decimal float support, short arguments for Take, Drop, and Index ( <code>\t</code> , <code>\d</code> , <code>\i</code> )
13.1	2012	April	<code>\DMX</code> , <code>\FHIST</code>
13.2	2013	January	Array Editor
14.0	2014	June	Trains, Tally ( <code>\#</code> ), Key ( <code>\K</code> ), Rank operator ( <code>\\$</code> ), high-rank Index Of, multi-threading with <b>futures</b> and <b>isolates</b>
14.1	2015	June	<code>:Disposable</code> .NET objects and resources, gesture support, many new I-beams
15.0	2016	June	<code>\MKDIR</code> , <code>\NDELETE</code> , <code>\NEXISTS</code> , <code>\NGET</code> , <code>\NINFO</code> , <code>\NPARTS</code> , <code>\INPUT</code>
16.0	2017	June	At ( <code>@</code> ), Interval Index ( <code>\L</code> ), Where ( <code>\L</code> ), Nest ( <code>\N</code> ), Partition ( <code>\P</code> ), Stencil ( <code>\S</code> ), <code>\JSON</code> , <code>\CSV</code>
17.0	2018	July	<code>\NCOPY</code> , <code>\NMOVE</code> , total array ordering, high-rank Unique
17.1	2019	October	Duplicates in Interval Index ( <code>\L</code> ) look-up array
18.0	2020	June	Atop ( <code>\\$</code> ), Over ( <code>\\$</code> ), Constant ( <code>\~</code> ), Unique Mask ( <code>\#</code> ), duplicates from Where ( <code>\L</code> ), empty partitions from Partitioned Enclose ( <code>\C</code> ), date-time conversion ( <code>\DT</code> ), case folding/mapping ( <code>\C</code> ), launching with text source file, .NET Core support
18.2	2022	March	<code>\ATX</code> , shell scripting

Primitives Random



# Language Features of version 18.0 in Depth

Adám Brudzewsky

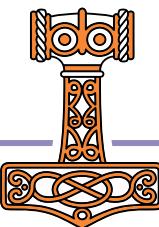


## New

��C	Case convert
f��g	Over
f��g	Atop
��Y	Unique mask
A��	Constant
��DT	Date-time
1200��	Format date-time

## Improved

��JSON��	'HighRank'
��JSON��	'Dialect'
��R/��S��	'Regex'
��INPUT��	'NEOL'
��Y	
X��Y	
��[ k ]��Y	



# Dyalog version 18 language features

Primitive operators

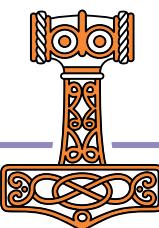
⍥ ⋅ ⋸

Primitive functions

≠ l c

System functions

⌚ ⏰ 1200⌛ ⏱ JSON ⏴ R/⌚S ⏴ ATX

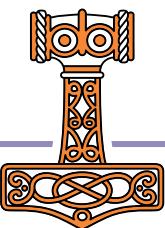


# Primitive operators

Function composition

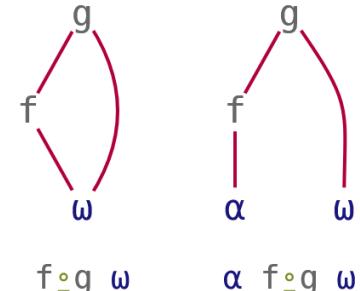
[apl.wiki/Function\\_composition](apl.wiki/Function_composition)

Composition	Notation	Monadic	Dyadic
Beside	$F \circ G$	$F \; G \; \omega$	$\alpha \; F \; G \; \omega$
Atop	$F \ddot{o} G$	$F \; G \; \omega$	$F \; \alpha \; G \; \omega$
Over	$F \ddot{o} G$	$F \; G \; \omega$	$(G \; \alpha) \; F \; (G \; \omega)$
Fork	$(F \; G \; H)$	$(F \; \omega) \; G \; (H \; \omega)$	$(\alpha \; F \; \omega) \; G \; (\alpha \; F \; \omega)$
Behind	$F \; \underline{o} \; G$	$(F \; \omega) \; G \; \omega$	$(F \; \alpha) \; G \; \omega$



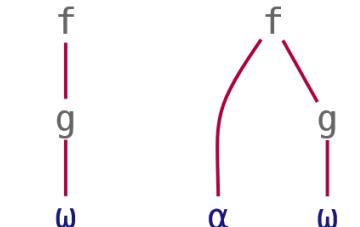
# Function composition

Composition	Notation	Monadic	Dyadic
Beside	$F \circ G$	$F \text{ } G \text{ } \omega$	$\alpha \text{ } F \text{ } G \text{ } \omega$
Behind	$F \underline{\circ} G$	$(F \text{ } \omega) \text{ } G \text{ } \omega$	$(F \text{ } \alpha) \text{ } G \text{ } \omega$



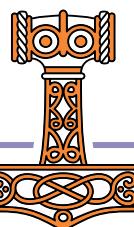
Pre-process right argument

2  $\Rightarrow$   $\circ$   $\Box$  VFI $^{\prime\prime}$  '3 4.2 and 5' '6 7' '12 more'



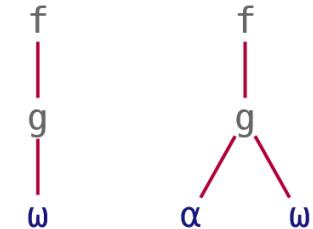
Pre-process left argument

array  $\rho \circ \rho$  values

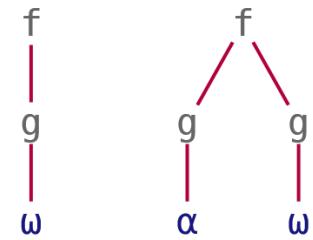


# Function composition

Composition	Notation	Monadic	Dyadic
Atop	$F \ddot{o} G$	$F \quad G \quad \omega$	$F \quad \alpha \quad G \quad \omega$
Over	$F \ddot{o} G$	$F \quad G \quad \omega$	$(G \quad \alpha) F \quad (G \quad \omega)$



