

Lab 3 Guidelines

Database Design Using *pgModeler*

Phases of database design *cont.*

Conceptual design

- ✓ Determine the characteristics of real world features that should be included in the db
- ❖ Build a **conceptual model**, e.g. E-R model

Conceptual Schema: E-R diagram

Logical design

- ✓ Describes how data are organized and stored in the db, constraints, and the relationships among the data.
- ❖ Translate the conceptual model to a **logical (conceptual) schema**, e.g., relational model

Relational Logical Schema: Tables with Constraints

Physical design

- ✓ How the database is actually stored in a particular machine
- ✓ Issues related to storage, indexing and memory management.
- ❖ **Physical schema and actual database files** (e.g., tables)

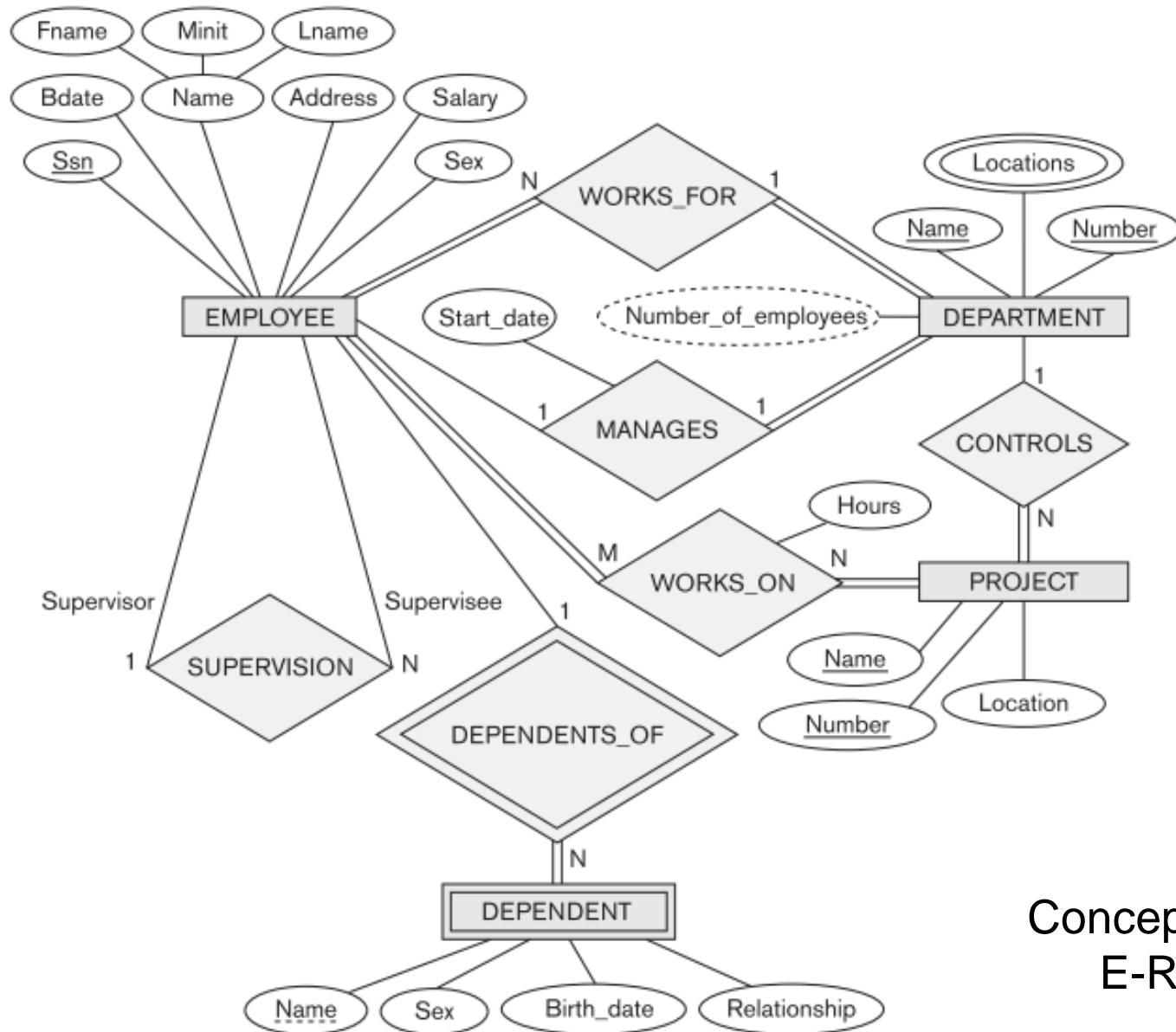
Example: COMPANY Database

Data requirements:

