

Portfolio.java

```

1  import com.opencsv.CSVReader;
2
3  import java.io.File;
4  import java.io.FileReader;
5  import java.io.IOException;
6  import java.net.URISyntaxException;
7  import java.net.URL;
8  import java.util.ArrayList;
9  import java.util.List;
10
11  /**
12   * A portfolio is a collection of properties. It reads properties from a file on disk,
13   * and it can be used to retrieve single properties.
14   * <p>
15   * The file name to read from is passed in at construction. Student name: Dylan Barker, K-
16   * number: 20001430.
17   * @author Michael Kölling and Josh Murphy
18   * @version 2.0
19   */
20  public class Portfolio {
21      private final List<Property> properties;
22
23      /**
24       * Constructor for objects of class Portfolio.
25       */
26      public Portfolio() {
27          properties = loadProperties();
28      }
29
30      /**
31       * @param propertyNumber The index of the property in the portfolio.
32       * @return a property from this Portfolio.
33       */
34      public Property getProperty(int propertyNumber) {
35          return properties.get(propertyNumber);
36      }
37
38      /**
39       * @return the number of Properties in this Portfolio.
40       */
41      public int numberOfProperties() {
42          return properties.size();
43      }
44
45      /**
46       * @return an ArrayList containing the rows in the Airbnb London data set csv file.
47       */
48      public List<Property> loadProperties() {
49          System.out.print("Begin loading Airbnb london dataset...");
50          ArrayList<Property> listings = new ArrayList<>();
51          try {
52              URL url = getClass().getResource("airbnb-london.csv");
53              CSVReader reader = new CSVReader(new FileReader(new
File(url.toURI()).getAbsolutePath()));
54              String[] line;
55              //skip the first row (column headers)
56              reader.readNext();
57              while ((line = reader.readNext()) != null) {
58                  String id = line[0];
59                  String host_id = line[2];
60                  String host_name = line[3];
61                  String neighbourhood = line[4];
62                  double latitude = convertDouble(line[5]);
63                  double longitude = convertDouble(line[6]);
64                  String room_type = line[7];
65                  int price = convertInt(line[8]);
66                  int minimumNights = convertInt(line[9]);
67
68                  Property currentProperty = new Property(id, host_id, host_name,
69                  neighbourhood, latitude, longitude, room_type, price,
70                  minimumNights);
71                  listings.add(currentProperty);
72              }
73          } catch (IOException | URISyntaxException e) {
74              System.out.println("Failure! Something went wrong when loading the property

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file");
75         e.printStackTrace();
76     }
77     System.out.println("Success! Number of loaded records: " + listings.size());
78     return listings;
79 }
80
81 /**
82  * @param doubleString the string to be converted to Double type.
83  * @return the Double value of the string, or -1.0 if the string is
84  * either empty or just whitespace.
85  */
86 private Double convertDouble(String doubleString) {
87     if (doubleString != null && !doubleString.trim().equals("")) {
88         return Double.parseDouble(doubleString);
89     }
90     return -1.0;
91 }
92
93 /**
94  * @param intString the string to be converted to Integer type.
95  * @return the Integer value of the string, or -1 if the string is
96  * either empty or just whitespace.
97  */
98 private Integer convertInt(String intString) {
99     if (intString != null && !intString.trim().equals("")) {
100         return Integer.parseInt(intString);
101     }
102     return -1;
103 }
104 }
105

```

Property.java

```

1  /**
2   * Property is a class that defines a property for display.
3   * <p>
4   * Student name: Dylan Barker, K-number: 20001430.
5   *
6   * @author Michael Kölling and Josh Murphy
7   * @version 2.0
8   */
9  public class Property {
10     private final String id;
11     private final String hostID;
12     private final String hostName;
13     private final String neighbourhood;
14     private final double latitude;
15     private final double longitude;
16     private final String roomType;
17     private final int price;
18     private final int minimumNights;
19     private boolean isFavourite;
20
21     /**
22      * Create a new property with specified initial values.
23      *
24      * @param id          unique identification for the property
25      * @param hostID      unique identification for the host
26      * @param hostName    name of the host
27      * @param neighbourhood general area of the property
28      * @param latitude    geographical y coordinate of property
29      * @param longitude    geographical x coordinate of property
30      * @param roomType    indicates the type of room: entire property or a private room
31      * @param price       price of staying the minimum nights
32      * @param minimumNights required amount of nights in order to book.
33      */
34     public Property(String id, String hostID, String hostName, String neighbourhood, double
latitude, double longitude,
35                     String roomType, int price, int minimumNights) {
36         this.id = id;
37         this.hostID = hostID;
38         this.hostName = hostName;
39         this.neighbourhood = neighbourhood;
40         this.latitude = latitude;
41         this.longitude = longitude;
42         this.roomType = roomType;
43         this.price = price;
44         this.minimumNights = minimumNights;
45
46         isFavourite = false;
47     }
48
49     /**
50      * Accessed to retrieve the ID to display on GUI.
51      *
52      * @return the ID of this property.
53      */
54     public String getID() {
55         return id;
56     }
57
58     /**
59      * Accessed to retrieve the host's ID to display on GUI.
60      *
61      * @return the hostID of this property.
62      */
63     public String getHostID() {
64         return hostID;
65     }
66
67     /**
68      * Accessed to retrieve the latitude to display on GUI.
69      *
70      * @return the latitude of this property.
71      */
72     public double getLatitude() {
73         return latitude;
74     }