$f \ddot{o} g \quad \omega$



$\alpha \quad f \ddot{o} g \quad \omega$

Post-process result

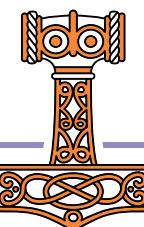
3 4 5 [ ÷ 7 2 9

$f \ddot{o} g \quad \omega$

Pre-process both arguments

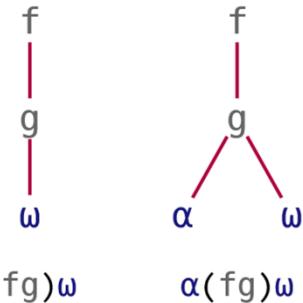
$\ddot{o},$   
 $+/\ddot{o}\ddot{,}$

$\alpha \quad f \ddot{o} g \quad \omega$



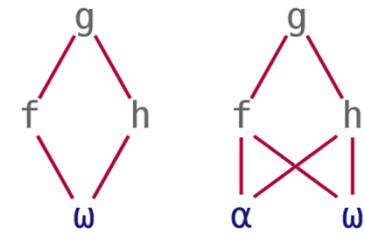
# Function composition

Composition	Notation	Monadic	Dyadic
Atop	$(FG)$	$F\ G\ \omega$	$F\ \alpha\ G\ \omega$
Fork	$(FGH)$	$(F\omega)G(H\omega)$	$(\alpha F\omega)G(\alpha H\omega)$



Post-process result

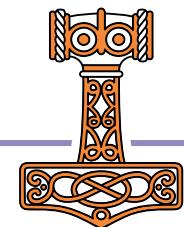
3 4 5 ( $\lfloor \div \rfloor$ ) 7 2 9



Pre-process both arguments

5 2 3.2 8 ( $\neq \in + / \wedge \vee$ ) 'ABCD'

$(fgh)\omega$



# Primitive operators

## Function composition

Pre-process right argument

```
2»○VFI'' '3 4.2 and 5' '6 7' '12 more'
```

Pre-process left argument

```
array pop values
```

Pre-process both arguments

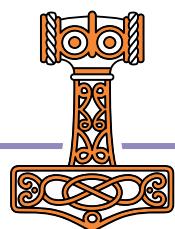
```
vec1 (≠,≡+/≠) vec2
```

Post-process result

```
3 4 5 [÷ 7 2 9
```

Pre-process separately

```
x↳(+.×)»y
```

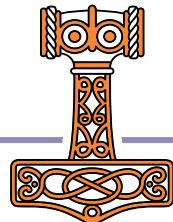


Constant      A $\ddot{\sim}$

Lightweight notation

Train            {A} × h

At                {A}@h



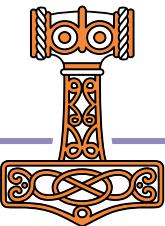
Constant      A $\approx$

Lightweight notation

Train            {A}  $\times$  h            A  $\times$  h

At                {A}@h                A@h

Constant          {A}



Constant

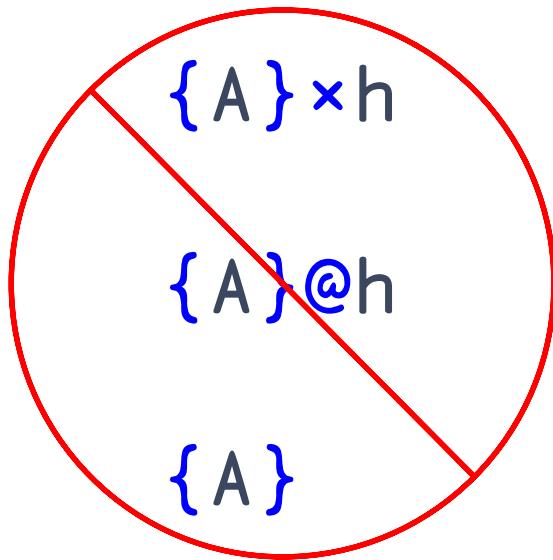
$A \approx$

Lightweight notation

Train

At

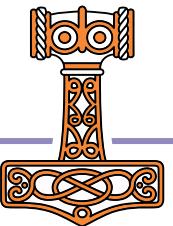
Constant



$A \times h$

$A @ h$

$A \approx$



Constant

A $\approx$

Lightweight notation

3 5ρ□A

ABCDE

F G H I J

K L M N O

' j k '  $\approx$  3 5ρ□A

jk	jk	jk	jk	jk
jk	jk	jk	jk	jk
jk	jk	jk	jk	jk

' j k '  $\rho \approx \rho$  3 5ρ□A

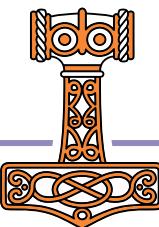
jkjkj

kjkjk

jkjkj

' j k '  $\rho \circ c \approx \rho$  3 5ρ□A

jk	jk	jk	jk	jk
jk	jk	jk	jk	jk
jk	jk	jk	jk	jk



Constant A $\approx$

Avoid ugly work-arounds

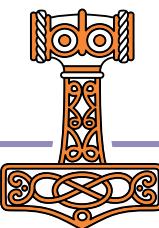
```
mask←1 0 0 0 1 0 0 ◊ data←'AbcdEf g'
```

```
'◻'@{mask}data
```

```
◻bcd◻fg
```

```
(mask/data)←'◻' ◊ data
```

```
◻bcd◻fg
```



