## Assignment 2 - DY (submission)

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- #1. Install the airquality dataset from the library datasets. (20 Points)
- #(a) Display the first 6 rows of the airquality dataset.

```
library(datasets)
data(airquality)
head(airquality,6)
```

```
##
     Ozone Solar.R Wind Temp Month Day
## 1
        41
                190
                    7.4
                            67
## 2
        36
                118 8.0
                            72
                                   5
                                       2
## 3
        12
                149 12.6
                                       3
## 4
        18
                313 11.5
                            62
                                   5
                                       4
                                   5
## 5
        NA
                 NA 14.3
                            56
                                       5
                 NA 14.9
                                   5
## 6
        28
                                       6
                            66
```

#(b) Display the class of each column of the airquality dataset.

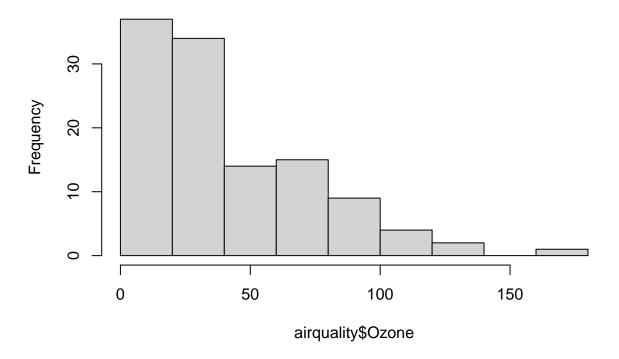
```
sapply(airquality,class)
```

```
## Ozone Solar.R Wind Temp Month Day
## "integer" "integer" "integer" "integer" "integer"
```

#(c) Use a histogram to assess normality of the Ozone variable. Does it #appear normally distributed?

```
library(ggplot2)
hist(airquality$0zone)
```

## Histogram of airquality\$Ozone

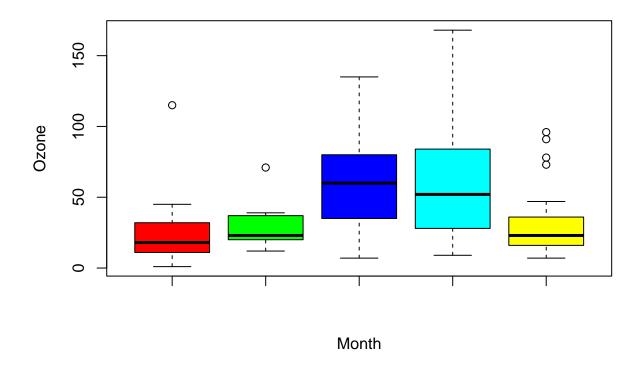


#Comment: it does not appear to be normally distributed. It looks right skewed/positively skewed.

# (d) Create a boxplot which shows the distribution of Ozone in each month.

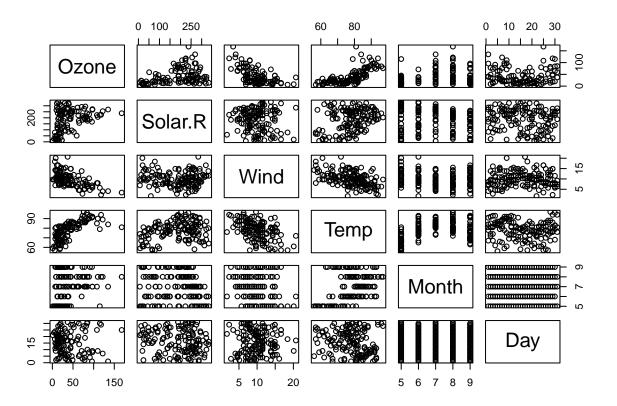
#Use different colors for each month.

boxplot(airquality[airquality\$Month==5,]\$Ozone, airquality[airquality\$Month==6,]\$Ozone,airquality[airqu



#(e) A scatter plot matrix of the numeric variables (Ozone, Solar.R, Wind, #Temp) within the airquality data set. (Hint: pairs())

pairs(airquality)



#2. Use simulation to estimate the mean and variance of a binomial random variable with n=18 and p=0.76. Compare with the theoretical values. (20 Points)

```
simu <-rbinom(n=18,size = 30, prob = 0.76)
mean(simu)</pre>
```

## [1] 23

var(simu)

## [1] 4.470588

#3. Estimate the mean and variance of a Poisson random variable whose mean is 7.2 by simulating 10,000 Poisson random numbers. (20 Points)

```
poisten <-rpois(n=10000,lambda=7.2)
mean(poisten)</pre>
```

## [1] 7.2095

var(poisten)

## [1] 7.253535

#4. Simulate 100 realizations of a normal random variable having a mean of 51 #and a standard deviation of 5.2. Estimate the mean and standard deviation of your simulated sample. (20 Points)

```
ranorten <- rnorm(10000,mean = 51,sd = 1)
mean(ranorten)</pre>
```

var(ranorten)

## [1] 50.99334

## [1] 1.007302