```

```

75
76  /**
77   * Accessed to retrieve the longitude to display on GUI.
78   *
79   * @return the longitude of this property.
80   */
81  public double getLongitude() {
82      return longitude;
83  }
84
85  /**
86   * Accessed to retrieve the price to display on GUI.
87   *
88   * @return the price of this property.
89   */
90  public int getPrice() {
91      return price;
92  }
93
94  /**
95   * Checks if the property is a favourite and displays on GUI.
96   *
97   * @return true if this property is currently marked as a favourite, false otherwise.
98   */
99  public boolean isFavourite() {
100      return isFavourite;
101  }
102
103  /**
104   * Accessed to retrieve the price to display on GUI.
105   *
106   * @return the host name of this property.
107   */
108  public String getHostName() {
109      return hostName;
110  }
111
112  /**
113   * Accessed to retrieve the general area to display on GUI.
114   *
115   * @return the neighbourhood of this property.
116   */
117  public String getNeighbourhood() {
118      return neighbourhood;
119  }
120
121  /**
122   * Accessed to retrieve the room type to display on GUI.
123   *
124   * @return the room type of this property.
125   */
126  public String getRoomType() {
127      return roomType;
128  }
129
130  /**
131   * Accessed to retrieve the minimum number of nights to book and displays on GUI.
132   *
133   * @return the minimum number of nights this property can be booked for.
134   */
135  public String getMinNights() {
136      return "" + minimumNights;
137  }
138
139  /**
140   * Toggles whether this property is marked as a favourite or not.
141   */
142  public void toggleFavourite() {
143      isFavourite = !isFavourite;
144  }
145  }
146
147

```

PropertyViewer.java

```

1  import java.net.URI;
2  import java.util.ArrayList;
3
4  /**
5   * This project implements a simple application. Properties from a fixed
6   * file can be displayed.
7   * <p>
8   * Student name: Dylan Barker, K-number: 20001430.
9   *
10  * @author Michael Kölling and Josh Murphy
11  * @version 2.0
12  */
13  public class PropertyViewer {
14      private final PropertyViewerGUI gui;           // the Graphical User Interface
15      private final Portfolio portfolio;
16      private final int portfolioSize;              // size of the property
17      private final ArrayList<Integer> propertyPrices;
18      private Property currentProperty;
19      private int currentPropertyIndex;
20      private int views;
21
22      /**
23       * Creates a PropertyViewer and displays the first property in its GUI.
24       */
25      public PropertyViewer() {
26          gui = new PropertyViewerGUI(this);
27          portfolio = new Portfolio();
28          portfolioSize = portfolio.numberOfProperties();
29
30          // collects property prices for the challenge method
31          propertyPrices = new ArrayList<>();
32
33          currentPropertyIndex = -1;
34          this.nextProperty();
35      }
36
37      /**
38       * Checks if next property index is within bounds and displays in its GUI.
39       */
40      public void nextProperty() {
41          if (++currentPropertyIndex > portfolioSize - 1)
42              currentPropertyIndex = 0;
43          updateProperty();
44      }
45
46      /**
47       * Checks if previous property index is within bounds and displays in its GUI.
48       */
49      public void previousProperty() {
50          if (--currentPropertyIndex < 0)
51              currentPropertyIndex = portfolioSize - 1;
52          updateProperty();
53      }
54
55      /**
56       * Updates GUI with the current property and its details.
57       */
58      private void updateProperty() {
59          currentProperty = portfolio.getProperty(currentPropertyIndex);
60
61          // updates views and prices for challenge methods
62          views++;
63          propertyPrices.add(currentProperty.getPrice());
64
65          gui.showProperty(currentProperty);
66          gui.showID(currentProperty);
67          gui.showFavourite(currentProperty);
68      }
69
70      /**
71       * Toggles the property favourite status and shows it in its GUI.
72       */
73      public void toggleFavourite() {
74          currentProperty.toggleFavourite();
75          gui.showFavourite(currentProperty);
76      }

