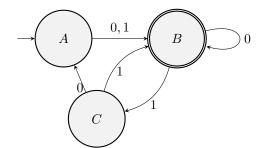


## COS 210 Worksheet 8

- This worksheet consists of 5 questions for a total of 13 marks.
- Show your working for all calculations and reasoning.



Consider the ruleset for a context-free grammar, where  $V = \{S, A, B\}$ ,  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ , and S is the start variable Perform Step 2 of converting the ruleset to be in Chomsky Normal Form: eliminate all  $\epsilon$ -rules. Show all steps.

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{S} &\to \mathbf{A} \\ \mathbf{A} &\to 0 \mathbf{A} \mid \mathbf{1B} \mid \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{B} &\to 0 \mathbf{B} \mid \mathbf{1A} \mid \epsilon \end{split}$$

**Question 3** ......(3 marks)

Consider the ruleset for a context-free grammar, where  $V = \{S, A, B\}$ ,  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ , and S is the start variable Perform Step 3 of converting the ruleset to be in Chomsky Normal Form, that is, eliminate all unit-rules. Show all steps.

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{S} &\to \mathbf{A} \mid \epsilon \\ \mathbf{A} &\to 0 \mathbf{A} \mid 1 \mathbf{A} \mid \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{B} &\to 0 \mid 1 \mid \mathbf{B} \end{split}$$

Consider the ruleset for a context-free grammar, where  $V = \{S, A, B\}$ ,  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ , and S is the start variable. Perform Step 4 of converting the ruleset to be in Chomsky Normal Form, that is, eliminate all rules having more than two symbols on the right hand side. Show all steps.

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{S} &\rightarrow \mathbf{A} \\ \mathbf{A} &\rightarrow \mathbf{B} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{B} \mid \mathbf{0} \mathbf{A} \mid \mathbf{1} \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{B} &\rightarrow \mathbf{B} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{B} \mathbf{A} \mid \mathbf{1} \mathbf{A} \mid \mathbf{0} \mathbf{B} \end{split}$$

Consider the ruleset for a context-free grammar, where  $V = \{S, A, B\}, \Sigma = \{0, 1\}, \text{ and } S$  is the start variable.

Perform Step 5 of converting the ruleset to be in Chomsky Normal Form, that is, eliminate all rules, whose right hand side contains exactly two symbols, which are not variables. Show all steps.

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{S} \rightarrow \mathbf{AB} \mid \epsilon \\ \mathbf{A} \rightarrow \mathbf{0A} \mid \mathbf{1B} \\ \mathbf{B} \rightarrow \mathbf{00} \mid \mathbf{11} \end{array}$$