

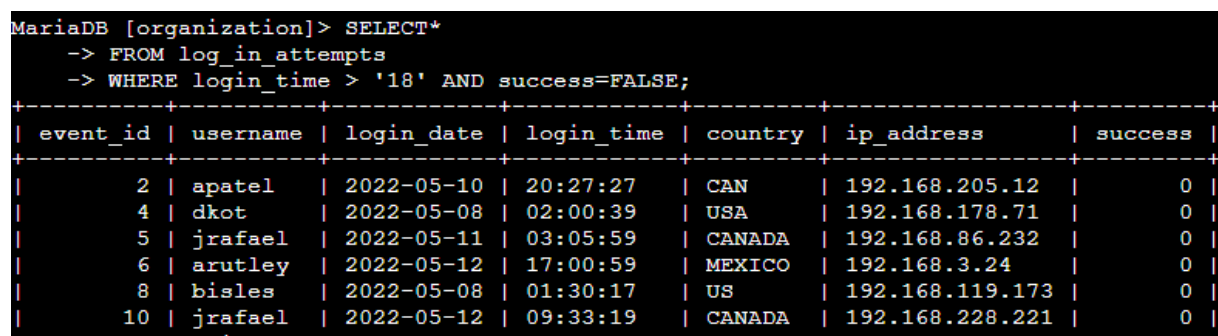
## Apply filters to SQL queries

### Project description

I am a security professional at a large organization. My task is to examine the organization's data in their *employees* and *log\_in\_attempts* tables. I will need SQL filters to retrieve records from different datasets and investigate the potential security issues.

### Retrieve after hours failed login attempts

I will create a query that identifies all failed login attempts that occurred after 18:00.



The screenshot shows a MariaDB terminal window with the following SQL query and results:

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT*
-> FROM log_in_attempts
-> WHERE login_time > '18' AND success=FALSE;
```

event_id	username	login_date	login_time	country	ip_address	success
2	apatel	2022-05-10	20:27:27	CAN	192.168.205.12	0
4	dkot	2022-05-08	02:00:39	USA	192.168.178.71	0
5	jrafael	2022-05-11	03:05:59	CANADA	192.168.86.232	0
6	arutley	2022-05-12	17:00:59	MEXICO	192.168.3.24	0
8	bisles	2022-05-08	01:30:17	US	192.168.119.173	0
10	jrafael	2022-05-12	09:33:19	CANADA	192.168.228.221	0
11	jrafael	2022-05-11	18:16:00	CANADA	192.168.140.01	0

On the top part of the screenshot is my query. I selected all the data from *log\_in\_attempts* table. Then using SQL filtering I displayed the data I needed. Using *WHERE login\_time > '18'* I specified login attempts made after 18:00. Then using *AND* operator I made a second condition in which the login attempt is unsuccessful. I achieved this by command *success=FALSE*;

### Retrieve login attempts on specific dates

A suspicious event occurred on 2022-05-09. Login activity registered on this date and the day before needs to be investigated.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT*
-> FROM log_in_attempts
-> where login_date='2022-05-08' OR login_date='2022-05-09';
```

event_id	username	login_date	login_time	country	ip_address	success
1	jrafael	2022-05-09	04:56:27	CAN	192.168.243.140	1
3	dkot	2022-05-09	06:47:41	USA	192.168.151.162	1
4	dkot	2022-05-08	02:00:39	USA	192.168.178.71	0
8	bisles	2022-05-08	01:30:17	US	192.168.119.173	0
12	dkot	2022-05-08	09:11:34	USA	192.168.100.158	1
15	lyamamot	2022-05-09	17:17:26	USA	192.168.183.51	0
24	arusso	2022-05-09	06:49:39	MEXICO	192.168.171.192	1
25	sbaelish	2022-05-09	07:04:02	US	192.168.33.137	1
26	apatel	2022-05-08	17:27:00	CANADA	192.168.123.105	1
28	aestrada	2022-05-09	19:28:12	MEXICO	192.168.27.57	0
30	yappiah	2022-05-09	03:22:22	MEX	192.168.124.48	1
32	acook	2022-05-09	02:52:02	CANADA	192.168.142.239	0

To get login activity on these dates I used two conditions connected with *OR* operator. The first one is *login\_date='2022-05-08'* and the second one is *login\_date='2022-05-09'*. These two conditions helped me display a table with login attempts made only on these two dates.