- The company is organized into departments. Each department has a unique name, a unique number, and a particular employee who manages the department. We keep track of the start date when that employee began managing the department. A department may have several locations.
- A department controls a number of projects, each of which has a unique name, a unique number, and a single location.
- We store each employee's name, social security number, address, salary, sex (gender), and birth date. An employee is assigned to one department, but may work on several projects, which are not necessarily controlled by the same department. We keep track of the current number of hours per week that an employee works on each project. We also keep track of the direct supervisor of each employee (who is another employee).
- We want to keep track of the dependents of each employee for insurance purposes. We keep each dependent's first name, sex, birth date, and relationship to the employee.

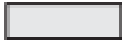











Identify *Entity Types* and *Relationships* among them.

Example: COMPANY Database



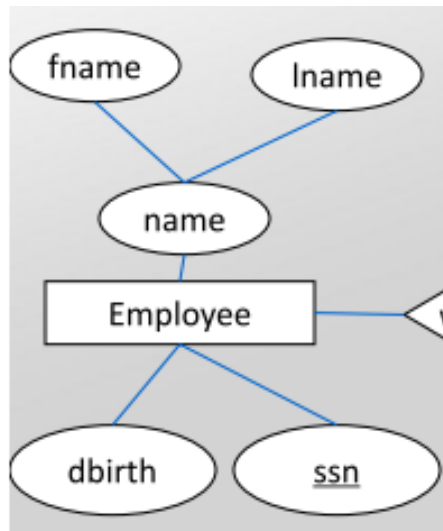
Conceptual Design:
E-R diagram

E-R diagram notations

| Symbol | Meaning |
|---|---|
|  | Entity |
|  | Weak Entity |
|  | Relationship |
|  | Identifying Relationship |
|  | Attribute |
|  | Key Attribute |
|  | Multivalued Attribute |
|  | Composite Attribute |
|  | Derived Attribute |
|  | Total Participation of E_2 in R |
|  | Cardinality Ratio 1: N for $E_1:E_2$ in R |
|  | Structural Constraint (min, max) on Participation of E in R |

Example: COMPANY Database

Logical Design: How to map a E-R diagram into a relational logical schema (a set of tables)?



Primary key and foreign key

DEPARTMENT

| Dname | <u>Dnumber</u> | Mgr_ssn | Mgr_start_date |
|----------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|
| Research | 5 | 333445555 | 1988-05-22 |
| Administration | 4 | 987654321 | 1995-01-01 |
| Headquarters | 1 | 888665555 | 1981-06-19 |

EMPLOYEE

| Fname | Minit | Lname | <u>Ssn</u> | Bdate | Address | Sex | Salary | Super_ssn | Dno |
|----------|-------|---------|------------|------------|--------------------------|-----|--------|-----------|-----|
| John | B | Smith | 123456789 | 1965-01-09 | 721 Fondren, Houston, TX | M | 30000 | 333445555 | 5 |
| Franklin | T | Wong | 333445555 | 1955-12-08 | 638 Voss, Houston, TX | M | 40000 | 888665555 | 5 |
| Alicia | J | Zelaya | 999887777 | 1988-01-19 | 3321 Castle, Spring, TX | F | 25000 | 987654321 | 4 |
| Jennifer | S | Wallace | 987654321 | 1941-06-20 | 291 Berry, Bellars, TX | F | 49000 | 888665555 | 4 |
| Ramesh | K | Narayan | 666884444 | 1962-09-15 | 975 Fire Oak, Humble, TX | M | 38000 | 333445555 | 5 |
| Joyce | A | English | 453453453 | 1972-07-21 | 5631 Rice, Houston, TX | F | 25000 | 333445555 | 5 |
| Ahmad | V | Jabbar | 987987987 | 1969-03-29 | 980 Dallas, Houston, TX | M | 25000 | 987654321 | 4 |
| James | E | Borg | 888665555 | 1937-11-10 | 450 Stone, Houston, TX | M | 55000 | NULL | 1 |

