Problem Set 7: Play WAV Files

Please send back to me via NYU Classes

 A zip archive named as PS07_<your name as First_Last>.zip containing the C code files that implements all aspects of all problems.

Total points: 100

Points are awarded as follows:

- 20 Points parse comment line, print usage or open files
- 20 Points Initialize structure and allocate buffers
- 20 Points Startup PortAudio and create Ncurses loop
- 20 Points Play file to audio output
- 20 Points clear code, sensible formatting, good comments

References

Way file reference

http://soundfile.sapp.org/doc/WaveFormat/

libportaudio reference

http://www.portaudio.com/

libsndfile reference

http://www.mega-nerd.com/libsndfile/

The following URLs provides a good reference for C language library function usage:

https://en.cppreference.com/w/

http://www.cplusplus.com/reference/cstdlib/

Playout of WAV Files

You are given Bash script **build.sh** that compiles and links this program

Add to the code in the instructor-supplied file **play_wavfiles.c** and fill in code under the comment blocks.

Your program plays a selected one of several WAV files to the laptop speaker. Program uses:

sndfile library to read WAV files

PortAudio library to play audio data to speaker using a callback function neurses library to read key presses without waiting for CR

libsndfile, libportaudio, Ncurses

You should have these installed these libraries at the first lab session.

(20 points) Parse command line and open all files

Create a program that has the following command line usage:

```
./a.out ifile_list.txt
Where
    ifile_list.txt is a plain text file that contains a list of WAV audio files that
```

All files must have the same sampling rate and same number of channels and be no more than MAX CHN channels.

Parse command line and open input file

can be played

Parse the command line. If parsing fails, print an error diagnostic and exit. If successful, open ifile_list.txt and read each line which is a path to one of the WAV files that can be selected and played. Print list of input files paths with a number indicating order in the file.

```
Input files:
     0    file1.wav
     1    file2.wav
(etc.)
```

Open WAV files

Use the libsndfile library to open WAV audio files and read the SNDFILE header of each input file. Use error checking and error reporting in all operations.

Members of the SF INFO structure that you will want to access are:

```
sfinfo.samplerate;
sfinfo.channels;
sfinfo.format;
```

Check that all files have the same sampling rate and same number of channels. If not, print an error and exit.

(20 points) Initialize structure and allocate buffers

Initialize data structure

The example code shows the definition of the structure Buf:

```
typedef struct {
    /* libsndfile data structures */
    SNDFILE *sndfile[MAX_IFILES];
    SF_INFO sfinfo[MAX_IFILES];
    unsigned int num_chan;
    int selection;
    float *buffer;
} Buf;
```

The main program declares iBuf of type Buf and a pointer p to iBuf. Initialize the value num_chan. The variable selection indicates to the callback which file should be played out. Initilize this to -1 which causes the callback to write zeros into the D/A output buffer.

(20 Points) Startup PortAudio and create Ncurses loop PortAudio

The code to start up and shut down Port Audio is given, and uses functions supplied in instructor-supplied files paUtils.c and paUtils.h.

Ncurses

Use nourses example code to receive key presses and take action. Possible actions based on key pressed are:

- 1 ... N Switch to playing input file corresponding to the number pressed.
- Q Quit the program

If Quit, then close all files and free all allocated storage before exiting.

In the code, iBuf.selection functions as a one-way information link (a 1-element FIFO) between the main thread and the callback thread. This eliminates the possibility that read/write race conditions might cause undesired output.

(20 points) Play file to audio output

Use the PortAudio library callback function to enable playing the buffers of input file to D/A.

In Callback

Fill output buffer from file data associated with selected WAV file. In the body of the callback,

- Read the selection variable
- If selection is -1, fill output buffer with zeros.
- Otherwise, selection is the index of the sndfile data structures and hence selects a file to play. Use sf_readf_float() to read framesPerBuffer frames of float-valued audio samples from the read position of the selected file into the callback output buffer.
- If the returned count from sf_readf_float() is less than framesPerBuffer, execute sf_seek(sndfile, 0, SF_SEEK_SET) to rewind to the start of audio data and then do another sf_readf_float() to read sufficient floats to fill the reminder of the buffer.