# Infectious Epidemiology as a Dynamic Changing Landscape

2019 AMIA Student Design Challenge



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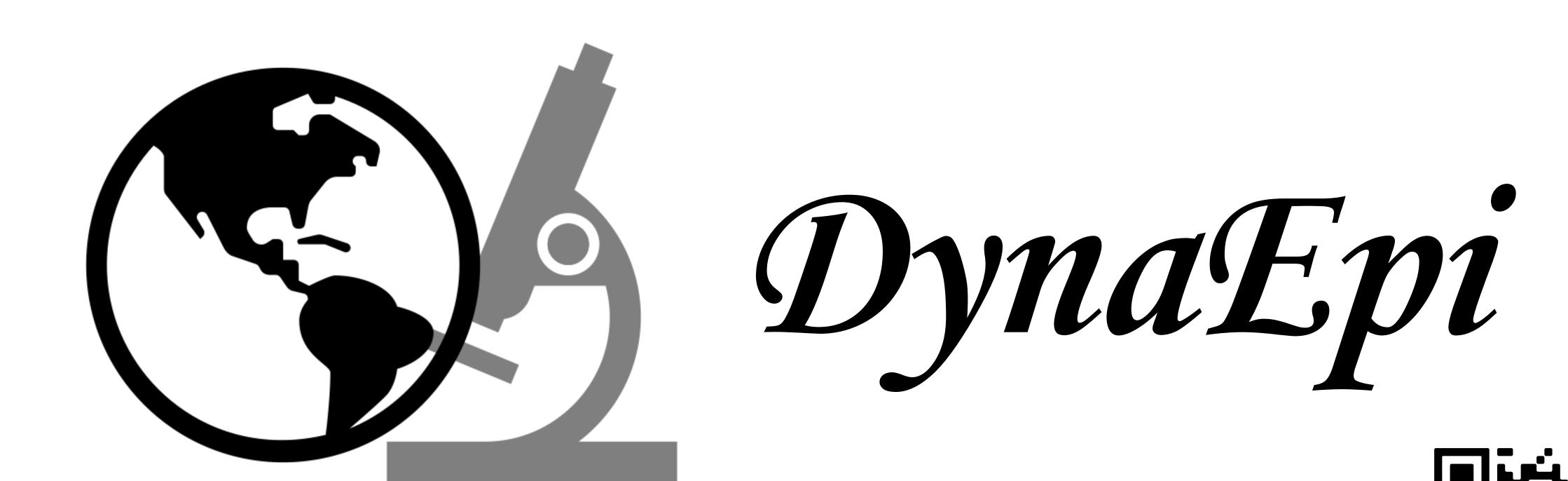
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### The Problem

- 6 in 10 diseases are transmitted from animals<sup>1</sup>
- 75% of emerging diseases are zoonotic<sup>1</sup>
- Changes in Animal Ecology Change Endemic Regions
- International Travel
- Climate Change
- Human Habitation or Habits (E.g., Urban Farming)
- Physician training revolves around static epidemiology knowledge

