Air-water isotope equilibration model

How fast does the isotopic composition of vapour pressure in the atmosphere equilibrate with the isotopic composition of liquid water?

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Introduction

Empty

Model definition

```
# parameters describing the experimental setup
V3 <- 0.005 # air volume (m3)
P <- 101325 # air pressure (Pa)
Rgas <- 8.314 # gas constant (SI)
TK <- 273.15+20 # temperature (K)
fH20 <- 0.01 # molar fraction of water in air at 100% humidity
kf <- 1.4e3 # rate constant of water evaporation (mol m-2 d-1)
A1 <- pi*(6e-3)*12 # area of the water body 1 (m2); 3*4 subcores, each with inner diameter 1.2 cm
A2 \leftarrow 0.25*0.25 # area of the water body 2 (m2); square of 25x25 cm
h1 <- 0.002 # height of the water body 1 (m); height of the overlying water column 2 mm
h2 <- 0.003 # height of the water body 2 (m); water height in the sealed container 3 mm
xini <- 0.002 # natural abundance of 180
x1ini <- 0.002 # initial 180 atom fraction in water body 1
x2ini <- xini # initial 180 atom fraction in water body 2
x3ini <- xini # initial 180 atom fraction of water vapor (water reservoir 3)
rho <- 1e3 # water density (kg m-3)
MW <- 18e-3 # molar weight of water (kg mol-1)
# calculated parameters
N3max <- V3*P/(Rgas*TK) * fH20 # max amount of H20 molecules in air at 100% humidity (mol)
kb <- kf/N3max # rate constant of water condensation (m-2 d-1)
```

```
V1 <- A1*h1 # volume of water in reservoir 1 (m3)
V2 <- A2*h2 # volume of water in reservoir 2 (m3)
# the density of particles (N/V=rho/MW) is assumed to be the same for 160-H20 and 180-H20!
N1ini <- rho*V1/MW # initial amount of H2O molecules in reservoir 1 (mol)
N2ini <- rho*V2/MW # initial amount of H2O molecules in reservoir 2 (mol)
N3ini <- N3max # initial amount of H2O molecules in reservoir 3 (mol)
# model parameters
pars \leftarrow c(A1 = A1,
          A2 = A2
          kf_16 = kf*0.995,
          kf_18 = kf,
          kb_16 = kb*0.995,
          kb_18 = kb
# Initial conditions of the state variables
SVini \leftarrow c(N1_16 = N1ini*(1-x1ini), # all in moles)
           N1_18 = N1ini* x1ini,
           N2_{16} = N2ini*(1-x2ini),
           N2_18 = N2ini* x2ini,
           N3_16 = N3ini*(1-x3ini),
           N3_18 = N3ini* x3ini)
# Model function: calculates time-derivatives and other output
WaterExchangeModel <-function(t, state, pars) {</pre>
  # t: time, state: state variables, pars: model parameters
  with (as.list(c(state, pars)),{
  # current amounts of H2O molecules and isotope ratios
    N1 <- N1_16+N1_18
    N2 <- N2_16+N2_18
    N3 <- N3_16+N3_18
    x1 <- N1 18/N1
    x2 <- N2 18/N2
    x3 <- N3_18/N3
  # rate expressions [mol/d]
    Evap1_16 \leftarrow kf_16 * (1-x1) * A1 * (N1>0)
    Evap1_18 \leftarrow kf_18 * x1 * A1 * (N1>0)
    Cond1_16 \leftarrow kb_16 * (1-x3) * A1 * N3
    Cond1_18 <- kb_18 * x3 * A1 * N3
    Evap2_16 \leftarrow kf_16 * (1-x2) * A2 * (N2>0)
                         x2 * A2 * (N2>0)
    Evap2_18 <- kf_18 *
    Cond2_16 \leftarrow kb_16 * (1-x3) * A2 * N3
    Cond2_18 <- kb_18 *
                           x3 * A2 * N3
  # Time-derivatives: dN/dt = production - consumption [mol/d]
    f <- 0
    dN1_16.dt <- -Evap1_16 + Cond1_16
    dN1_18.dt <- -Evap1_18 + Cond1_18
    dN2_16.dt \leftarrow (-Evap2_16 + Cond2_16)*f
    dN2_18.dt \leftarrow (-Evap2_18 + Cond2_18)*f
    dN3_16.dt <- Evap1_16 - Cond1_16 + (Evap2_16 - Cond2_16)*f
    dN3_18.dt <- Evap1_18 - Cond1_18 + (Evap2_18 - Cond2_18)*f
```

```
Ntot_16 <- N1_16+N2_16+N3_16
    Ntot_18 <- N1_18+N2_18+N3_18
    xtot <- Ntot_18/(Ntot_16+Ntot_18)</pre>
  # return time-derivatives and ordinary variables as a list
    list(c(dN1_16.dt, dN1_18.dt,
           dN2_16.dt, dN2_18.dt,
           dN3_16.dt, dN3_18.dt),
      # other output
     Ntot_16 = Ntot_16,
     Ntot_18 = Ntot_18,
     x1 = x1,
     x2 = x2,
     x3 = x3
     xtot = xtot,
     delta1 = (x1/xini-1)*1e3,
     delta2 = (x2/xini-1)*1e3,
     delta3 = (x3/xini-1)*1e3,
     delta31 = (x3/x1-1)*1e3
    )
  })
}
```

Model solution

Dynamic solution

```
require(deSolve) # package with integration methods
outtimes <- seq(from = 0, to = 0.0002, length.out = 100)
out <- ode(y = SVini, parms = pars, func = WaterExchangeModel, times = outtimes)
plot(out, xlab="time (days)", las=1, lwd=2, mfrow=c(4,4))</pre>
```

