

Introduction to 3D Printing

“ I want to say one word to you. Just one word....
Plastics”

The Graduate - 1967

Introductions

- Name
- Favorite ice cream or desert

What is 3D Printing

- Additive Manufacturing (Legos)
 - Subtractive (carving, milling)
- Material is pushed through a nozzle (extruded)
 - Filament is heated to allow this to happen
 - Icing or pastry bag
 - Hot Glue gun

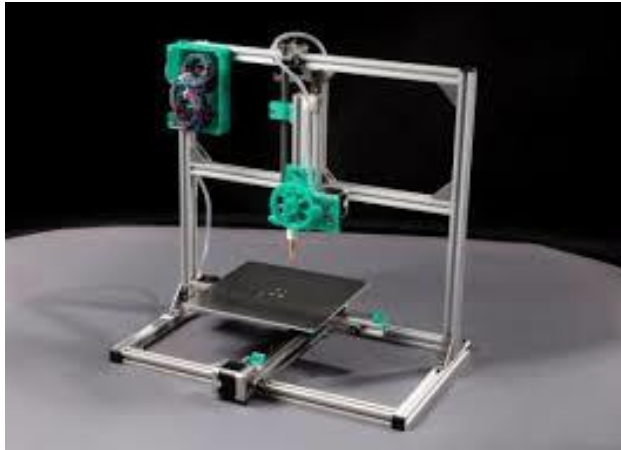
Uses for 3D Printers

- Prototyping
- Small lot manufacturing (cookie cutters)
- Specialized or hard to find items (car parts)
- Education (music, animals)
- To be determined!

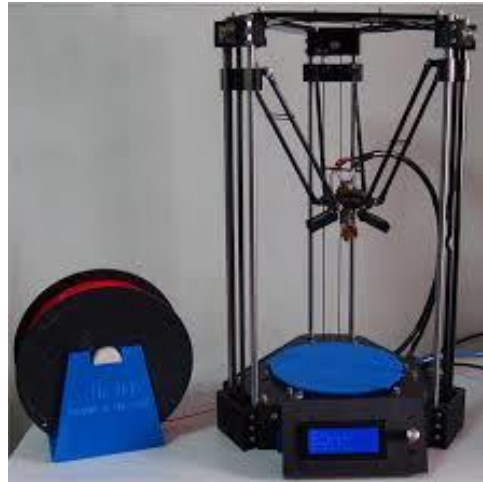
My Favorite Thing

- It was a Saturday morning....

