#### Zero Trust Theorem

Code Europe 2018, Warszawa Andrzej Dyjak



#### whoami

#### Preludium

- O czym będę opowiadał (hint: appsec)
- W jaki sposób będę o tym opowiadał (hint: praktycznie)

# Web aplikacje



#### **Vulnerabilities By Type**

Year	# of Vulnerabilities	DoS	Code Execution	Overflow	Memory Corruption	Sql Injection	xss	Directory Traversal	Http Response Splitting	Bypass something	Gain Information	Gain Privileges	CSRF	File Inclusion	# of exploits
<u>1999</u>	894	177	112	172			<u>2</u>	2		<u>25</u>	<u>16</u>	103			<u>2</u>
2000	1020	257	208	206		<u>2</u>	4	20		<u>48</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>139</u>			
2001	1677	403	403	297		<u>z</u>	<u>34</u>	123		<u>83</u>	<u>36</u>	220		<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
2002	2156	498	<u>553</u>	435	<u>2</u>	<u>41</u>	200	103		127	<u>74</u>	<u>199</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>1</u>
2003	1527	381	<u>477</u>	<u>371</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>49</u>	129	<u>60</u>	1	<u>62</u>	<u>69</u>	144		<u>16</u>	<u>5</u>
2004	2451	<u>580</u>	<u>614</u>	410	<u>3</u>	148	<u>291</u>	110	<u>12</u>	145	<u>96</u>	134	<u>5</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>5</u>
2005	4935	838	1627	<u>657</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>604</u>	<u>786</u>	202	<u>15</u>	289	<u>261</u>	221	<u>11</u>	100	<u>15</u>
2006	6610	893	2719	<u>663</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>967</u>	1302	322	<u>8</u>	267	271	<u>184</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>849</u>	<u>30</u>
2007	6520	1101	2601	<u>953</u>	<u>95</u>	<u>706</u>	884	339	<u>14</u>	267	323	242	<u>69</u>	<u>700</u>	<u>44</u>
2008	5632	<u>894</u>	2310	<u>699</u>	128	1101	807	<u>363</u>	<u> 7</u>	288	270	<u>188</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>170</u>	<u>74</u>
2009	5736	1035	2185	<u>700</u>	188	<u>963</u>	<u>851</u>	322	9	337	302	223	115	138	<u>738</u>
2010	4652	1102	<u>1714</u>	<u>680</u>	342	<u>520</u>	<u>605</u>	275	<u>8</u>	234	282	238	<u>86</u>	<u>73</u>	1493
2011	4155	1221	1334	<u>770</u>	<u>351</u>	294	<u>467</u>	108	<u> 7</u>	197	409	206	<u>58</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>557</u>
2012	5297	1425	1459	843	423	243	<u>758</u>	122	<u>13</u>	343	389	<u>250</u>	<u>166</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>624</u>
2013	5191	1454	1186	<u>859</u>	<u>366</u>	<u>156</u>	<u>650</u>	110	2	<u>352</u>	<u>511</u>	274	123	<u>1</u>	205
2014	7946	1598	<u>1574</u>	<u>850</u>	420	<u>305</u>	1105	204	<u>12</u>	<u>457</u>	2104	239	<u>264</u>	2	401
2015	6480	<u>1791</u>	1825	1079	<u>749</u>	217	<u>776</u>	149	<u>12</u>	<u>577</u>	<u>748</u>	<u>367</u>	248	<u>5</u>	<u>127</u>
2016	6447	2028	1494	1326	717	94	497	99	<u>15</u>	444	843	<u>600</u>	<u>87</u>	2	1
2017	14712	3154	3004	2805	<u>745</u>	<u>503</u>	<u>1515</u>	274	11	<u>629</u>	<u>1706</u>	<u>459</u>	327	<u>18</u>	<u>6</u>
2018	5318	<u>794</u>	<u>965</u>	<u>560</u>	<u>158</u>	186	643	109	<u>5</u>	<u>252</u>	444	105	147	<u>8</u>	4
Total	99356	21624	28364	15335	4801	7106	12306	3421	<u>156</u>	<u>5423</u>	9173	4735	1809	2172	4334
% Of All		21.8	28.5	15.4	4.8	7.2	12.4	3.4	0.2	5.5	9.2	4.8	1.8	2.2	