Constant      A $\approx$

Avoid ugly work-arounds

mask $\leftarrow$ 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 ◊ data $\leftarrow$ 'AbcdEf $g$ '

mask{'□'@{α}ω}data

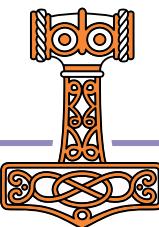
VALUE ERROR

mask{'□'@{α}ω}data

^

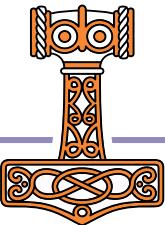
mask{'□'@{(α $\approx$ )ω}data}

□bcd□fg



# Exercises

<https://is.gd/MXvf9r>



# Primitive Functions

Unique mask

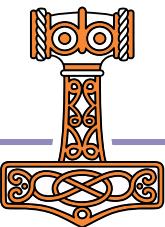
$\neq \omega$

Where

$\underline{l} \omega$

Partitioned enclose

$\alpha \subset \omega$



# Unique mask $\neq \omega$

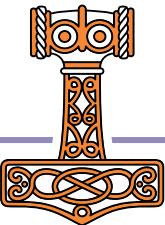
a.k.a. nub-sieve

```
u'Mississippi'
```

Misp

```
{↑ω(≠ω)}'Mississippi'
```

M	i	s	s	i	s	s	i	p	p	i
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

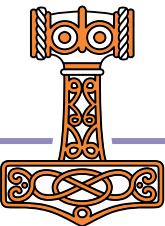


# Why, though?

$\neq Y$  is to  $uY$

as

$\Delta Y$  is to Sort  $Y$



# $\Delta Y$ vs Sort $Y$

Sort 3 1 4 1 5

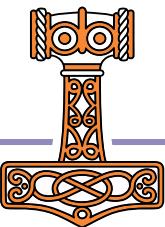
1 1 3 4 5

$\Delta$  3 1 4 1 5

2 4 1 3 5

'Moses' [2 4 1 3 5]

oeMss



**≠Y VS uY**

u 3 1 4 1 5

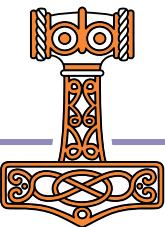
3 1 4 5

≠ 3 1 4 1 5

1 1 1 0 1

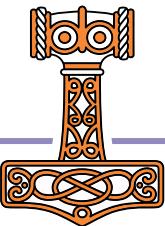
1 1 1 0 1 / 'Moses'

Moss



Where  $\iota\omega$

Now accepts non-negative integers (not just Bool!)



# History

PRICE ← 71 82 81 82 84 59

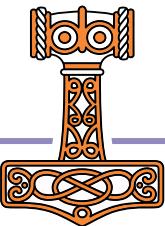
(75 ≤ PRICE) / PRICE

82 81 82 84

(75 ≤ PRICE) / ip PRICE

2 3 4 5

1960



# History

PRICE ← 71 82 81 82 84 59

(75 ≤ PRICE) / PRICE

82 81 82 84

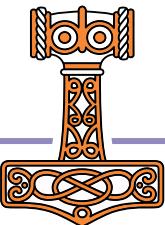
(75 ≤ PRICE) /  $\wp$  PRICE

2 3 4 5

$\underline{\lambda} 75 \leq$  PRICE

2 3 4 5

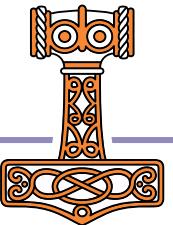
2017



# Selection

Using Where

l



# Use case: selection

```
fruit←'Apple' 'Banana' 'Cherry' 'Date' 'Elderberry'
```

```
select←1 1 0 1 0
```

```
select/fruit
```

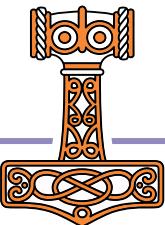
```
Apple  Banana  Date
```

```
select/1 select
```

```
1 2 4
```

```
1 select
```

```
1 2 4
```



# Use case: selection

```
fruit←'Apple' 'Banana' 'Cherry' 'Date' 'Elderberry'
```

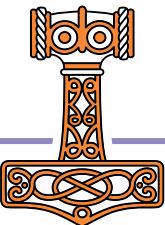
```
select←1 1 0 1 0
```

```
select/fruit
```

```
Apple  Banana  Date
```

```
fruit[_select]
```

```
Apple  Banana  Date
```



# Use case: multi-selection

```
fruit<-c('Apple', 'Banana', 'Cherry', 'Date', 'Elderberry')
```

```
select<-c(1, 2, 0, 1, 0)
```

```
select/fruit
```

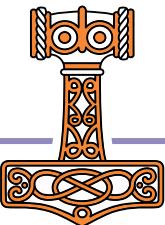
```
Apple  Banana  Banana  Date
```

```
fruit[select]
```

17.1 | ERROR

```
fruit[select]
```

1980



# Use case: multi-selection

```
fruit<-c('Apple', 'Banana', 'Cherry', 'Date', 'Elderberry')
```

```
select<-c(1, 2, 0, 1, 0)
```

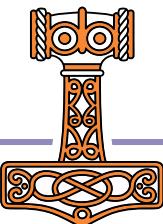
```
select/fruit
```

```
Apple  Banana  Banana  Date
```

```
fruit[select]
```

18.0

```
Banana  Banana  Date
```



# Use case: multi-dimensional selection

```
spice←'Anise' 'Basil' 'Chili' 'Dill' 'Epazote'
```

```
□←stuff←↑fruit spice
```

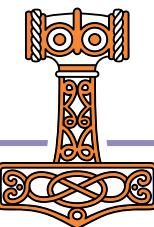
```
Apple  Banana  Cherry  Date  Elderberry
```

```
Anise  Basil   Chili   Dill  Epazote
```

```
□←select←↑select (0 0 0 2 0)
```

```
1 2 0 1 0
```

```
0 0 0 2 0
```



# Use case: multi-dimensional selection

stuff[select]