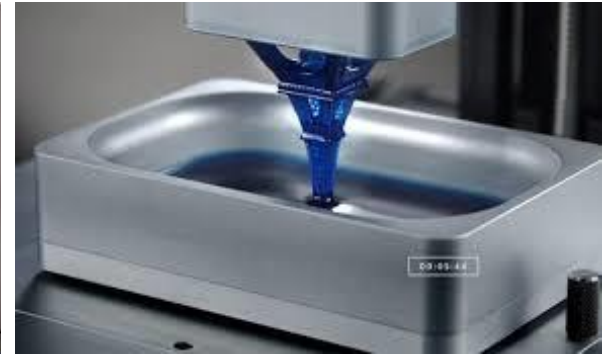
3D Pinter Types



Cartesian

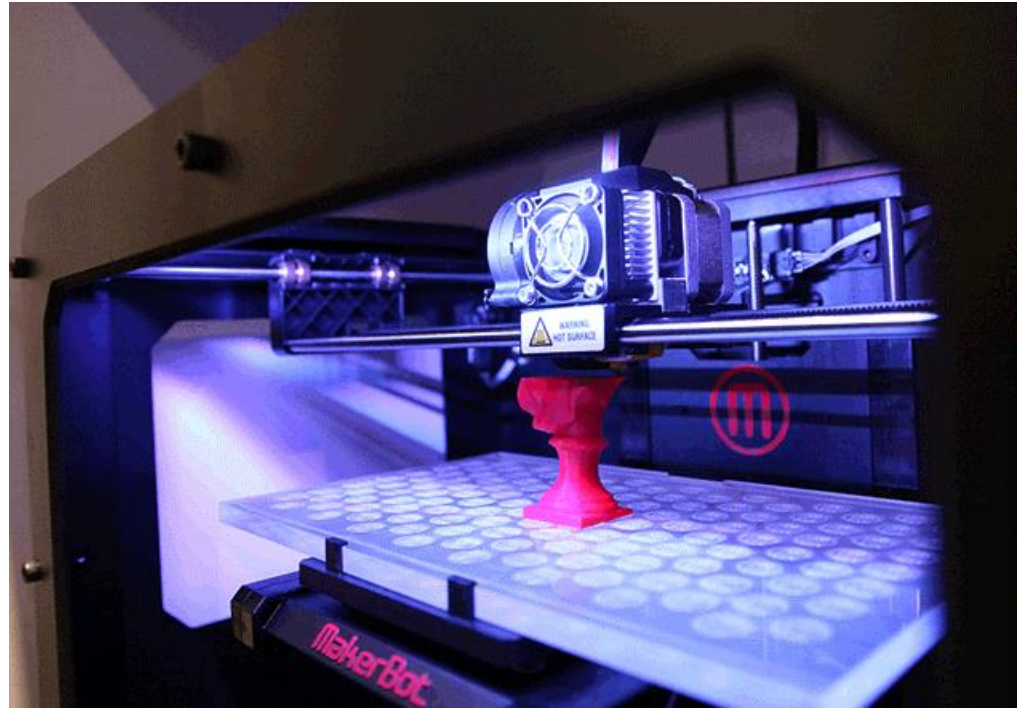