### Przykłady

- Wybór jest tak duży, że trudno było się zdecydować więc...
- Prywatna historia o XSS i RCE

- Używanie powszechnie uznanych frameworków wedle zasady "Given a thousand eyes, all bugs are shallow." Linus
- Podniesienie higieny wytwarzania oprogramowania:
  - Implementacja SDL, wbudowanie security w proces wytwarzania oprogramowania
  - Testowanie pod kątem uznanych standardów e.g. OWASP Top 10 czy audyt pod kątem OWASP ASVS

# Zewnętrzne komponenty

### Przykłady

- Neex i bug (OS command injection) w sposobie wywoływania narzędzia z pakietu GraphicsMagick — Imgur
- Chris Evans i bugi (memory disclosure) w ImageMagick podatne wersje zidentyfikowane na serwerach aplikacyjnych od <u>m.in</u>. Dropbox czy Yahoo!

- Świadomy wybór zewnętrznych komponentów
  - Mniejsza powierzchnia ataku = mniejsze ryzyko
- Zasada least-privilege na tyle na ile to możliwe



- <a href="https://scarybeastsecurity.blogspot.co.uk/2017/05/proving-missing-aslr-on-dropboxcom-and.html">https://scarybeastsecurity.blogspot.co.uk/2017/05/proving-missing-aslr-on-dropboxcom-and.html</a>
- https://scarybeastsecurity.blogspot.co.uk/2017/05/0day-proving-boxcomfixed-aslr-via.html
- https://scarybeastsecurity.blogspot.co.uk/2017/05/bleed-more-powerfuldumping-yahoo.html
- <a href="https://scarybeastsecurity.blogspot.co.uk/2017/05/bleed-continues-18-byte-file-14k-bounty.html">https://scarybeastsecurity.blogspot.co.uk/2017/05/bleed-continues-18-byte-file-14k-bounty.html</a>
- https://hackerone.com/reports/212696