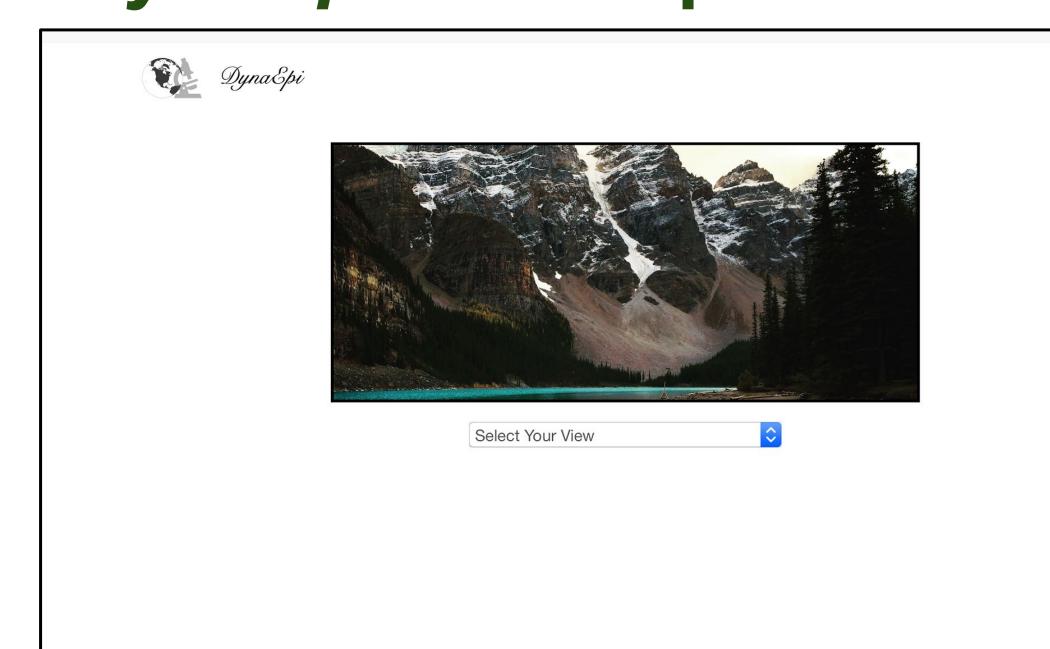
## Unexpected Zoonotic Disease Emergence

- Cluster of Histoplasma capsulatum cases in Saskatchewan, Canada
- Not endemic to region and likely linked with bat migration
- Delayed patient treatment because unexpected and not on physicians' differential diagnosis
- Changes in tick borne disease endemicity and vector behaviour from climate change<sup>2,3</sup>
- Toxoplasma gondii emergence in whale populations in British Columbia<sup>4</sup>