```

```

77
78
79 //----- methods for challenge tasks -----
80
81 /**
82  * This method opens the system's default internet browser.
83  * The Google maps page should show the current properties location on the map.
84  *
85  * @throws Exception if the default browser is not found or inaccessible.
86  */
87 public void viewMap() throws Exception {
88
89     double latitude = currentProperty.getLatitude();
90     double longitude = currentProperty.getLongitude();
91
92     URI uri = new URI("https://www.google.com/maps/place/" + latitude + "," + longitude);
93     java.awt.Desktop.getDesktop().browse(uri);
94 }
95
96 /**
97  * Accessed to display how many property views there are which is displayed in a new
98  * window.
99  *
100  * @return how many properties are viewed.
101  */
102 public int getNumberOfPropertiesViewed() {
103     return views;
104 }
105
106 /**
107  * Calculates the average price of the properties viewed so far which is displayed in new
108  * window.
109  *
110  * @return the mean price.
111  */
112 public int averagePropertyPrice() {
113     int sum = 0;
114     for (int price : propertyPrices)
115         sum += price;
116     return sum / views;
117 }
118 }
119

```

PropertyViewerGUI.java

```

1  import javax.swing.*;
2  import javax.swing.border.EmptyBorder;
3  import javax.swing.border.EtchedBorder;
4  import java.awt.*;
5
6  /**
7   * PropertyViewerGUI provides the GUI for the project. It displays the property
8   * and strings, and it listens to button clicks.
9   * <p>
10  * Student name: Dylan Barker, K-number: 20001430.
11  *
12  * @author Michael Kölling and Josh Murphy
13  * @version 2.0
14  */
15  public class PropertyViewerGUI {
16      private final PropertyViewer viewer;
17      // fields:
18      private JFrame frame;
19      private JPanel propertyPanel;
20      private JLabel idLabel;
21      private JLabel favouriteLabel;
22      private JTextField hostIDLabel;
23      private JTextField hostNameLabel;
24      private JTextField neighbourhoodLabel;
25      private JTextField roomTypeLabel;
26      private JTextField priceLabel;
27      private JTextField minNightsLabel;
28
29      /**
30       * Create a PropertyViewer and display its GUI on screen.
31       *
32       * @param viewer The base property viewer for the application.
33       */
34      public PropertyViewerGUI(PropertyViewer viewer) {
35          this.viewer = viewer;
36          makeFrame();
37          this.setPropertyViewSize(400, 250);
38      }
39
40      // ---- public view functions ----
41
42      /**
43       * Displays a given property.
44       *
45       * @param property The property to be displayed.
46       */
47      public void showProperty(Property property) {
48          hostIDLabel.setText(property.getHostID());
49          hostNameLabel.setText(property.getHostName());
50          neighbourhoodLabel.setText(property.getNeighbourhood());
51          roomTypeLabel.setText(property.getRoomType());
52          priceLabel.setText("£" + property.getPrice());
53          minNightsLabel.setText(property.getMinNights());
54          this.showID(property);
55          this.showFavourite(property);
56      }
57
58      /**
59       * Set a fixed size for the property display. If set, this size will be used for all
60       * properties.
61       * If not set, the GUI will resize for each property.
62       *
63       * @param width The selected width for the property panel
64       * @param height The selected height for the property panel.
65       */
66      public void setPropertyViewSize(int width, int height) {
67          propertyPanel.setPreferredSize(new Dimension(width, height));
68          frame.pack();
69      }
70
71      /**
72       * Show a message in the status bar at the bottom of the screen.
73       *
74       * @param property The currently displayed property.
75       */