## Interpretery / VM



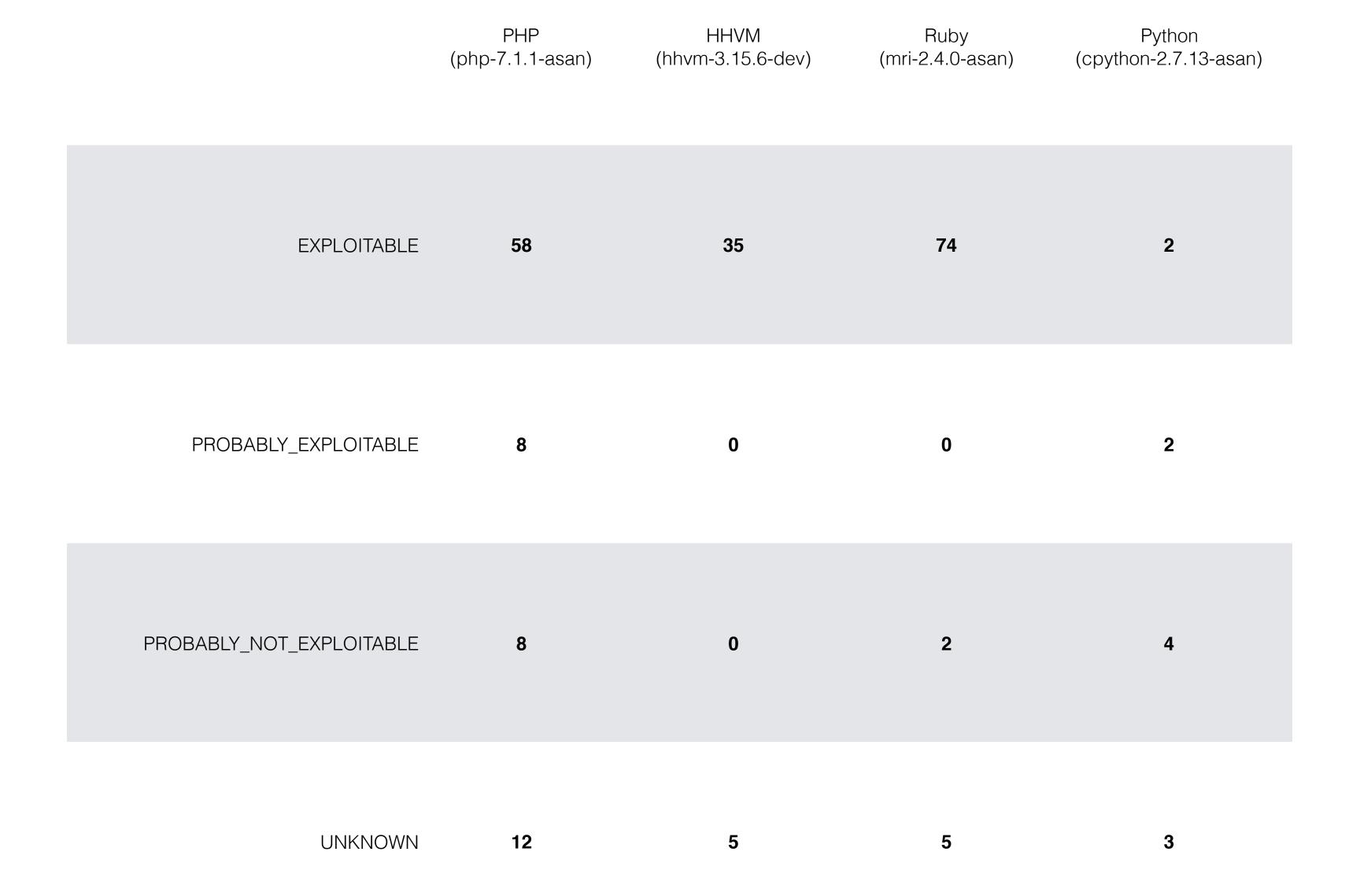
Year	# of Vulnerabilities	DoS	Code Execution	Overflow	Memory Corruption	Sql Injection	XSS	Directory Traversal	Http Response Splitting	Bypass something	Gain Information	Gain Privileges	CSRF	File Inclusion	# of exploits
2000	3		2												
2001	4		1							1					
2002	13	<u>4</u>	2	1			1			2					
2003	11	4	<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>			1			1					
2004	6		2				1			1					
2005	17	2	<u>3</u>	2			<u>1</u>	1		3					
2006	33	1	<u>6</u>	<u>8</u>		1	2	1	1	11	1				
2007	114	<u>19</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>2</u>		<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>		18	<u>6</u>	<u>1</u>		<u>1</u>	
2008	20	<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>				<u>3</u>		<u>5</u>	1				
2009	22	2		1		<u>1</u>	2			3	1			1	
2010	35	<u>9</u>	<u>6</u>	2	<u>5</u>	2	2			<u>6</u>	<u>16</u>				2
<u>2011</u>	35	22	<u>3</u>	10	<u>4</u>	1				4	1				3
2012	22	<u>9</u>	<u>6</u>	4		2		1	2	4		1			3
2013	13	2	1	<u>5</u>	<u>2</u>					1	<u>3</u>				
2014	32	23	<u> 7</u>	11	<u>2</u>					1	4	<u>1</u>			
2015	28	<u>15</u>	11	9	<u>1</u>					3	<u>3</u>				
2016	107	<u>80</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>1</u>	2		<u>3</u>	<u>7</u>				
<u>2017</u>	43	22	<u>6</u>	<u>10</u>	4			1		1	<u>3</u>	1			
2018	5			1			<u>1</u>								
Total	563	234	144	155	<u>25</u>	<u> </u>	14	12	<u>3</u>	<u>68</u>	46	4		<u>2</u>	1
% Of All		41.6	25.6	27.5	4.4	1.2	2.5	2.1	0.5	12.1	8.2	0.7	0.0	0.4	