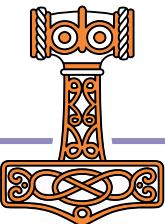
Apple   Banana   Banana   Date   Dill   Dill

select/stuff

RANK ERROR

select/stuff

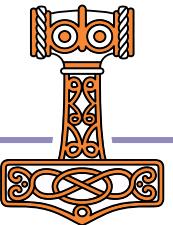
^



# Representing a set

Using Where

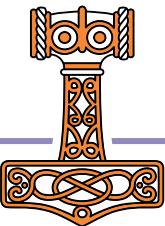
l



# Use case: Representing a set

```
all      ← 'a'  'b'  'c'  'd'  'e'  'f'  
mask    ← 1    0    0    1    0    1  
indices ← 1        4        6  
indices ≡ l mask
```

1



# Use case: Representing a multi-set

all       $\leftarrow$  'a' 'b' 'c' 'd' 'e' 'f'

count     $\leftarrow$  1 0 0 3 0 2

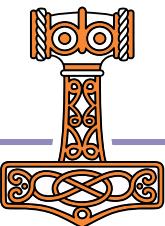
indices  $\leftarrow$  1                  4 4 4                  6 6

indices  $\equiv$  l count

1

count     $\equiv$  ?      indices

1



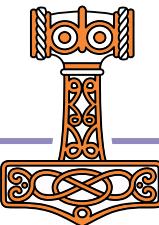
# Use case: Representing a multi-set

```
all      ← 'a'  'b'  'c'  'd'  'e'  'f'  
count   ← 1    0    0    3    0    2  
indices ← 1        4 4 4        6 6  
indices ≡ l count
```

1

count ≡ l\*-1+indices

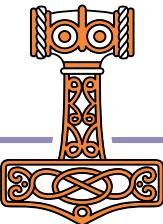
1



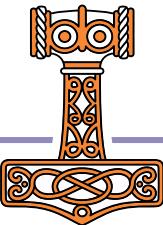
# Partitioned enclose $\alpha \subset \omega$

Now accepts non-negative integers (not just Bool!)

Can take a short left argument

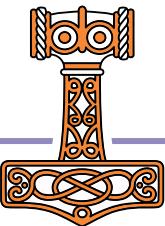


```
cutoffs <- 0 20 40 60 80 100  
values <- 3 14 15 35 65 89 92 793
```



```
cutoffs ← | 0      | 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 | 100
values   ← | 3  14  15 | 35 | 65 | 89 | 92 | 793
cutoffs i values
1 1 1 2 4 5 5 6
values<=1,-2-/cutoffsivalues
```

3	14	15	35	65	89	92	793
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	-----



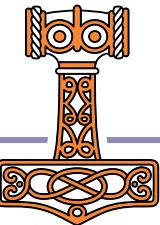
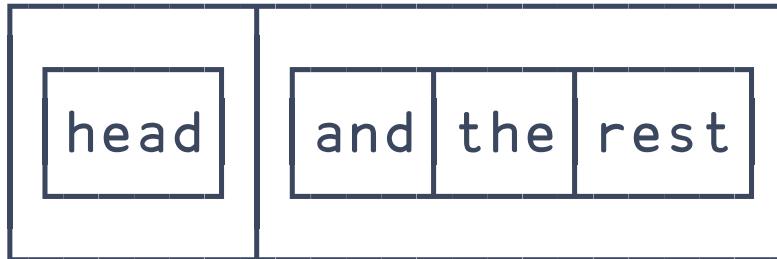
```
1 1 < 'head' 'and' 'the' 'rest'
```

LENGTH ERROR

```
1 1<'head' 'tail' 'and' 'the' 'rest'
```

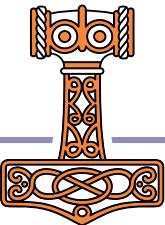
  ^

```
1 1 < 'head' 'and' 'the' 'rest'
```



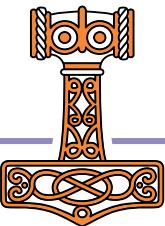
# Exercises

<https://is.gd/jTKznr>



# System Functions

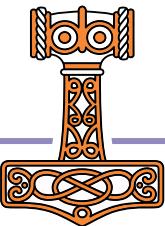
□C □DT 1200□ JSON □ATX



# Case Convert

□c

□c □DT 1200□ □JSON □R/□S □ATX



# Wait, what?

Uppercase:

1 ( 819<sub>I</sub> ) Y



1 □C Y

Lowercase:

819<sub>I</sub> Y



□C Y

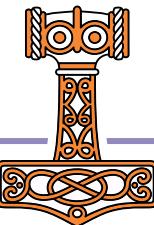
Lowercase:

0 ( 819<sub>I</sub> ) Y



□C Y

Big $\leftarrow\{\alpha\leftarrow 0$   
 $\alpha : 1 \squareC \omega$   
 $\squareC \omega\}$



# Pain without gain?

```
819I'Hi'#(3J14 'PI')
```

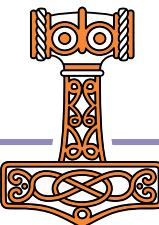
DOMAIN ERROR: Invalid right argument

```
819I'Hi'#(3J14 'PI')
```

^

```
I'C'Hi'#(3J14 'PI')
```

hi # 3J14 pi



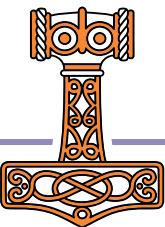
# Pain without gain?

