3) (10 pts) ANL (Recurrence Relations)

What is the closed form for the following recurrence relation, T(N)? For full credit your work must be shown. Note: Your answer should be **EXACT** and not a Big-Oh bound.

$$T(N) = 2T(N-1) + N \text{ (for N } \ge 1)$$

$$T(O) = O$$

Note: this problem does not fit the form for using master's theorem. Use the iteration technique:

$$T(N) = 2T(N-1) + N$$
 Grading: 1pt
$$T(N-1) = 2T(N-1-1) + N - 1$$

$$T(N-1) = 2T(N-2) + N - 1$$

$$T(N) = 2(2T(N-2) + N - 1) + N$$
 Grading: 1 pt
$$T(N-2) = 2T(N-2-1) + N - 2$$

$$T(N-2) = 2T(N-3) + N - 2$$

$$T(N) = 4(2T(N-3) + N - 2) + 2(N-1) + N$$

$$T(N) = 8T(N-3) + 4(N-2) + 2(N-1) + N$$
 Grading: 1 pt

General Form after *k* iterations

$$T(N) = 2^k T(N-k) + \sum_{i=0}^{k-1} 2^i (N-i)$$
 Grading: 2pts

We want k to be large enough to terminate the recursion i.e. T(N-k) = T(0). Thus N-k = 0, or N=k

Plugging in N for k we get

$$T(N) = 2^{N}T(0) + \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} 2^{i}(N-i)$$
 Grading: 2 pts
$$T(N) = 2^{N}0 + (2^{N-1}(1) + 2^{N-2}(2) + 2^{N-3}(3) + \dots + 2^{0}(N))$$

$$T(N) = (2^{N-1}(1) + 2^{N-2}(2) + 2^{N-3}(3) + \dots + 2^{0}(N))$$

Multiply the equation above through by 2 to obtain: Grading: 1 pt $2T(N) = (2^{N}(1) + 2^{N-1}(2) + 2^{N-2}(3) + ... + 2^{1}(N))$

Take the difference of 2T(N) and T(N)

$$2T(N) - T(N) = (2^{N}(1) + 2^{N-1}(2) + 2^{N-2}(3) + \dots + 2^{1}(N)) - (2^{N-1}(1) + 2^{N-2}(2) + 2^{N-3}(3) + \dots + 2^{1}(N-1) + 2^{0}(N))$$

$$T(N) = (2^{N}(1) + 2^{N-1}(1) + 2^{N-2}(1) + \dots + 2^{1}(1) - 1(N))$$

$$T(N) = (2^{N+1} - 2) - N$$

Grading: 2pts to subtract and get to final answer.

Grading Notes: Give 6/10 if wrong general guess but the rest of it is correct after the general guess. (So 4 pts for upto the general part, 2 pts for solving the incorrect recurrence.)

Computer Science Foundation Exam

January 14, 2023

Section D

ALGORITHMS

NO books, notes, or calculators may be used, and you must work entirely on your own.

SOLUTION

Question #	Max Pts	Category	Score
1	10	DSN	
2	10	DSN	
3	5	ALG	
TOTAL	25		

You must do all 3 problems in this section of the exam.

Problems will be graded based on the completeness of the solution steps and <u>not</u> graded based on the answer alone. Credit cannot be given unless all work is shown and is readable. Be complete, yet concise, and above all <u>be neat</u>. For each coding question, assume that all of the necessary includes (stdlib, stdio, math, string) for that particular question have been made.