Year	# of Vulnerabilities	DoS	Code Execution	Overflow	Memory Corruption	Sql Injection	XSS	Directory Traversal	Http Response Splitting	Bypass something	Gain Information	Gain Privileges	CSRF	File Inclusion	# of exploits
2010	1		<u>1</u>												
2011	3														
2012	59	<u>3</u>	<u>1</u>							2					
2013	180	<u>1</u>	<u>10</u>	4	4		<u>1</u>			<u>32</u>					<u>2</u>
2014	115	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>												
2015	80														
2016	37		<u>1</u>	1							1	<u>1</u>			
2017	69	14								1	2				
2018	20	2	<u>1</u>								4				
Total	564	<u>26</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>5</u>	4		<u>1</u>			<u>35</u>	2	1			2
% Of All		4.6	2.7	0.9	0.7	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	6.2	1.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	

### Przykłady

- Deserializacja parametru cookie, oraz memory corruption w PHP-owej funkcji unserialize() — PornHub
- "The worst bug bounty ever" bardzo drogi romans Shopify z mruby
- Własny vulnerability research popularnych interpreterów (for fun & no profit)



- Zasada least-privilege na tyle na ile to możliwe
- Banowanie problematycznych funkcjonalności



- https://www.evonide.com/how-we-broke-php-hacked-pornhub-andearned-20000-dollar/
- https://www.evonide.com/fuzzing-unserialize/
- https://externals.io/message/100147
- https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=75006
- http://mruby.sh/201703261726.html
- https://github.com/dyjakan/interpreter-bugs

# Kompilatory

### Przykłady

- "Reflections on Trusting Trust" Ken Thompson
- CVE-2018-1037 .PDB Heap Memory Disclosure w Visual Studio (j00ru (Project Zero) ⊌)

- Brak skalowalnej aktywnej ochrony
- Pasywne monitorowanie systemów pod kątem integralności



- <a href="https://www.ece.cmu.edu/~ganger/712.fall02/papers/p761-thompson.pdf">https://www.ece.cmu.edu/~ganger/712.fall02/papers/p761-thompson.pdf</a>
- https://twitter.com/j00ru/status/985894472478265344
  - https://bugs.chromium.org/p/project-zero/issues/detail?id=1500

## Systemy Operacyjne

### Linux

Year	# of Vulnerabilities	DoS	Code Execution	Overflow	Memory Corruption	Sql Injection	xss	Directory Traversal	Http Response Splitting	Bypass something	Gain Information	Gain Privileges	CSRF	File Inclusion	# of exploits
1999	19	2		<u>3</u>						1		<u>2</u>			
2000	5	<u>3</u>										<u>1</u>			
2001	23	2								4		<u>3</u>			
2002	15	<u>3</u>		1						1	1				
2003	19	<u>8</u>		2						1	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>			
2004	51	<u>20</u>	<u>5</u>	12							<u>5</u>	<u>12</u>			
2005	133	<u>90</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>19</u>	1					<u>6</u>	<u>5</u>	2			
<u>2006</u>	90	<u>61</u>	<u>5</u>	<u> 7</u>	<u>7</u>			<u>2</u>		<u>5</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>			
2007	63	41	<u>2</u>	<u>8</u>						<u>3</u>	<u>8</u>	2			
2008	71	44	<u>3</u>	<u>17</u>	4					4	<u>6</u>	<u>11</u>			
2009	105	<u>66</u>	<u>2</u>	22	<u>7</u>					<u>8</u>	11	22			<u>5</u>
2010	124	<u>67</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>7</u>					<u>8</u>	30	<u>14</u>			<u>5</u>
<u>2011</u>	83	<u>62</u>	1	<u>21</u>	<u>10</u>					1	21	9			<u>1</u>
2012	115	<u>83</u>	4	<u>25</u>	<u>10</u>					<u>6</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>11</u>			
<u>2013</u>	189	<u>101</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>13</u>					11	<u>57</u>	<u>26</u>			<u> 7</u>
2014	133	<u>89</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>10</u>					11	30	<u>20</u>			<u>10</u>
<u>2015</u>	86	<u>55</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>15</u>	4					11	<u>10</u>	<u>17</u>			
2016	217	<u>153</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>18</u>					12	<u>35</u>	<u>52</u>			<u>1</u>
<u>2017</u>	453	147	<u>169</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>26</u>			1		<u>17</u>	<u>89</u>	<u>36</u>			
2018	51	<u>34</u>	1	<u>8</u>	<u>3</u>					2	<u>5</u>				
Total	2045	1141	239	<u>327</u>	120			<u>3</u>		112	338	<u>257</u>			<u>29</u>
% Of All		55.8	11.7	16.0	5.9	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	5.5	16.5	12.6	0.0	0.0	

