

**Note: The last 8 points are based on the level of explanation, give partial as you see fit.**

**2) (10 pts) ANL (Algorithm Analysis)**

A brute force algorithm which processes all permutations of  $n$  routines runs in  $O(n \times (n!))$  time. On a particular computer, executing the algorithm for  $n = 9$  takes 180 milliseconds. How many seconds is the algorithm expected to take on an input of size  $n = 11$ , run on the same computer?

Let  $T(n) = cn(n!)$  be the execution time for the algorithm run on an input of size  $n$ . Using the given information we have:

$$T(9) = c9(9!) = 180 \text{ ms} \rightarrow c = \frac{180 \text{ ms}}{9(9!)} = \frac{20 \text{ ms}}{9!}$$

Let's now solve for  $T(11)$ :

$$\begin{aligned} T(11) &= c(11)(11!) = \frac{20\text{ms}}{9!} \times 11 \times 11! \\ &= 20\text{ms} \times \frac{11(11!)}{9!} \\ &= 20\text{ms} \times \frac{(11)9!(10)(11)}{9!} \\ &= 20\text{ms} \times 11 \times 10 \times 11 \\ &= 20\text{ms} \times 1210 \\ &= 24200\text{ms} \\ &= \mathbf{24.2 \text{ seconds}} \end{aligned}$$

**Grading: 1 pt set up equation for c**  
**3 pts solve for c, no simplification necessary**  
**1 pt set up expression for T(11)**  
**1 pt substitute value of c and 11**  
**3 pts for algebraic simplification**  
**1 pt converting to seconds**