The "Dnumber" column in the "department" table is the PRIMARY KEY in the "department" table

The "dno" column in the "employee" table is a FOREIGN KEY in the "employee" table

Example: COMPANY Database

primary key

foreign key

EMPLOYEE

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|------------|-------|---------|-----|--------|-----------|-----|
| Fname | Minit | Lname | <u>Ssn</u> | Bdate | Address | Sex | Salary | Super_ssn | Dno |
|-------|-------|-------|------------|-------|---------|-----|--------|-----------|-----|

DEPARTMENT

| | | | |
|-------|----------------|---------|----------------|
| Dname | <u>Dnumber</u> | Mgr_ssn | Mgr_start_date |
|-------|----------------|---------|----------------|

DEPT_LOCATIONS

| | |
|----------------|------------------|
| <u>Dnumber</u> | <u>Dlocation</u> |
|----------------|------------------|

PROJECT

| | | | |
|-------|----------------|-----------|------|
| Pname | <u>Pnumber</u> | Plocation | Dnum |
|-------|----------------|-----------|------|

WORKS_ON

| | | |
|-------------|------------|-------|
| <u>Essn</u> | <u>Pno</u> | Hours |
|-------------|------------|-------|

DEPENDENT

| | | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----|-------|---------|
| <u>Essn</u> | <u>Dependent_name</u> | Sex | Bdate | Relatio |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----|-------|---------|

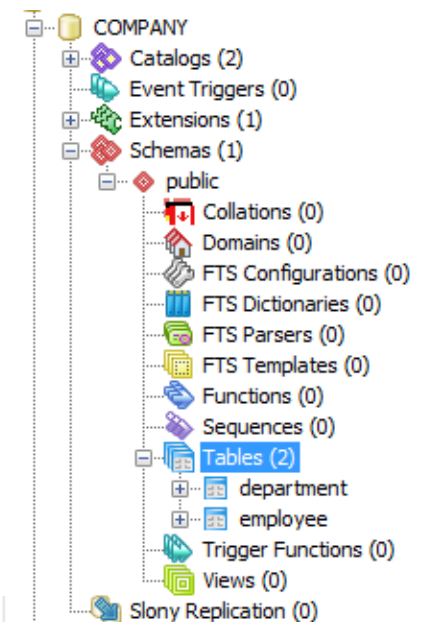
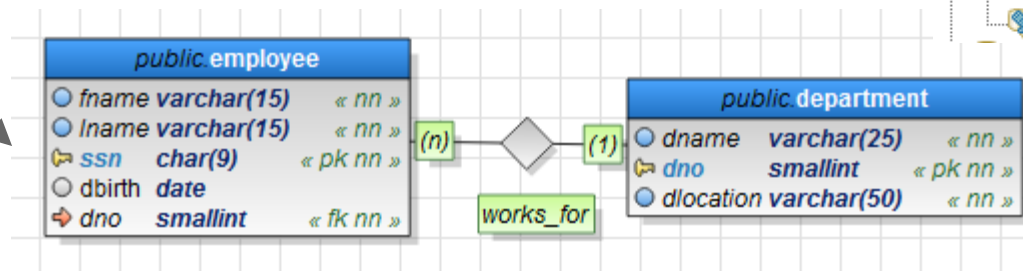
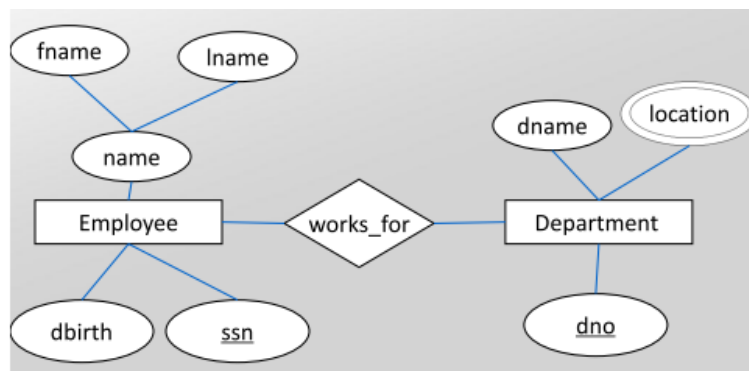
Logical Design:
Complete Relational Logical Schema