Delta

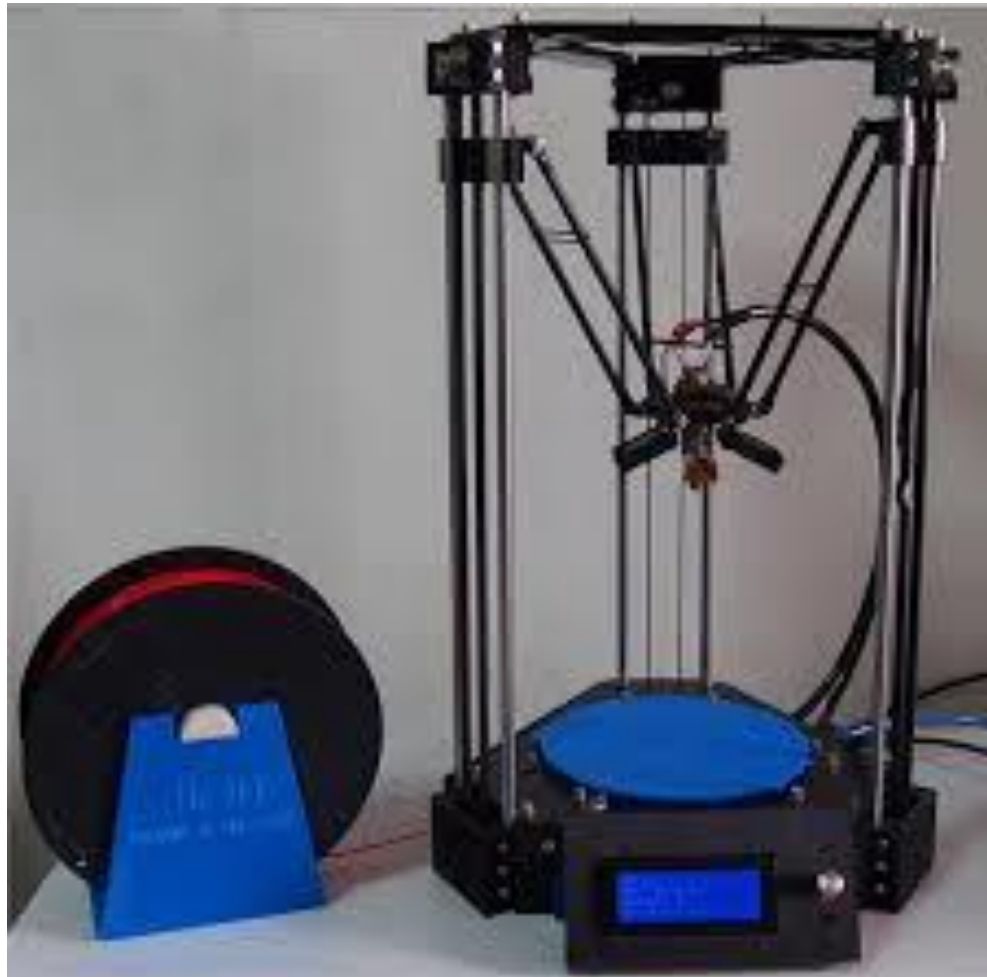


DLP

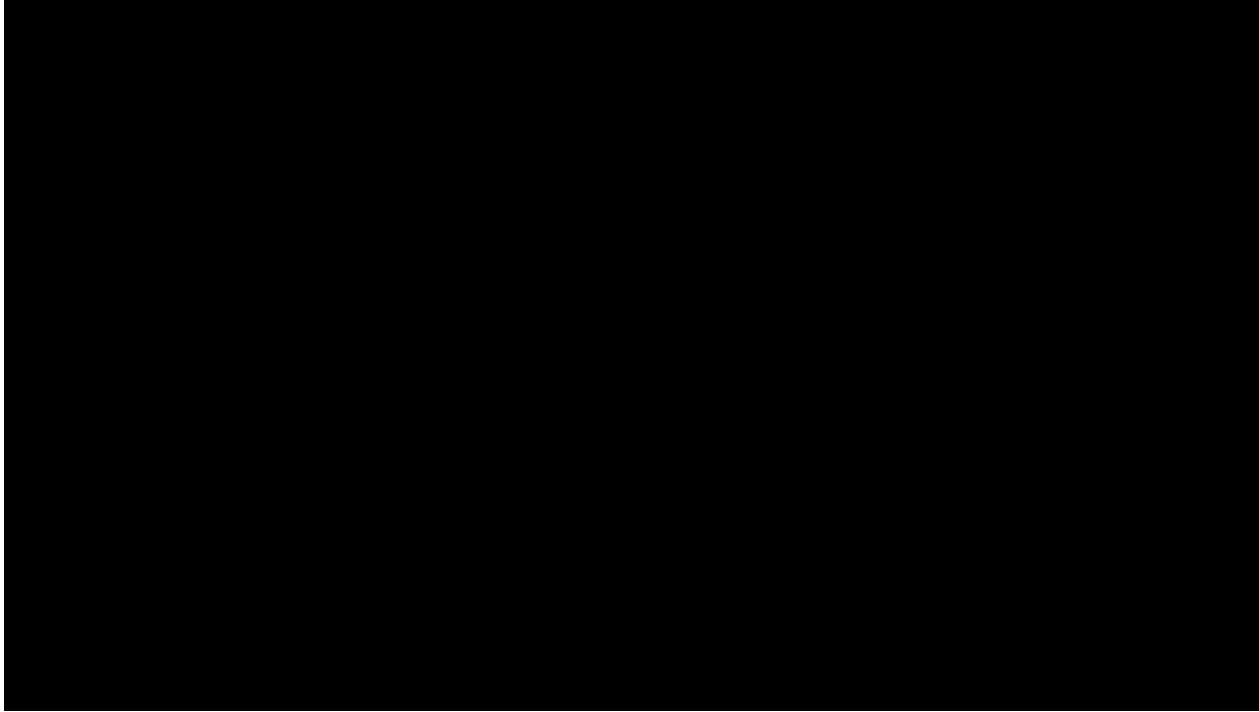