```

```

76     public void showFavourite(Property property) {
77         String favouriteText = " ";
78         if (property.isFavourite()) {
79             favouriteText += "This is one of your favourite properties!";
80         }
81         favouriteLabel.setText(favouriteText);
82     }
83
84     /**
85      * Show the ID in the top of the screen.
86      *
87      * @param property The currently displayed property.
88      */
89     public void showID(Property property) {
90         idLabel.setText("Current Property ID:" + property.getID());
91     }
92
93     // ---- implementation of button functions ----
94
95     /**
96      * Called when the 'Next' button was clicked.
97      */
98     private void nextButton() {
99         viewer.nextProperty();
100     }
101
102     /**
103      * Called when the 'Previous' button was clicked.
104      */
105     private void previousButton() {
106         viewer.previousProperty();
107     }
108
109     /**
110      * Called when the 'View on Map' button was clicked.
111      */
112     private void viewOnMapsButton() {
113         try {
114             viewer.viewMap();
115         } catch (Exception e) {
116             System.out.println("URL INVALID");
117         }
118     }
119
120
121     /**
122      * Called when the 'Toggle Favourite' button was clicked.
123      */
124     private void toggleFavouriteButton() {
125         viewer.toggleFavourite();
126     }
127
128
129     /**
130      * Creates a new window, displaying the current property statistics.
131      */
132     private void viewStatistics() {
133         JFrame window = new JFrame("Statistics Window");
134
135         // JLabel with html to center and put spaces between statements
136         window.add(new JLabel("<html><center>Properties viewed: " +
viewer.getNumberOfPropertiesViewed() +
137             "<br/><br/>" + "Average price of properties viewed: £" +
viewer.averagePropertyPrice()));
138
139         window.pack();
140         window.setLocationRelativeTo(null);
141         window.setVisible(true);
142     }
143
144     // ---- swing stuff to build the frame and all its components ----
145
146     /**
147      * Create the Swing frame and its content.
148      */
149     private void makeFrame() {
150         frame = new JFrame("Portfolio Viewer Application");
151         JPanel contentPane = (JPanel) frame.getContentPane();
152         contentPane.setBorder(new EmptyBorder(6, 6, 6, 6));
153     }

```



```

154 // Specify the layout manager with nice spacing
155 contentPane.setLayout(new BorderLayout(6, 6));
156
157 // Create the property pane in the center
158 propertyPanel = new JPanel();
159 propertyPanel.setLayout(new GridLayout(6, 2));
160
161 propertyPanel.add(new JLabel("HostID: "));
162 hostIDLabel = new JTextField("default");
163 hostIDLabel.setEditable(false);
164 propertyPanel.add(hostIDLabel);
165
166 propertyPanel.add(new JLabel("Host Name: "));
167 hostNameLabel = new JTextField("default");
168 hostNameLabel.setEditable(false);
169 propertyPanel.add(hostNameLabel);
170
171 propertyPanel.add(new JLabel("Neighbourhood: "));
172 neighbourhoodLabel = new JTextField("default");
173 neighbourhoodLabel.setEditable(false);
174 propertyPanel.add(neighbourhoodLabel);
175
176 propertyPanel.add(new JLabel("Room type: "));
177 roomTypeLabel = new JTextField("default");
178 roomTypeLabel.setEditable(false);
179 propertyPanel.add(roomTypeLabel);
180
181 propertyPanel.add(new JLabel("Price: "));
182 priceLabel = new JTextField("default");
183 priceLabel.setEditable(false);
184 propertyPanel.add(priceLabel);
185
186 propertyPanel.add(new JLabel("Minimum nights: "));
187 minNightsLabel = new JTextField("default");
188 minNightsLabel.setEditable(false);
189 propertyPanel.add(minNightsLabel);
190
191 propertyPanel.setBorder(new EtchedBorder());
192 contentPane.add(propertyPanel, BorderLayout.CENTER);
193
194 // Create two labels at top and bottom for the file name and status message
195 idLabel = new JLabel("default");
196 contentPane.add(idLabel, BorderLayout.NORTH);
197
198 favouriteLabel = new JLabel(" ");
199 contentPane.add(favouriteLabel, BorderLayout.SOUTH);
200
201 // Create the toolbar with the buttons
202 JPanel toolbar = new JPanel();
203 toolbar.setLayout(new GridLayout(0, 1));
204
205 JButton nextButton = new JButton("Next");
206 nextButton.addActionListener(e -> nextButton());
207 toolbar.add(nextButton);
208
209 JButton previousButton = new JButton("Previous");
210 previousButton.addActionListener(e -> previousButton());
211 toolbar.add(previousButton);
212
213 JButton mapButton = new JButton("View Property on Map");
214 mapButton.addActionListener(e -> viewOnMapsButton());
215 toolbar.add(mapButton);
216
217 JButton favouriteButton = new JButton("Toggle Favourite");
218 favouriteButton.addActionListener(e -> toggleFavouriteButton());
219 toolbar.add(favouriteButton);
220
221 JButton statisticsButton = new JButton("View Statistics");
222 statisticsButton.addActionListener(e -> viewStatistics());
223 toolbar.add(statisticsButton);
224
225
226 // Add toolbar into panel with flow layout for spacing
227 JPanel flow = new JPanel();
228 flow.add(toolbar);
229
230 contentPane.add(flow, BorderLayout.WEST);
231
232 // building is done - arrange the components
233 frame.pack();
234

```

```
235         // place the frame at the center of the screen and show
236         Dimension d = Toolkit.getDefaultToolkit().getScreenSize();
237         frame.setLocation(d.width / 2 - frame.getWidth() / 2, d.height / 2 - frame.getHeight()
238         / 2);
239         frame.setVisible(true);
240     }
241 }
242
```