#### Windows

Year	# of Vulnerabilities	DoS	Code Execution	Overflow	Memory Corruption	Sql Injection	xss	Directory Traversal	Http Response Splitting	Bypass something	Gain Information	Gain Privileges	CSRF	File Inclusion	# of exploits
2007	1		1												
2008	21	4	<u>11</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>2</u>						1	<u>5</u>			
2009	79	9	47	<u>15</u>	14					2	<u>2</u>	<u>13</u>			1
2010	92	<u>25</u>	38	<u>17</u>	<u>14</u>		<u>1</u>			<u>5</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>26</u>			<u>6</u>
2011	105	<u>18</u>	<u>17</u>	11	<u>10</u>		4			<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>66</u>			2
2012	50	<u>5</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>6</u>						<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>24</u>			
2013	103	<u>18</u>	22	24	<u>z</u>			1		<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>66</u>			<u>5</u>
2014	38	<u>9</u>	12	<u>5</u>	<u>3</u>					2	4	<u>12</u>			4
2015	150	12	<u>54</u>	<u>15</u>	11		1	1		24	23	<u>60</u>			1
2016	133	2	<u>36</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>6</u>					11	<u>19</u>	<u>72</u>			
2017	243	<u>21</u>	<u>52</u>	22	<u>3</u>		1			4	129	<u>15</u>	<u>1</u>		
2018	44	1	<u>3</u>	1							<u>26</u>				
Total	1059	129	308	141	<u>70</u>		2	2		<u>61</u>	214	359	<u>1</u>		<u>19</u>
% Of All		12.2	29.1	13.3	6.6	0.0	0.7	0.2	0.0	5.8	20.2	33.9	0.1	0.0	

### Przykłady

- CVE-2016-5195 Dirty COW
- CVE-2010-0232 KiTrap0D od Tavisa Ormandy (Google)

- Implementacja polityki patchowania
- Hardening
  - Dobre praktyki
  - Dodatkowe mechanizmy obronne



- https://dirtycow.ninja/
- http://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2010/Jan/341
- https://www.cisecurity.org/cis-benchmarks/
- https://grsecurity.net/
- http://www.openwall.com/lkrg/
- <a href="https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/2458544/the-enhanced-mitigation-experience-toolkit">https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/2458544/the-enhanced-mitigation-experience-toolkit</a>
- <a href="https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/processmitigations/?view=win10-ps">https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/processmitigations/?view=win10-ps</a>
- <a href="https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/security/threat-protection/windows-defender-exploit-guard/windows-defender-exploit-guard">https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/security/threat-protection/windows-defender-exploit-guard</a>