Cartesian



Delta

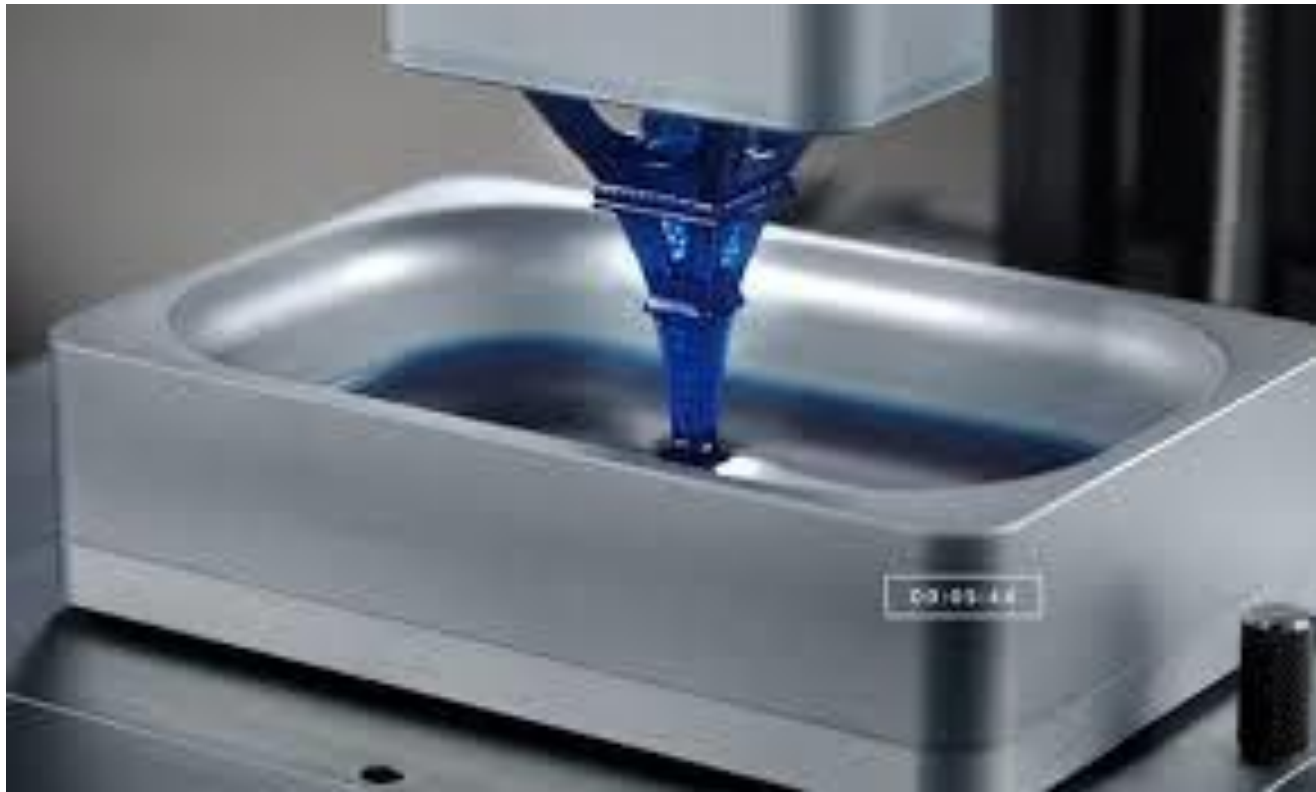


Delta Style Printer (video)