Example: COMPANY Database

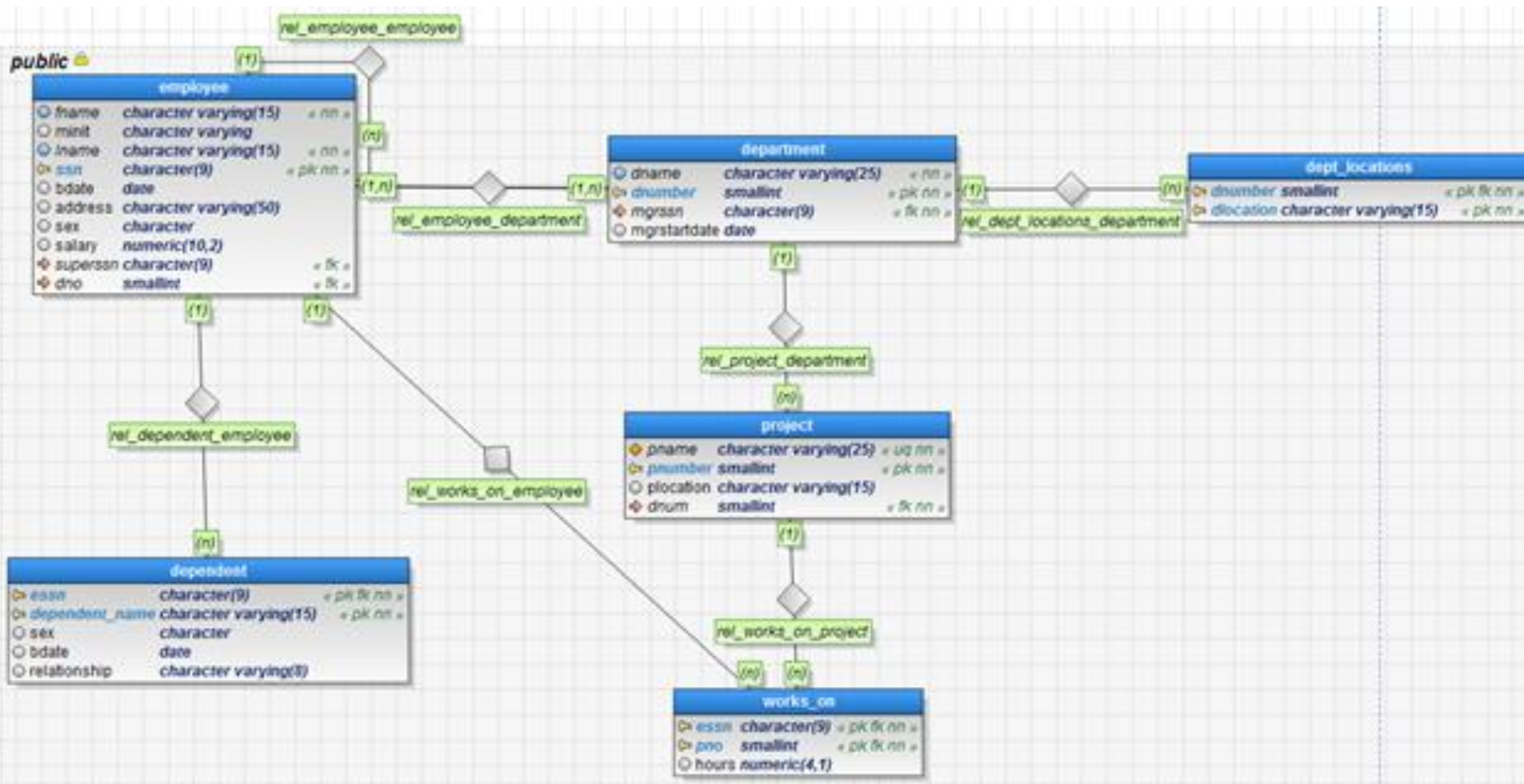
Question:

How to implement *relational logical schema* in a relational DBMS (e.g., PostgreSQL)?

pgModeler Demo:

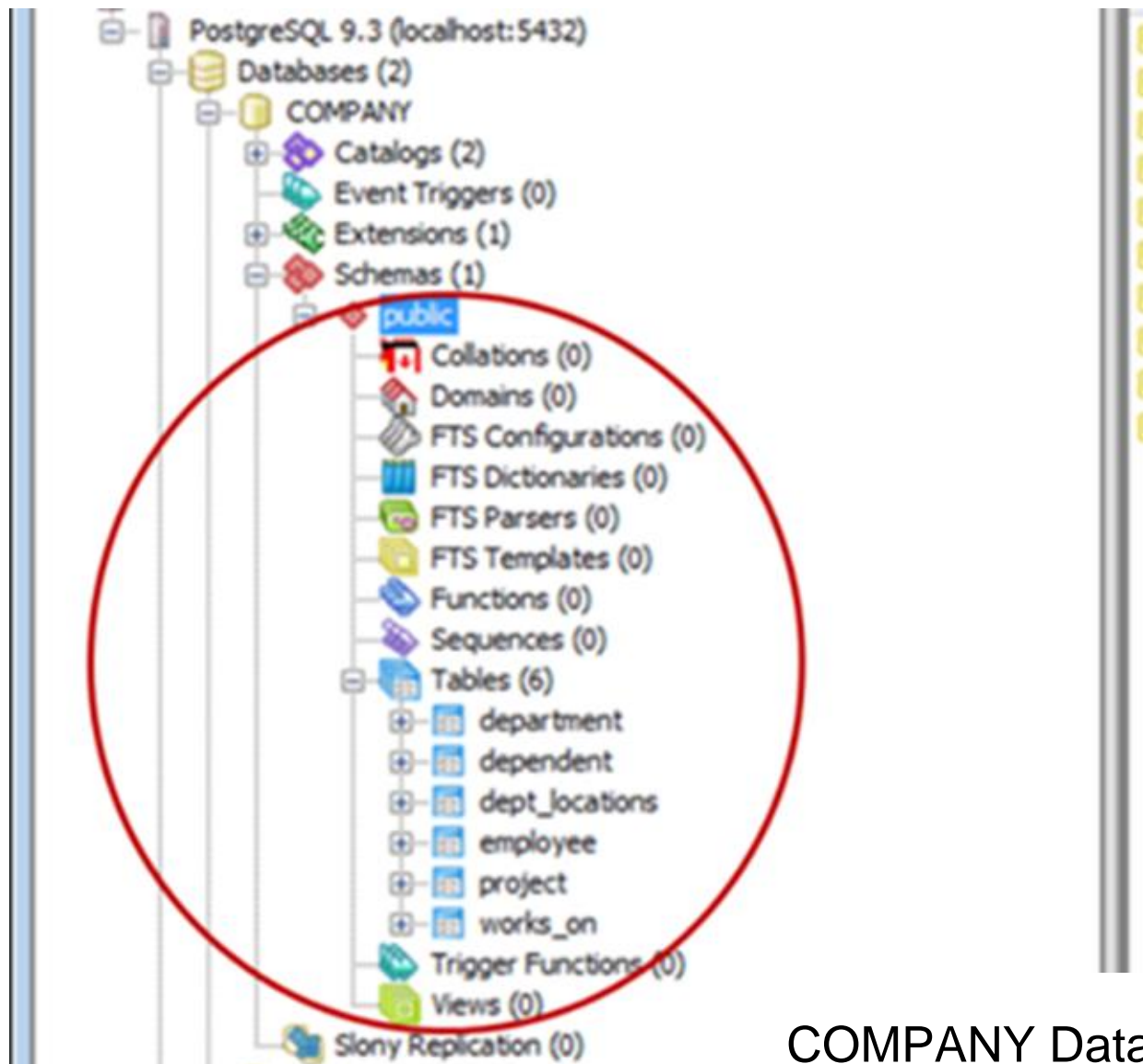


Example: COMPANY Database



Complete E-R model in *pgModeler*

Example: COMPANY Database



COMPANY Database in *PostgreSQL*