# Hypervisory

#### VIVIare

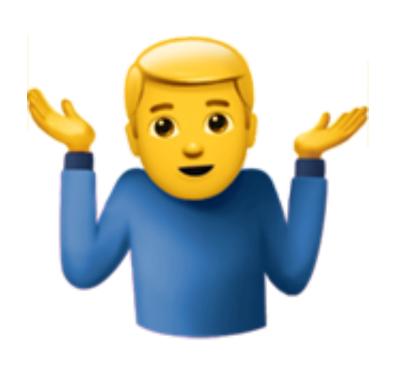
Year	# of Vulnerabilities	DoS	Code Execution	Overflow	Memory Corruption	Sql Injection	xss	Directory Traversal	Http Response Splitting	Bypass something	Gain Information	Gain Privileges	CSRF	File Inclusion	# of exploits
1999	1			1											
2000	1	<u>1</u>													
2001	1														
2002	1		1	1											
2003	4											2			
2004	4	<u>3</u>	1												
2005	8	<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>	1			<u>2</u>					<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>		
2006	6	1	1	1			1					<u>2</u>			
2007	25	11	<u>5</u>	4				1			2	<u>5</u>			
2008	31	<u>6</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>2</u>			2		1	<u>3</u>	<u>10</u>			
2009	20	2	<u>5</u>	4	1		1	2			1	<u>3</u>			
2010	24	<u>2</u>	<u>6</u>	2	1		<u>4</u>			1	1	2			
<u>2011</u>	18	<u>5</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>	1			<u>2</u>		1	2	<u>3</u>			
2012	34	<u>10</u>	2	<u>6</u>	1		<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>	1		4	<u>11</u>	1		1
2013	18	<u>7</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>			<u>1</u>		1		<u>5</u>			1
<u>2014</u>	17	<u>4</u>	1				<u>1</u>				<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>	1		
2015	15	<u>8</u>	4							1	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>			
<u>2016</u>	36	<u>8</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>5</u>	4		<u>6</u>	<u>2</u>	1	2	<u>3</u>	<u>8</u>	1		
2017	45	<u>11</u>	<u>20</u>	11			<u>3</u>			1	4	<u>1</u>			
2018	6	1	<u>3</u>	1							1				
Total	315	<u>86</u>	<u>77</u>	<u>47</u>	12		22	<u>13</u>	2	<u>8</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>63</u>	4		<u>2</u>
% Of All		27.3	24.4	14.9	3.8	0.0	7.0	4.1	0.6	2.5	7.9	20.0	1.3	0.0	

### XEN

Year	# of Vulnerabilities	DoS	Code Execution	Overflow	Memory Corruption	Sql Injection	XSS	Directory Traversal	Http Response Splitting	Bypass something	Gain Information	Gain Privileges	CSRF	File Inclusion	# of exploits
2007	2														
2008	2		1	1											
2009	2	<u>1</u>													
2012	35	31	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>						1	<u>5</u>			
2013	43	<u>30</u>	<u>2</u>	9	<u>3</u>						<u>6</u>	<u>8</u>			
2014	44	<u>41</u>	2	10	1						<u>3</u>	<u>8</u>			
<u>2015</u>	41	<u>29</u>	4	<u>5</u>	<u>1</u>						<u>6</u>	<u>3</u>			
2016	28	<u>18</u>	1	<u>3</u>							2	<u>10</u>			
2017	62	<u>37</u>	<u>6</u>	4	<u>3</u>						<u>15</u>	<u>17</u>			
2018	3	<u>3</u>										1			
Total	262	<u>190</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>13</u>						<u>38</u>	<u>52</u>			
% Of All		72.5	7.3	13.4	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.5	19.8	0.0	0.0	

### Przykłady

- Cloudburst guest escape (via SVGA) w VMware z 2009 roku
- Pwn2Own 2017 2 drużyny dokonały udanej ucieczki z VMware





- <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Virtual\_machine\_escape">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Virtual\_machine\_escape</a>
- https://www.blackhat.com/presentations/bh-usa-09/KORTCHINSKY/BHUSA09-Kortchinsky-Cloudburst-PAPER.pdf
  - https://vimeo.com/6595148
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- https://keenlab.tencent.com/en/2018/04/23/A-bunch-of-Red-Pills-VMware-Escapes/

# Sprzęt

### Przykłady — CPU 1/2

- Bugi
  - Pentium FDIV bug Intel \$\$\$ =
  - CVE-2012-0217 (i młodszy brat CVE-2006-0744) Intel SYSRET znalezione w 2012 przez Rafała Wojtczuka (InvisibleThingsLab)
  - AMD microcode security update Robert Święcki podczas fuzzowania kernela na domowej stacji
  - Meltdown & Spectre Jann Horn (Project Zero) i inni