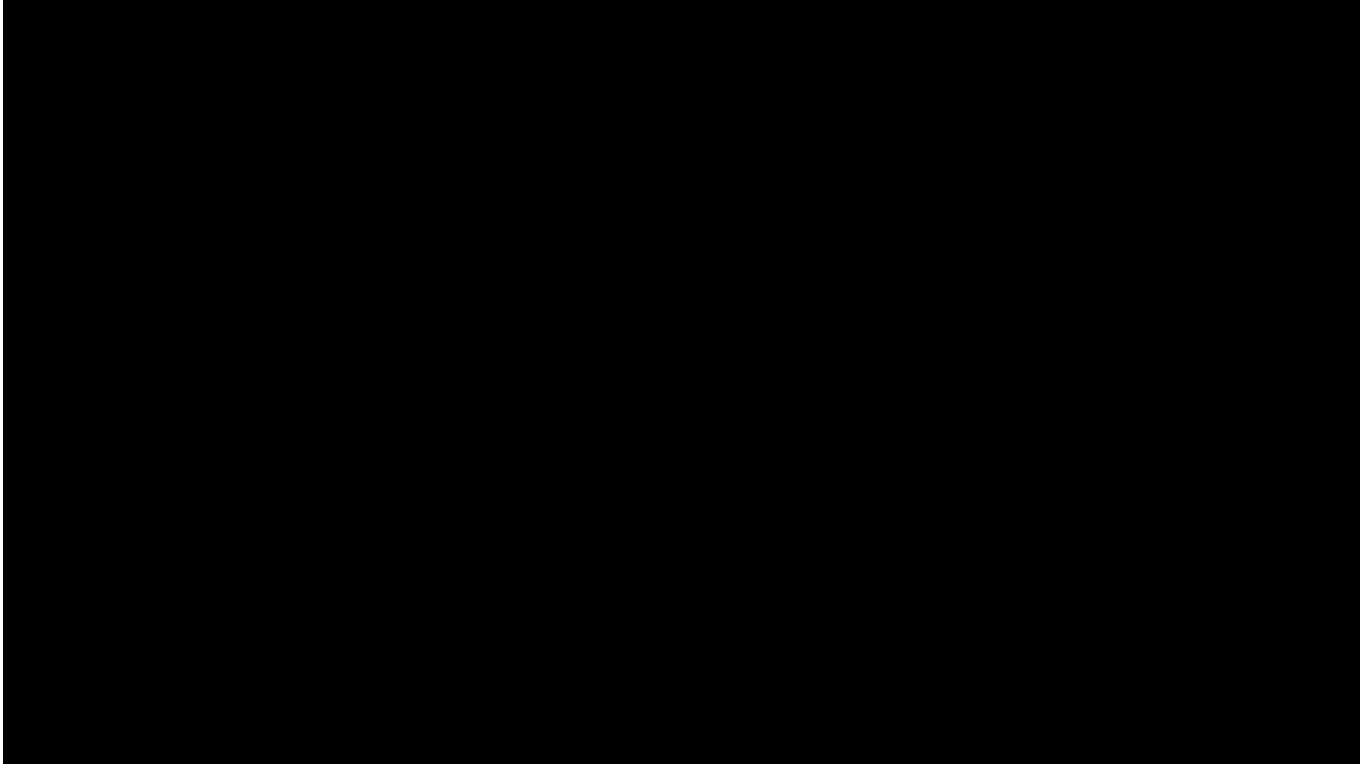


(https://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=player_embedded&v=zQxa920YGaU)

DLP



DLP Style Printer



(https://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=player_embedded&v=nxhUjPmxrP0)

Money, Money, Money

- Overall price range \$300 - \$2500+
- Why the difference?
- Technology (type) and build volume.

Money, Money, Money

- FREE!
- Boise Public Library
 - Online sign-up 2 hour slots
- Meridian Library District (Unbound)
 - Send them your model

Differences

- Technology (material)
 - Filament
 - PLA (\$300 kit)
 - ABS (heated bed) (+\$100)
 - Assembled (+\$150)
 - Dual Head (+\$200)
 - Resin (DLP)

Differences

- Build Volume
 - 4" x 4" x 4" (\$300)
 - 10" x 10" x 10" (\$1000+)
 - 7" x 15" x 7" DLP (\$2500+)

Filament

- Size 1.75mm (standard) & 3.00mm (old)
- Material
 - PLA (Strong, stiff, fast print)
 - ABS (Heated bed, higher temp, slight flex)
 - Flex (rubber like)

Filament Exotics

- Material
 - Nylon (Very Strong, very high print temp)
 - Wood
 - Conductive
 - Metallic (bronze, iron, etc)
 - Ceramic

What to Print?

- You need a 3D model (.stl file)
 - Use an existing model
 - www.thingiverse.com
 - Make your own model
 - Tinkercad (web based)
 - OnShape (web based)
 - Meshmixer
 - Blender (open source)
 - Autocad 123D Design
 - openSCAD (open source; code based)

How to Print?

- 3D printers use GCode
 - Set of instructions (movement, speed, temp, etc)

(**** start.gcode for The Replicator, dual head ****)

M103 (disable RPM)

M73 P0 (enable build progress)

G21 (set units to mm)

G90 (set positioning to absolute)

M109 S065 T0 (set HBP temperature)

M104 S220 T0 (set extruder temperature) (temp updated by printOMatic)

...