+ 'Hi' #( 3J14 'PI' )

Hi # 3J-14 PI

□C 'Hi' #( 3J14 'PI' )

hello # 3J14 pi



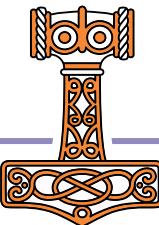
# Case Convert

Monadic  $\lambda c$ : Case Fold

normalisation  
for machine comparison

Dyadic  $\lambda c$ : Case Map

display form  
for human readers



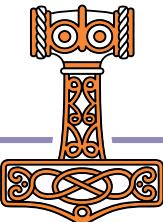
# Case Folding: C Y

907

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPQRSTUVWXYZ

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z  
a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z

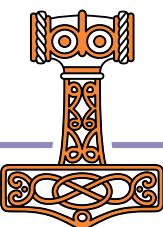
٢٥٦



# Case Mapping: X ☐c Y

1 : Upper      Origin      -1 : Lower

A	↔	A a	⇒	a
B	↔	B b	⇒	b
C	↔	C c	⇒	c
D	↔	D c	⇒	d
E	↔	E e	⇒	e
F	↔	F f	⇒	f
G	↔	G g	⇒	g



# Folding vs Mapping

'Μωσής'

Μωσής

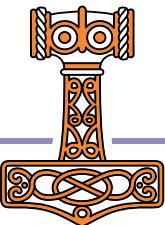
`OC 'Μωσής'` a fold

μωσήσ

`-1 OC 'Μωσής'` a map

μωσής

"Moses"  
in Greek



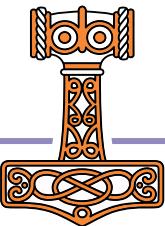
# Folding vs Mapping

`□C 'Μωσής' 'ΜΩΥΣΗΣ'` `Ⓐ fold`

μωσής μωσής

`-1 □C 'Μωσής' 'ΜΩΥΣΗΣ'` `Ⓐ map`

μωσής μωσής



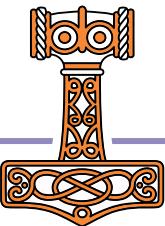
# Folding vs Mapping

ΠC 'Μωσής' 'ΜΩΥΣΗΣ' a fold

μωσήσ μωσήσ

1 ΠC 'Μωσής' 'ΜΩΥΣΗΣ' a map

ΜΩΥΣΗΣ ΜΩΥΣΗΣ



# Folding vs Mapping

"Street"  
in German

```
OC 'Straße' 'STRÄBE'
```

a fold

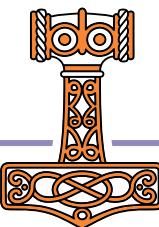
straße    straße

```
1 OC 'Straße' 'STRÄBE'
```

a map

STRÄBE    STRÄBE

STRASSE    STRASSE



# Would you ever map?

- ◆ All-lowercase to generate URLs or hash-tags

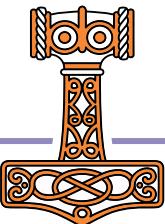
'Ο Μωυσής Ζει' ⇒ '#ομωυσήςζει'

- ◆ All-caps for display purposes

'Sale' ⇒ 'S A L E'

- ◆ Title-case a heading...

'Would you ever map?' ⇒  
'Would You Ever Map?'



```
t←'Would you ever map?'
¬1*0,¬1↓' '≠t
1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1
(¬1*0,¬1↓' '≠t)□C t
```

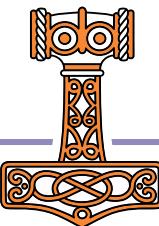
DOMAIN ERROR: Invalid left argument

```
(¬1*0,¬1↓' '≠t)□C t
```

^

```
(¬1*0,¬1↓' '≠t)□C t
```

Would You Ever Map?

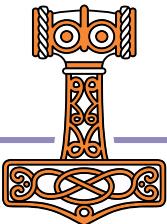


# Date times

□DT

Is it Christmas Yet? – Richard Smith, *Dyalog '19*

[dyalog.tv/Dyalog19/?v=SVcNgQewYNY](https://dyalog.tv/Dyalog19/?v=SVcNgQewYNY)

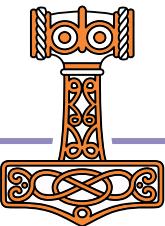


# Date-time

Timestamp

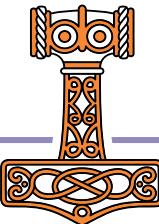
Time number

Military time zone



# Timestamp

year month day... ms	2020	6	11	16	0	0	0	← WEST →	OTS
year week weekday... μs	2020	24	4	16	0	0	0		



