### Vim presentation

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## Why vim?

- ► It is **lightweight** (Compared to IDEs/Modern text editors)
- ► Multi-mode text editting means that the shortcuts are easy to hit and remember, NO MORE CTRL!
- ► Heavily extensible with **plugins** and **personalised configs**
- Completely keyboard driven
- ► Pre-installed on all unix systems

### Modes

### Look at the bottom left of your screen

- 1. Normal mode: Default mode for you to input commands and move around (Hit 'Esc' in the other 2 modes)
- 2. Insert mode: Mode for you to type (Hit 'i' in normal mode)
- 3. Visual mode: Used for selecting portions of text for manipulation (Hit 'v' in normal mode)

### Movement

### In normal mode

- ▶ gg => top of page
- ► G => bottom of page
- ▶ 0 => start of sentence
- ▶ \$ => end of sentence
- $\triangleright$  w => jump from word to word
- $\triangleright$  b => jump from word to word **b**
- e => jump from end of word to end of word / or ? => forward or backward search f => find first occurrence of character
- $\triangleright$  t or a => to or around
- ▶ hjkl => HIGHLY UNRECOMMENDED (AND NO ARROW KEYS AS WELL)

## Editting (Stay in normal)

#### In normal mode

- ightharpoonup y => yank (Copy), yy or Y to yank sentence
- ightharpoonup d => delete (Cut), dd to cut sentence, D to cut after your cursor
- ightharpoonup x => Same as d but for one character only
- p => paste after cursor, P to paste before cursor
- r => replace character on cursor

# Editting (Jumps to insert, ie. can continue typing)

- ightharpoonup a => append, A to append at the end of the sentence
- ightharpoonup s => substitute, S to sub everything after your cursor
- c => change (Delete and continue typing), cc to change sentence, C to change after your cursor
- ightharpoonup o => open new line, 0 opens a new line before the current line

### How it works?

```
 \begin{array}{lll} \{Operator\} \ \{Count\} \ \{Motion\} \\ Eg. \ d \ 5 \ w => \ delete \ 5 \ words \ from \ cursor \ Eg. \ y \ t \ j => \ yank \ to \ first \ j \end{array}
```

## Indenting

- ▶ gg=G => Helps to indent the entire file.
- ► Indent manually using << and >>

# Exitting vim

- ► :wq or ZZ => save and quit
- ▶ :q! or ZQ => quit without saving

### Slides here

Link