

## 1) (10 pts) ANL (Algorithm Analysis)

Give the Big-O run-times for each of the following operations in terms of the variables given in the description. When a particular implementation is not explicitly stated, assume an efficient implementation is used. In order to earn full credit, you must provide a simplified, asymptotically tight bound. (For example, if  $O(n)$  was the correct answer,  $O(5n)$  and  $O(n^2)$  would not receive full credit, even though both are technically correct.)

- a) Merging a sorted array of size  $m$  with a sorted array of size  $n$  into one sorted array. \_\_\_\_\_
- b) Creating a heap out of  $n$  unsorted integers. \_\_\_\_\_
- c) **Worst case** run-time of running a Quick Sort on  $n$  integers. \_\_\_\_\_
- d) Inserting an element to the front of a linked list with  $n$  elements. \_\_\_\_\_
- e) Deleting  $m$  items, one by one, from an **AVL** tree which originally contains  $n$  items ( $n \geq m$ ) \_\_\_\_\_
- f) A sequence of  $p$  push operations onto a stack that originally had  $n$  elements on it. (Assume the stack has enough space to handle the sequence of push operations.) \_\_\_\_\_
- g) **Average case** run time of an insertion sort on  $n$  unsorted integers. \_\_\_\_\_
- h) Calculating  $a^b \bmod c$ , using fast modular exponentiation, assuming that each multiply and each mod operation take  $O(1)$  time. \_\_\_\_\_
- i) Pre-order traversal of a binary tree with height  $h$  and  $n$  nodes. \_\_\_\_\_
- j) **Worst case** run-time for searching for an element in a binary search tree with  $n$  nodes. \_\_\_\_\_