# Time number

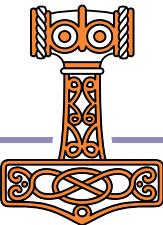
days since 1899-12-31 00:00

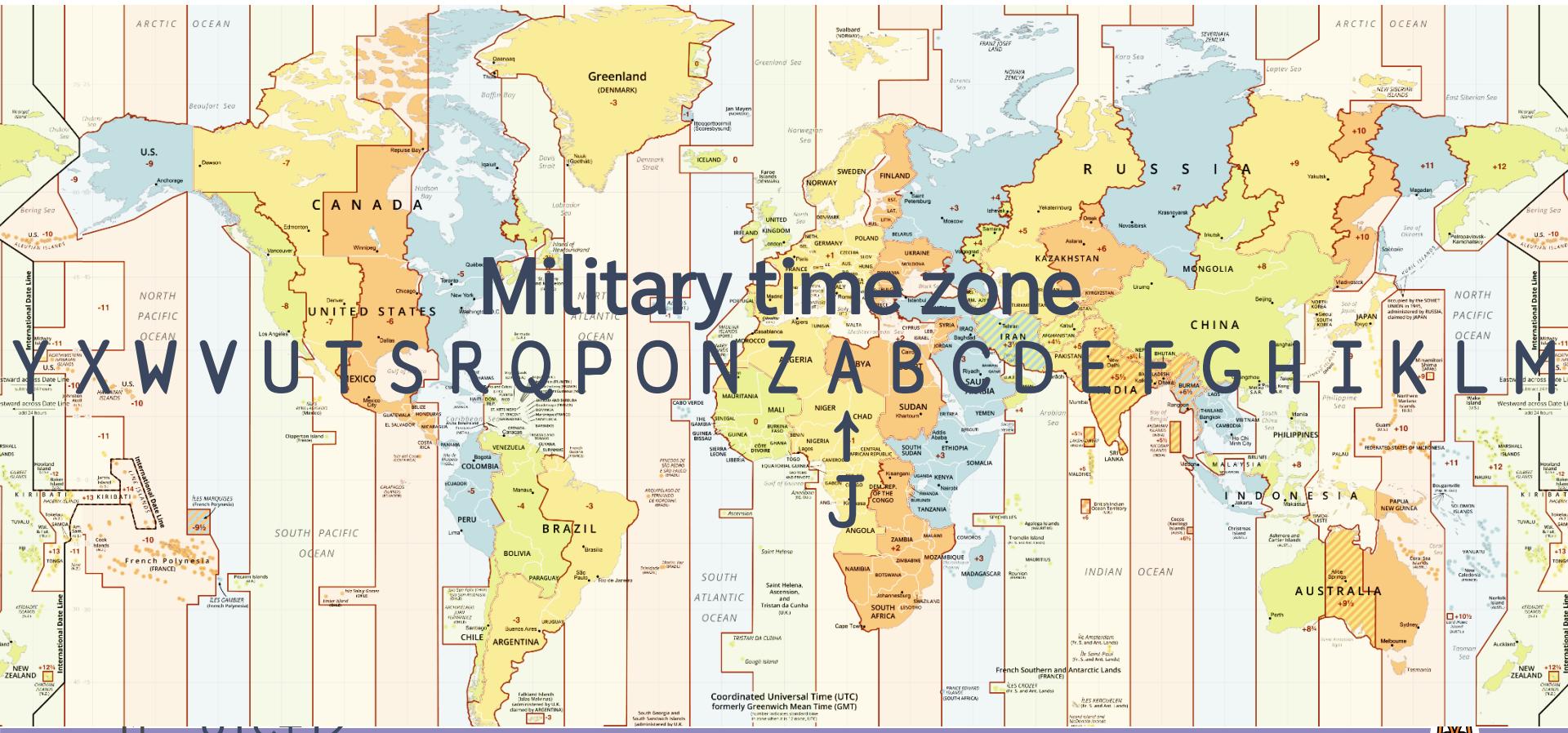
43992.70833

← WEST —

seconds since 1970-01-01 00:00

1591894800





View>Master Views>Slide Master then [PgUp] to edit title!

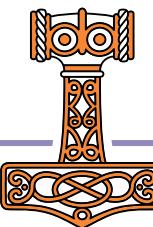


# Time numbers

- 1 Dyalog day number
- 2 Dyalog component file
- 10 J nanoseconds
- 11 Shakti K milliseconds
- 12 JavaScript/D/Q ms
- 13 R chron format
- 20 Unix time
- 30 MS-DOS date/time
- 31 MS-Win32 FILETIME
- et cetera ad abundantiam

# Timestamps

- 1  $\text{UTC}$ -style: year month... ms
- 2 Like  $\text{UTC}$  but  $\mu\text{s}$  replacing ms
- 3 Like  $\text{UTC}$  but ns replacing ms
- 10 ISO year day hour min sec  $\mu\text{s}$
- 11 ISO year week weekday...  $\mu\text{s}$  etc.



# ODT syntax

## Conversion

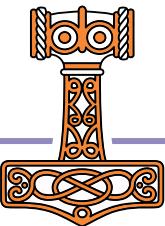
outCode ODT dateTimes

inCode outCode ODT dateTimes

## Validation

0 ODT dateTimes

inCode 0 ODT dateTimes



# `□DT` syntax: one-element left argument

Conversion: `□TS`-style timestamp to Unix time

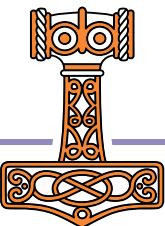
```
20 □DT < 2020 06 11 16 00 00 000
```

```
1591891200
```

Validation: Leap year check

```
0 □DT < 1900 02 29
```

```
0
```



# ⌚DT syntax: one-element left argument

Conversion: Current ⌚TS-style UTC time

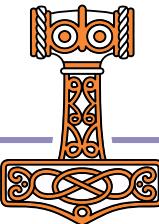
```
-1 ⌚DT 'z'
```

```
2020 6 11 16 0 0 0
```

What time zone am I in?

```
3600 ÷ -- / 20 ⌚DT 'JZ'
```

1 ← WEST=UTC+1



# `⌚DT` syntax: two-element left argument

Conversion: Unix time to `⌚TS`-style timestamp

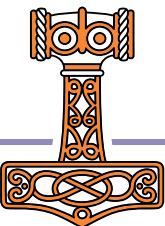
20 -1 ⌚DT 1591891200

2020 6 11 16 0 0 0

Validation: Leap year check

60 0 ⌚DT 19000229

0





11, 2006 in MDT, and 2010 November 6 in TMD.

The ISO 8601 format **YYYY-MM-DD** (2020-06-04) is intended to harmonize these formats and ensure accuracy in all situations. Many countries have adopted it as their sole official date format, though even in these areas writers may adopt abbreviated formats that are no longer recommended.

## Table coding [ edit source ]

Basic components of a calendar date for the most common calendar systems:

**Y** - year

**M** - month

**D** - day

Specific formats for the basic components:

**yy** - two-digit year, e.g. 06

**yyyy** - four-digit year, e.g. 2006

**m** - one-digit month for months below 10, e.g. 4

**mm** - two-digit month, e.g. 04

**mmm** - three-letter abbreviation for month, e.g. Apr

**mmmm** - month spelled out in full, e.g. April

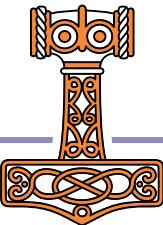
**d** - one-digit day of the month for days below 10, e.g. 2

**dd** - two-digit day of the month, e.g. 02

# 1200I syntax

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers



# 1200I syntax: patterns

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

'M'

'6'

'MM'

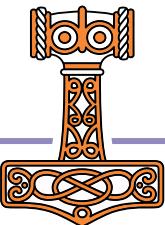
'06'

'MMM'

'JUN'

'MMMM'

'JUNE'