#### Przykłady — CPU 2/2

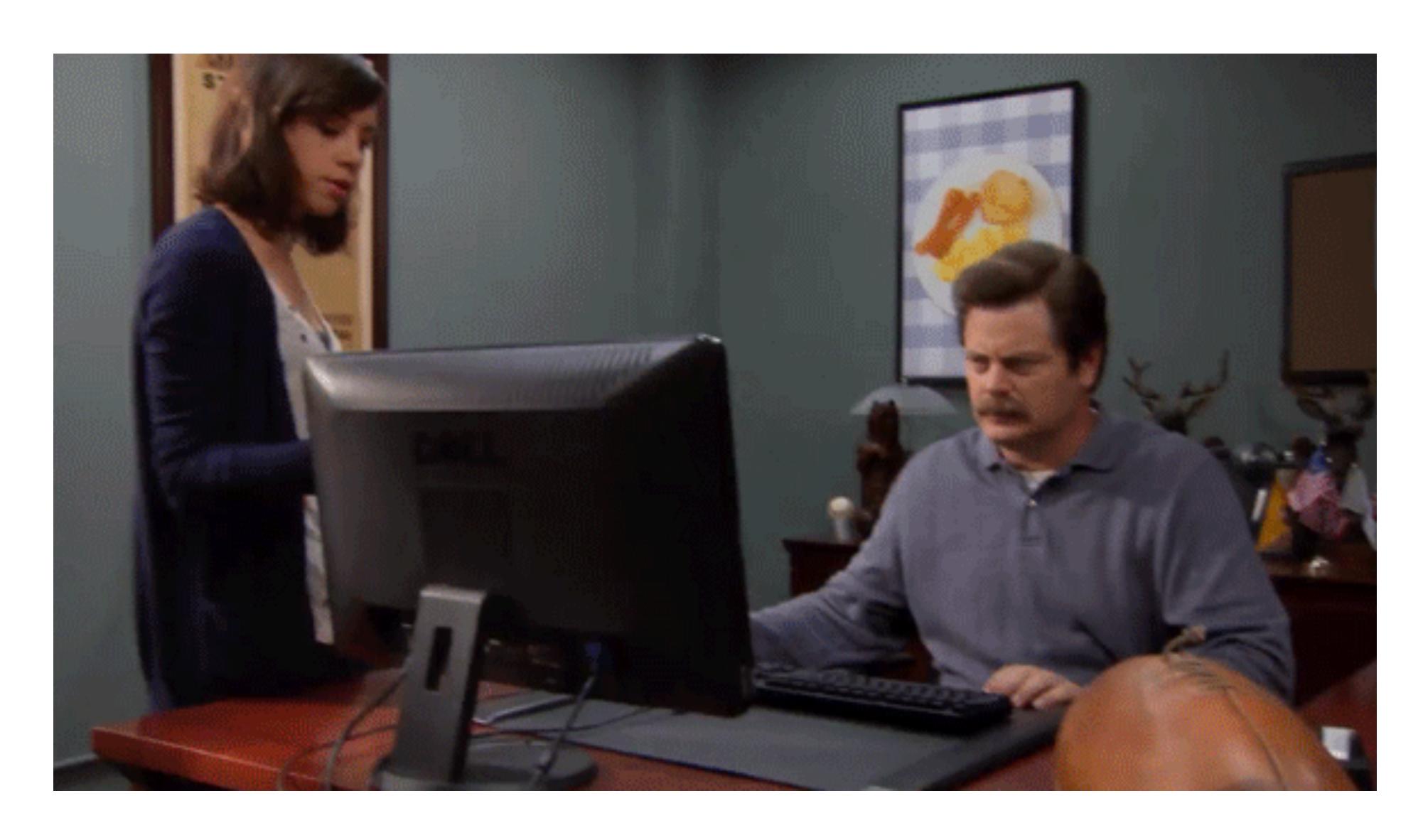
- Ficzery?
  - sandsifter Fuzzing CPU na BlackHat 2017 przez Christophera Domas
  - Intel-SA-00086 bugi w Intel Management Engine (ME)





#### Przykłady – RAM

- RowHammer Thomas Dullien et al (Project Zero)
  - Na początku (2015) desktopy
  - Później (2016) urządzenia mobilne





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- https://lists.debian.org/debian-security/2016/03/msg00084.html
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- <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Row\_hammer">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Row\_hammer</a>
- https://googleprojectzero.blogspot.com/2015/03/exploiting-dram-rowhammer-bug-to-gain.html

#### Podsumowanie

- Software jest popsuty pod każdym kątem
- Hardware jest popsuty i to dopiero wierzchołek góry lodowej
- Dobre praktyki na każdym stopniu zmniejszają ryzyko, ale nigdy go nie wyeliminują
- Bezpieczeństwo to proces, nie produkt



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