G1 X-29.91 Y-29.91 Z0.1 F1080.0 E1.0

G1 X-23.5 Y-35.17 Z0.1 F1080.0 E1.3

G1 X-16.19 Y-39.08 Z0.1 F1080.0 E1.6

G1 X-8.25 Y-41.49 Z0.1 F1080.0 E1.9

Slicers

- Convert Models to GCode
 - Cura (Ultimaker)
 - Repetier (includes Slic3r)
 - Skeinforge used in ReplicatorG (oldie but a goodie)
 - KISSlicer
 - Makerware (Makerbot)
 - Simplify3D (\$\$\$)

Terminology / Settings

- Layer Height
- Shells
- Infill
- Support
- Skirt (brim)
- Raft

Terminology / Settings

- Layer Height
 - 0.1 mm, (fine)
 - 0.2 mm, (med)
 - 0.3 mm (coarse)

Bed Leveling is Important

- Layer height (0.1, 0.2, 0.3mm)
 - $1/64'' \sim 0.4\text{mm}$
 - Sheet of paper is $\sim 0.05\text{mm}$ thick

Terminology / Settings

- Shells –
 - How many layers around the outside
 - 1,2,...? (2 is common, 4 or more extreme)

Terminology / Settings

- Infill –
 - 10% - 100%
 - 10% - 20% is common

Infill



10%



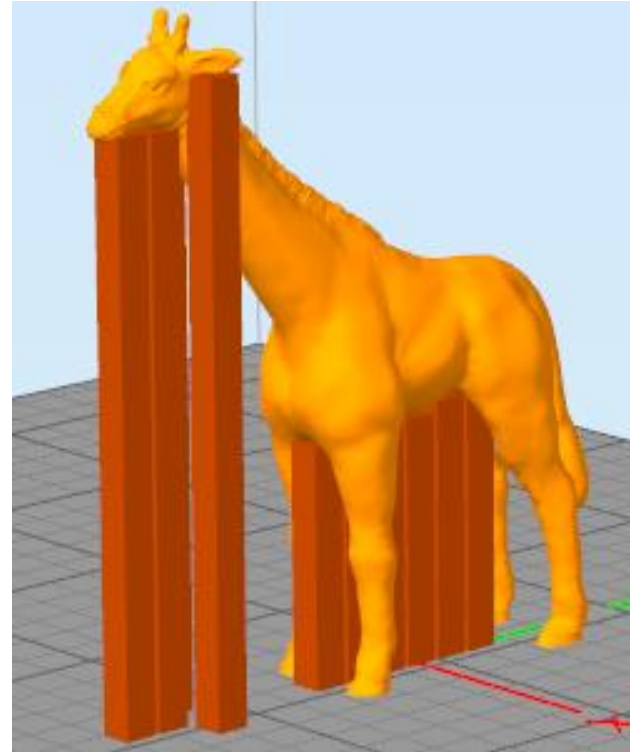
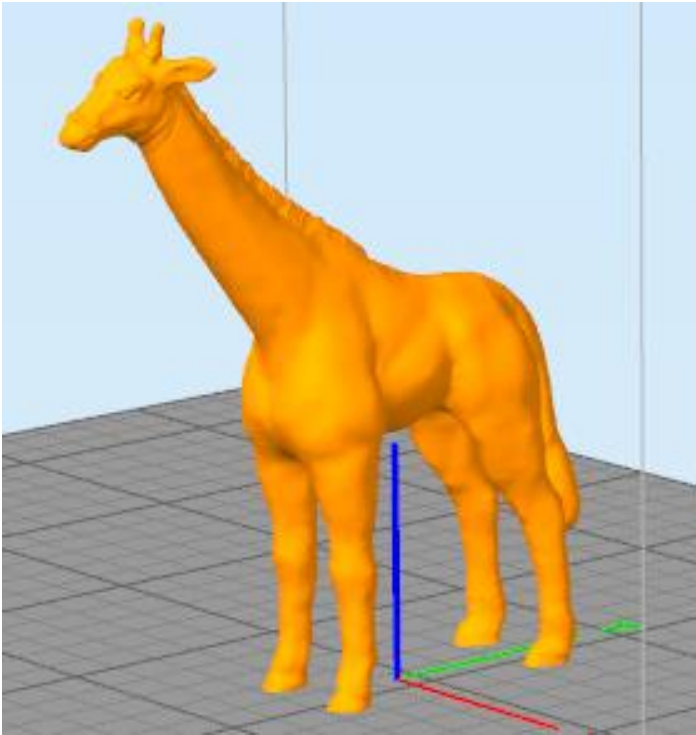
40%