https://github.com/DynaEpi

# DynaEpi Desktop Browser Navigation Views



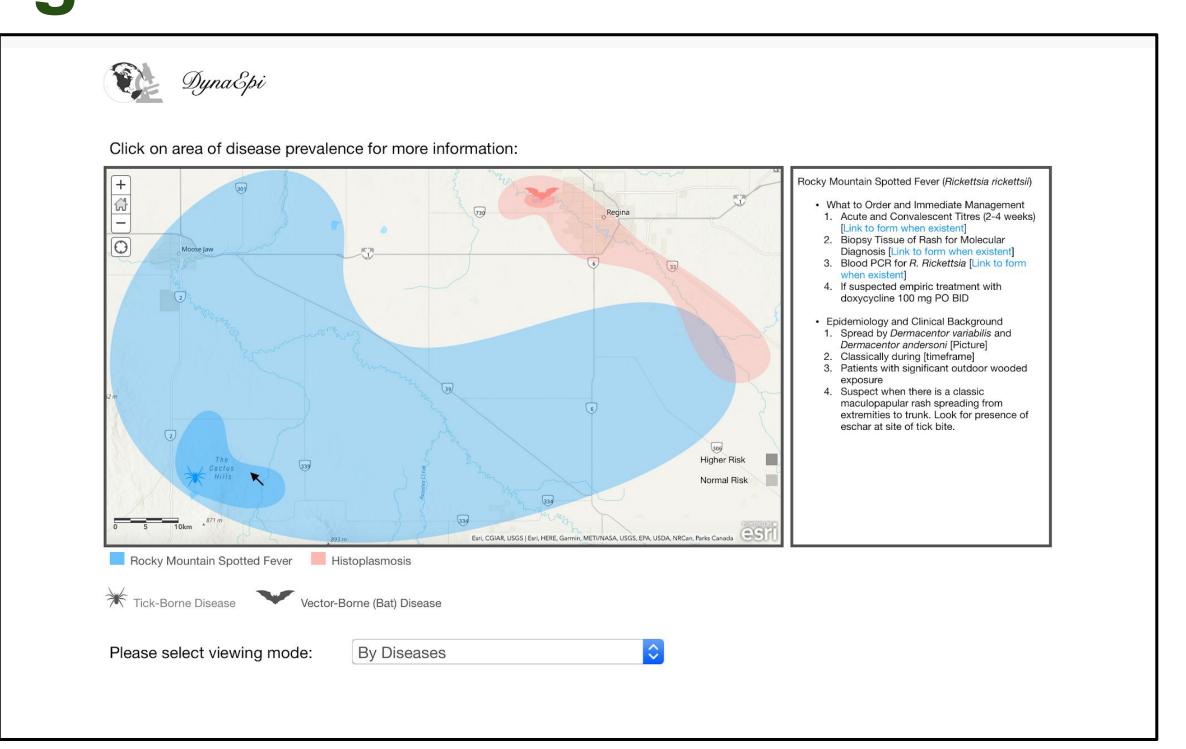


Figure 2: *DynaEpi* Desktop Browser View

Figure 3: Screenshot for Disease View

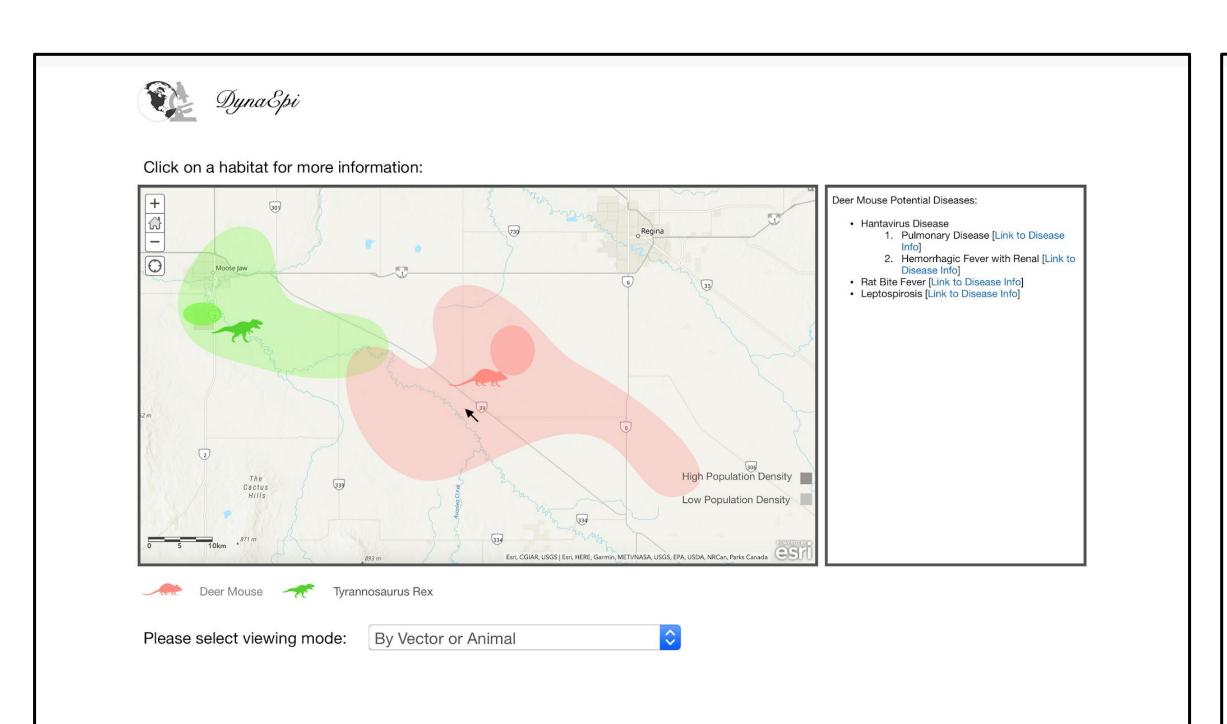


Figure 4: Screenshot for Vector/Animal View

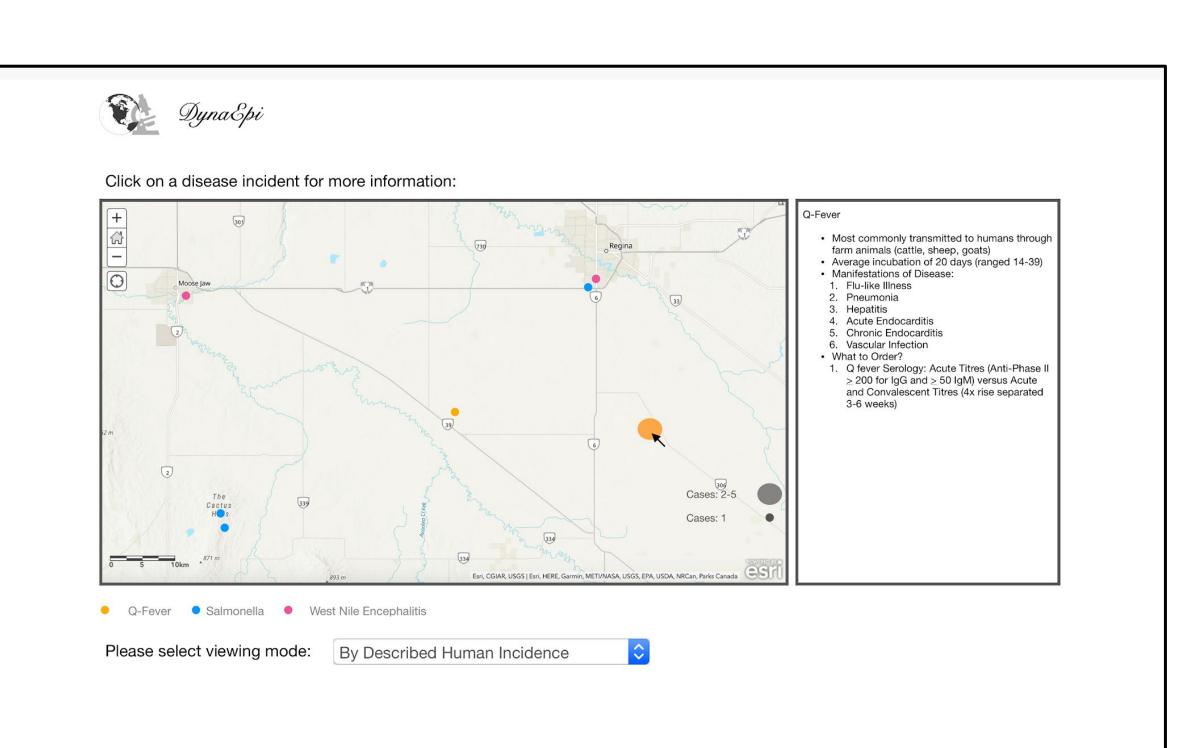


Figure 5: Screenshot for Human Incidence View

References

- 1. CDC. Zoonotic Diseases. Accessed on October 24, 2019.
- 2. Bouchard C, Dibernardo A, Koffi J, Wood H, Leighton PA, Lindsay LR. Increased Risk of Tick-Borne Diseases with Climate and Environmental Changes. CCDR. April 2019. 45(4):81-89.
- 3. Brownstein JS, Holford TR, Fish D. Effect of Climate Change on Lyme Disease Risk in North America. Ecohealth. 2005. 2(1):38-46.
- 4. Dolgin E. As the ice melts. Nature. 2017 Mar 29; 543(7647):S54.

# Epidemiology is Dynamic **Human Health** One Health **Environmental Héalth Animal Health**

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Figure 1: One Health: Animal, Environmental, and Human Health are intricately connected. Impacts on one affect all.

