Rules

Rule	Formula	Derivative	Example
Constant	y = c	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$	$y = 2 \to \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$
Power	$y = x^n$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = nx^{n-1}$	$y = 2x^2 \to \frac{dy}{dx} = 4$
Sum (Difference)	y = u + v	$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{du}{dx} + \frac{dv}{dx}$	$y = 2x + 2x^3 \to \frac{dy}{dx} = 2 + 6x$
Product	y = uv	$\frac{dy}{dx} = u\frac{dv}{dx} + v\frac{du}{dx}$	$y = (x+1)x^2 \to \frac{dy}{dx} = (x+1)2x + (1)x^2$
Quotient	$y = \frac{u}{v}$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{v\frac{du}{dx} - u\frac{dv}{dx}}{v^2}$	$y = \frac{x+1}{x^2} \to \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2(1) - (x+1)(2x)}{x^4}$
Chain	$y = f\left(g(x)\right)$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)$	$y = (2x+1)^3 \to \frac{dy}{dx} = 3(2x+1)^2 \cdot 2$

Practice

1. A partial derivative is the derivative of a function with two or more variables with respect to one variable. Treat all other variables as constant.

Find the partial derivative of the following function:

$$f(x,y) = 3x^3y + y^4 + 2xy^5$$

- (a) With respect to x
- (b) With respect to y
- 2. The chain rule is used when dealing with a composite function f(g(x)) and the derivative is calculated as f'(g(x)) * g'(x).

Find the derivative of the following functions:

(a)

$$f(x) = (3x + 4y)^3$$

(b)

$$f(x) = \ln(x^2)$$

3. What is the marginal utility of x for the following utility function?

$$U(x,y) = 5x^2y^3$$

4. What is the marginal utility of y for the following utility function?

$$U(x,y) = x^{0.25}y^{0.75}$$

5. What is the marginal utility of \boldsymbol{x} and \boldsymbol{y} for the following utility function?

$$U(x,y) = 2x^{0.1}y^{0.4}$$