# 1200I syntax: numbers

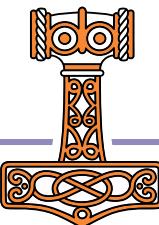
Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

'M' '6'

'MM' '06'

'\_M' ' 6 '



# 1200<sup>I</sup> syntax: names

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200<sup>I</sup>) dyalogDateNumbers

'MMMM'

'JUNE'

'\_\_en\_\_MMMM'

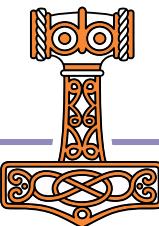
'JUNE'

'\_\_ru\_\_MMMM'

'июнь'

'\_\_fr\_\_MMMM'

'JUIN'

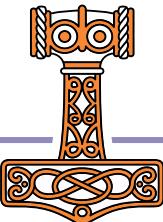


# 1200~~I~~ syntax: names

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200~~I~~) dyalogDateNumbers

'mmmm'            'june'  
'Mmmm'            'June'  
'MMMM'            'JUNE'



# 1200I syntax: names

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

\_\_en\_\_

\_\_fr\_\_

'mmmm'

'june'

'juin'

'Mmmm'

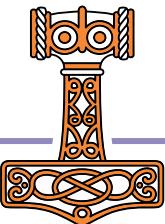
'June'

'Juin'

'MMMM'

'JUNE'

'JUIN'

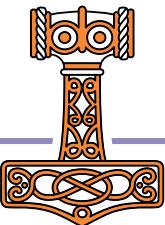


# 1200I syntax: names

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

	__en__	__fr__
'_mmm'	'June'	'juin'
'mmmm'	'june'	'juin'
'Mmmm'	'June'	'Juin'
'MMMM'	'JUNE'	'JUIN'

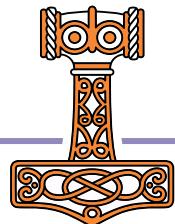


# 1200I syntax: ordinals

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

	__en__	__fr__
'D'	'1'	'1'
'Doo'	'1st'	'1er'
'DD'	'11'	'11'
'DDoo'	'11th'	'11'

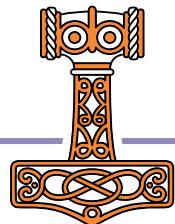


# 1200I syntax: ordinals

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

	__en__	__da__
'D'	'1'	'1'
'Doo'	'1st'	'1.'
'DD'	'11'	'11'
'DDoo'	'11th'	'11.'



# 1200I syntax: 12/24 hours

Format one or more date-times

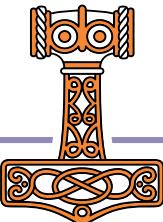
'hh:mm' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

'h' '16'

't' '4'

't pp' '4 pm'

'tPP' '4PM'



# 1200I examples

'DDoo Mmmm YYYY "at" hh:mm:ss.fff '

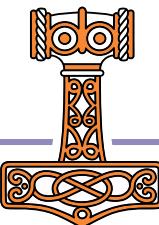
11th June 2020 at 16:00:00.000

'\_\_da\_\_Dddd, D. mmmm " ' "YY '

Torsdag, 11. juni '20

'%ISO%'

2020-06-11T16:00:00



# JSON Convert

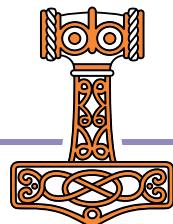
JSON

*Webinar, part 3*

JSON: 'HighRank'

JSON: 'Dialect'

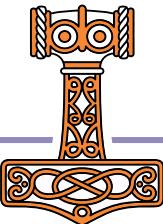
JSON <tables



# Converting rank>1 arrays to JSON

no need for  $\uparrow$  and  $\downarrow$  pre/post-processing

JSON: 'HighRank'



# Ever tried this?

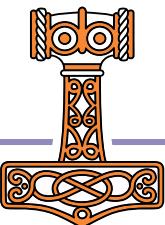
```
data←2 3⍴6
```

□ JSON data

DOMAIN ERROR: JSON export: the right argument ca

□ JSON data

^

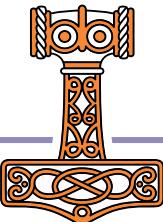


# Ever tried this?

```
data←2 3⍴6
```

```
⎕JSON↓data
```

```
[[1,2,3],[4,5,6]]
```



# Ever tried this?

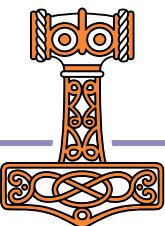
```
data←2 3 4 pi 24
```

□ JSON↓data

DOMAIN ERROR: JSON export: the right argument ca

□ JSON data

^

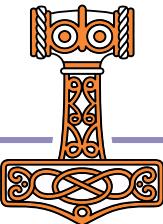


# Ever tried this?

```
data←2 3 4⍴24
```

□ JSON↓↓data

```
[[[1,2,3,4],[5,6,7,8],[9,10,11,12]],[[13,14,15,16]]]
```



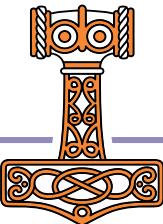
# Ever tried this?

```
data←(2 3⍴6) 'abc'
```

```
⍎JSON↓⍨(¬1+≠⍪data)↑data
```

```
↓⍨(¬1+≠⍪data)↑data
```

0	1	2	abc
3	4	5	

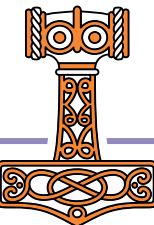


# Ever tried this?

```
data<-c(2 3, 6) 'abc'  
JSON{0==w:w ◊ 1<≠p w:v↓w ◊ v..w}data
```

```
{0==w:w ◊ 1<≠p w:v↓w ◊ v..w}data
```