## Retrieve login attempts outside of Mexico

I became suspicious with activity login attempts but the security team determined that this activity didn't originate in Mexico. I will investigate attempts made outside of Mexico.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT*
-> FROM log_in_attempts
-> WHERE NOT country LIKE 'MEX%';
```

event_id	username	login_date	login_time	country	ip_address	success
1	jrafael	2022-05-09	04:56:27	CAN	192.168.243.140	1
2	apatel	2022-05-10	20:27:27	CAN	192.168.205.12	0
3	dkot	2022-05-09	06:47:41	USA	192.168.151.162	1
4	dkot	2022-05-08	02:00:39	USA	192.168.178.71	0
5	jrafael	2022-05-11	03:05:59	CANADA	192.168.86.232	0
7	eraab	2022-05-11	01:45:14	CAN	192.168.170.243	1
8	bisles	2022-05-08	01:30:17	US	192.168.119.173	0
10	jrafael	2022-05-12	09:33:19	CANADA	192.168.228.221	0
11	sgilmore	2022-05-11	10:16:29	CANADA	192.168.140.81	0
12	dkot	2022-05-08	09:11:34	USA	192.168.100.158	1
13	mrah	2022-05-11	09:29:34	USA	192.168.246.135	1
14	sbaelish	2022-05-10	10:20:18	US	192.168.16.99	1
15	lyamamot	2022-05-09	17:17:26	USA	192.168.183.51	0
16	mcouliba	2022-05-11	06:44:22	CAN	192.168.172.189	1

To achieve this I needed to use command *WHERE NOT* which specifies all the attempts that does not fulfill the criteria. In this case it's *country LIKE 'MEX%'*. The percentage character make us sure that we will not get any results with *MEX* as a beginning.

## Retrieve employees in Marketing

Security team wants to perform security updates on specific employee machines in the Marketing department. I am responsible for getting information on these employee machines and will need to query the *employees* table. The Marketing department is placed in the East building.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT*
-> from employees
-> where department = 'MARKETING' and office LIKE 'East%';
```

employee_id	device_id	username	department	office
1000	a320b137c219	elarson	Marketing	East-170
1052	a192b174c940	jdarosa	Marketing	East-195
1075	x573y883z772	fbautist	Marketing	East-267
1088	k865l965m233	rgosh	Marketing	East-157
1103	NULL	randerss	Marketing	East-460
1156	a184b775c707	dellery	Marketing	East-417
1163	h679i515j339	cwilliam	Marketing	East-216

7 rows in set (0.001 sec)

I achieved this by selecting all data from *employees* table and making two conditions. The department value must have been equal to MARKETING. I made that with command *where department = 'MARKETING'*. I connected this condition using operator AND with the second condition. And *office LIKE 'East%'*;

## Retrieve employees in Finance or Sales

Security team now needs to perform a different security update on machines for employees in the Sales and Finance departments.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT*
-> FROM employees
-> WHERE department = 'Finance' OR department = 'Sales';
```

employee_id	device_id	username	department	office
1003	d394e816f943	sgilmore	Finance	South-153
1007	h174i497j413	wjaffrey	Finance	North-406
1008	i858j583k571	abernard	Finance	South-170
1009	NULL	lrodriqu	Sales	South-134
1010	k242l212m542	jlansky	Finance	South-109
1011	l748m120n401	drosas	Sales	South-292
1015	p611q262r945	jsoto	Finance	North-271
1017	r550s824t230	jclark	Finance	North-188
1018	s310t540u653	abellmas	Finance	North-403
1022	w237x430y567	arusso	Finance	West-465
1024	y976z753a267	iuduike	Sales	South-215
1025	z381a365b233	ibill	Sales	North-115

I achieved this by selecting all data in employees table and again making two conditions connected with operator *OR*.

## Retrieve all employees not in IT

Security team needs to make one more update to employee machines. The employees who are in the Information Technology department already had this update, but employees in all other departments need it. I will use filters in SQL to create a query which identifies all employees not in the IT department.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT*
-> FROM employees
-> WHERE NOT department = 'Information Technology';
```

employee_id	device_id	username	department	office
1000	a320b137c219	elarson	Marketing	East-170
1001	b239c825d303	bmoreno	Marketing	Central-276
1002	c116d593e558	tshah	Human Resources	North-434
1003	d394e816f943	sgilmore	Finance	South-153
1004	e218f877g788	eraab	Human Resources	South-127
1005	f551g340h864	gesparza	Human Resources	South-366
1007	h174i497j413	wjaffrey	Finance	North-406
1008	i858j583k571	abernard	Finance	South-170
1009	NULL	lrodriqu	Sales	South-134
1010	k242l212m542	jlansky	Finance	South-109
1011	l748m120n401	drosas	Sales	South-292
1015	p611q262r945	jsoto	Finance	North-271
1016	q793r736s288	sbaelish	Human Resources	North-229
1017	r550s824t230	jclark	Finance	North-188
1018	s310t540u653	abellmas	Finance	North-403
1020	u899v381w363	arutley	Marketing	South-351
1022	w237x430y567	arusso	Finance	West-465
1024	y976z753a267	iuduike	Sales	South-215
1025	z381a365b233	jhill	Sales	North-115
1026	a998b568c863	apatel	Human Resources	West-320
1027	b806c503d354	mrah	Marketing	West-246
1028	c603d749e374	astrada	Human Resources	West-121
1029	d336e475f676	ivelasco	Finance	East-156

To display a table with results with department not equal to INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY I used a command *WHERE NOT department = 'INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY'*;

## Summary

I created multiple queries using SQL. I got all the information I wanted. I worked on two different tables: *log\_in\_attempts* and *employees*. I used operators like *OR*, *AND*, *NOT*. I also used wildcard ('%') to filter for patterns.