## **UI Design Process**

- Iterative design process based on feedback from different countries, practice settings, and specialties.
- Major Feedback Points and How We Addressed Them:
- High workload and limited time:
  - User-friendly UI
  - Disease view
  - Mobile phone app
- Limited Day-To-Day Applicability:
  - Not for routine clinician use
  - Intended for specific specialties (ID, Emergency Medicine & Critical Care, Epidemiology, Travel, and Public Health)

## **Back-End Data Requirements**

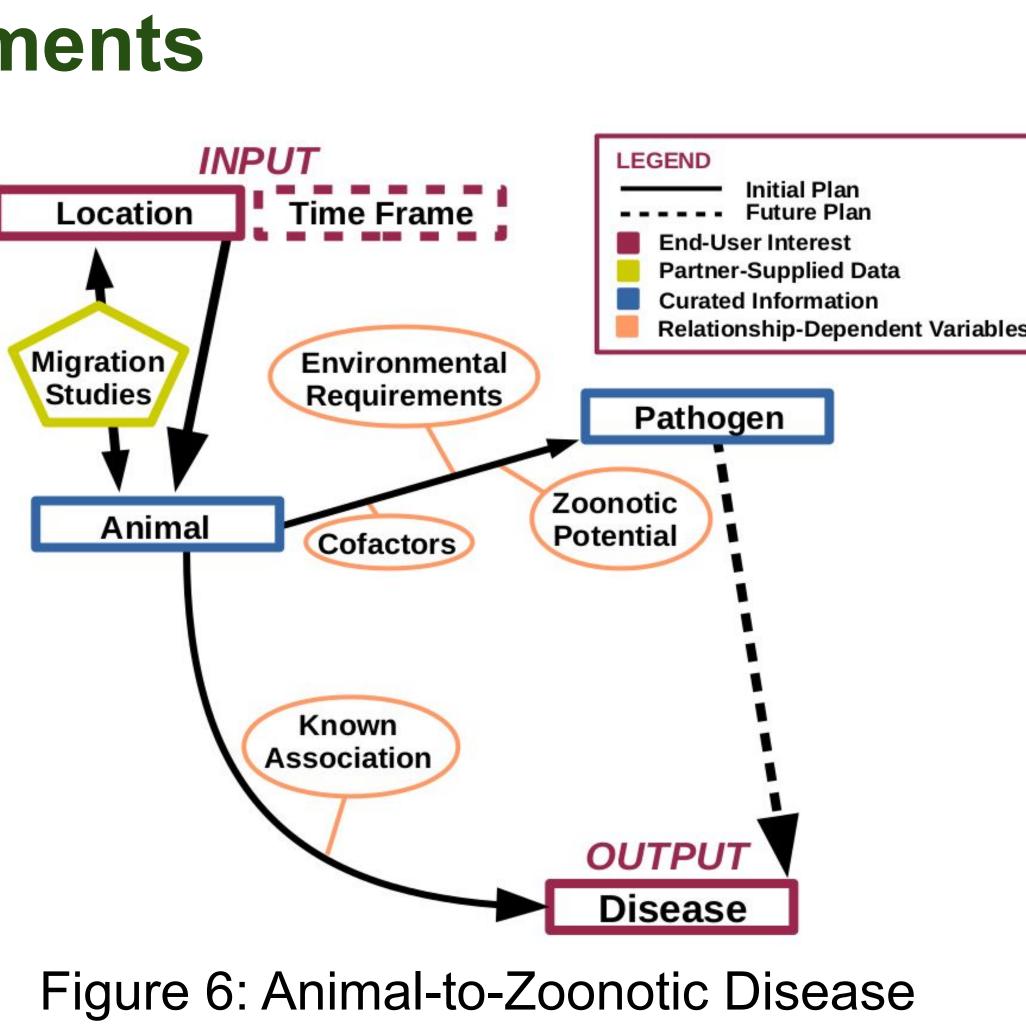
- Animal migration information to be collected from zoological studies from partnering:
- Veterinary Schools
- Researchers
- Public Health Authorities
- Disease Mapping Database specifically designed and to be curated for *DynaEpi*'s current and future visions.

## **Future Plans**

- Mobile phone application
- AI and machine learning/systems models to predict emergence of disease and changes in epidemiology

## Thank You

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Mapping Database Schema: implement expectation is Neo4j. Boxes are nodes, ovals are relationship variables.