0	1	2	3	4	5	abc
---	---	---	---	---	---	-----

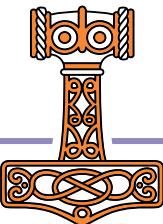


# Ever tried this?

```
data←(2 3⍴6) 'abc' ⋄ 'ns'⋄NS'data'  
⋄JSON{0=≡ω:ω ⋄ 1<≠ρω:∇↓ω ⋄ ∇∘ω}ns
```

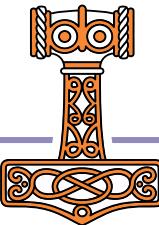
DOMAIN ERROR: JSON export: item "data[1]" of the  
⋄JSON{0=≡ω:ω ⋄ 1<≠ρω:∇↓ω ⋄ ∇∘ω}ns

^



# Try this!

```
data<-c(2, 3, 6) 'abc' %> 'ns' %> 'data'  
%> JSON::'HighRank' 'Split' %> ns  
{ "data": [[[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]], "abc"]}
```



# Try this!

```
data←(2 3⍴6) 'abc' ⋆ 'ns'⍳NS'data'
```

```
⍎JSON⎕'HighRank' 'Split' ← data
```

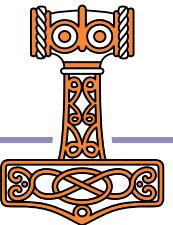
```
⍎JSON⎕'HighRank' 'Split'*2 ← data
```



{JSON:5,}

JSON for Humans

JSON: 'Dialect '

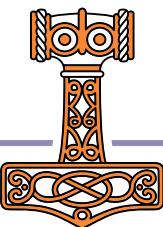


# JSON

```
{  
  "Settings": {  
    "9&11": ["\t", "\u000B"],  
    "MAXWS": "2GB",  
    "ROOTDIR":  
      "/my-own/root/directory",  
    "UserOption": "quote\"me"  
  }  
}
```

# JSON5

```
{  
  Settings: {  
    "9&11": ["\t", "\v"],  
  }  
}
```

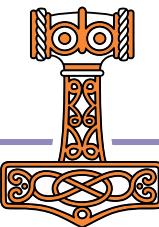


# JSON

```
{  
  "Settings": {  
    "9&11": ["\t", "\u000B"],  
    "MAXWS": "2GB",  
    "ROOTDIR":  
      "/my-own/root/directory",  
    "UserOption": "quote\"me"  
  }  
}
```

# JSON5

```
{  
  Settings: {  
    "9&11": ["\t", "\v"],  
    MAXWS: "2GB", // memory limit  
  }  
}
```

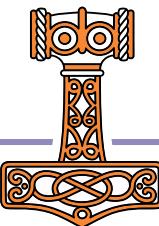


# JSON

```
{  
  "Settings": {  
    "9&11": ["\t", "\u000B"],  
    "MAXWS": "2GB",   
    "ROOTDIR":   
    "/my-own/root/directory",  
    "UserOption": "quote\"me"  
  }  
}
```

# JSON5

```
{  
  Settings: {  
    "9&11": ["\t", "\v"],  
    MAXWS: "2GB", /* memory limit */  
    ROOTDIR: "/my-own/root/direct  
ory",  
    UserOption: 'quote"me',  
  }  
}
```

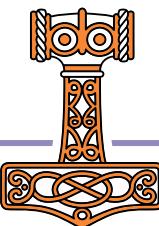


# JSON

```
{  
  "Settings": {  
    "9&11": ["\t", "\u000B"],  
    "MAXWS": "2GB",  
    "ROOTDIR":  
      "/my-own/root/directory",  
    "UserOption": "quote\"me\"",  
    "FNAME": "[rootdir]/filename"  
  }  
}
```

# JSON5

```
{  
  Settings: {  
    "9&11": ["\t", "\v"],  
    MAXWS: "2GB", /* memory limit */  
    ROOTDIR: "/my-own/root/direct\\  
ory",  
    UserOption: 'quote"me"',  
    FNAME: '[rootdir]/filename',  
  }  
}
```



# JSON Tables

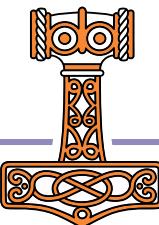
# JSON

1	2	3	1	0.5
4	5	6	0.3333333333	0.25
			0.2	0.1666666667
			0.1428571429	0.125

```
1 JSON d
DOMAIN ERROR: JSON export: the right argument cannot be converted (IO=1)
  1 JSON d
    ^
  1 (JSON@'HighRank' 'Split') d
[[[[1,2],"AB"],["ABC","DEF"]],[[1,2,3],[4,5,6]],...
```

Raw Text

Wrappers



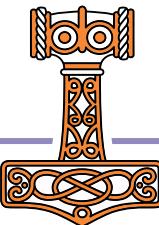
# JSON Tables

# JSON

```
table <- q; 'Day' 'Ca$h Money $$$'  
[]<-table; <- 3 2p 'Monday' 1000 'Wednesday' 324 'Friday' 52
```

Monday	1000
Wednesday	324
Friday	52

```
[{"Day": "Monday", "Ca$h Money $$$": 1000}, {"Day": "Wednesday", "Ca$h Money $$$": 324}, {"Day": "Friday", "Ca$h Money $$$": 52}]
```

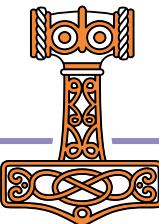


# Extended Attributes

□ATX

Use □ATX in preference to □AT, □NC, □NR, □SIZE and □SRC  
(and some of the functionality of 5179□).

Press F1



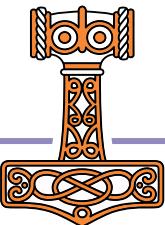
# Extended Attributes

DATA

50 – 62

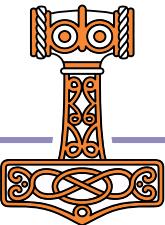
Information about source

Verbatim source: code kept as-typed with 2FIX and Link



# Exercises

<https://is.gd/Y4IEaK>



# More Exercises

<https://is.gd/IeDpNu>