Terminology / Settings

- Support
 - Printed material that is not part of the finished model
 - scaffolding

Support

- Overhangs

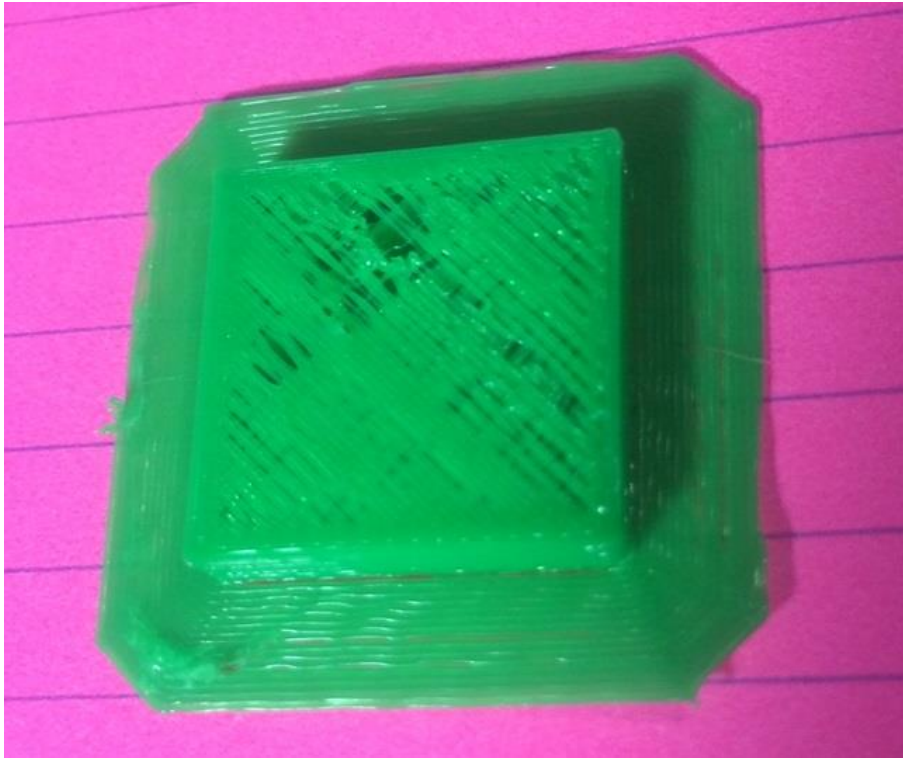


Terminology / Settings

- Skirt (brim)
- Raft

These are both used to help the model stick to the build platform and reduce warping

Skirt / Brim



Top



Bottom

Raft



Top



Bottom

Stick It

- First layer is the most important layer
- Getting the first layer to adhere to the print bed
 - Painters tape (blue tape) – PLA only
 - Glass with hairspray
 - Kapton tape
 - ABS juice (ABS and acetone)

Danger! Danger! Will Robinson!

Plastic	Bed / Table		Nozzle	
	C	F	C	F
PLA	0 – 65	0 - 149	200 - 210	392 – 410
ABS	110 – 115	230 - 239	225 - 235	437 - 455

Common Tools



How Many 'x' Can I Print?

- Matter is neither created nor destroyed
- A standard spool of filament is 1kg (2.2 pounds)
- Ukulele weighs about 425g (0.425kg) so it took just under half a spool of filament.
- A cookie cutter weighs $< 10\text{g}$
 - $1000\text{g} / 10 = 100$ so you can print about 100 cookie cutters from a single 1kg (1000g) spool of filament.

Questions!