

Maria Helena Fino - EDA For Nanoelectronics 2021

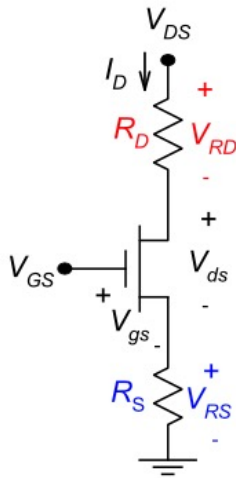
EDA/CAD FOR NANO-ELECTRONICS 2020/21

M. Helena Fino

# EDA for Nanoelectronics

## □ Model 2

### □ Contact Resistances:



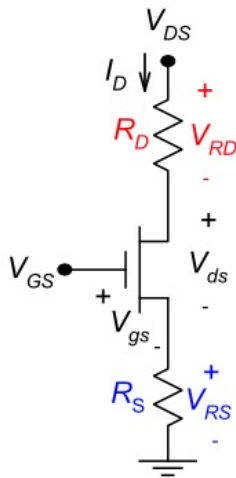
$$V_{gs} = V_{GS} - R_S I_D$$

$$V_{ds} = V_{DS} - (R_S + R_D) I_D$$

# EDA for Nanoelectronics

## □ Model 2

### ▣ Contact Resistances:



These equations  
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integrated into  
model equations

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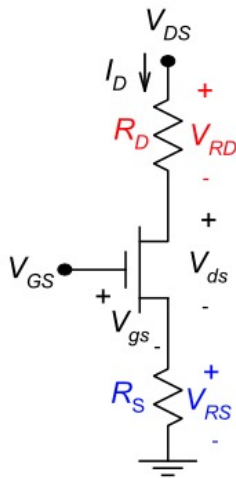
$$I_D = K (V_{gs} - V_T)^m (1 + \lambda V_{ds})$$

See: Rodolfo Rodriguez-Davila et. al, *A New Integration-Based Procedure to Extract the Threshold Voltage, the Mobility Enhancement Factor, and the Series Resistance of Thin- Film MOSFETs*

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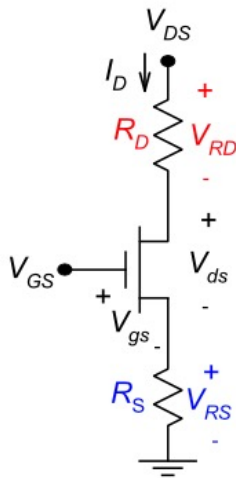
Ignore this ...

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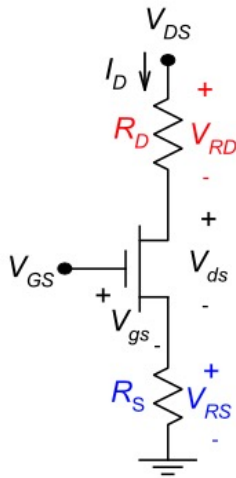
$$I_D = K (V_{GS} - R_S I_D - V_T)^m$$

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$$V_{gs} = V_{GS} - R_S I_D$$

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This is an implicit function

# EDA for Nanoelectronics

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How to deal with fitting and implicit functions, in Python ?

# EDA for Nanoelectronics

How to deal with fitting and implicit functions, in Python ?

- Example:
  - Diode:
    - $I_D = I_s (e^{v_d/v_x} - 1)$  with  $v_x = \eta U_T$
    - $v_d = V_d - r_d \cdot I_d$



# EDA for Nanoelectronics

## How to deal with fitting and implicit functions

- Example:
  - Diode:
    - $I_D = I_s (e^{v_d/v_x} - 1)$  with  $v_x =$
    - $v_d = V_d - r_d \cdot I_d$

```
@author: hfino
"""
import numpy as np
from scipy.optimize import curve_fit
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd

df_diode0=pd.read_csv("diode 1.txt",header=1, sep="\t")
df_diode=df_diode0.to_numpy()

x=df_diode[:,1]
print(x)
y=df_diode[:,0]
print(y)
plt.plot(x,y,'+')

def diode(data, Rd, Ix, Vx):
    v, j = data
    return Ix*(np.exp((v - j * Rd) / Vx)-1)

parameters, parameterscovariance = curve_fit(diode, (x,y), y, maxfev=4000,
                                              bounds = ([0, 0, 0],
                                                         [10, 1e-3, 1]))

Rd=parameters[0]
Is=parameters[1]
Vx=parameters[2]
print('Is=',Is)
print('Rd=',Rd)
print('Vx=',Vx)
plt.plot(x, diode((x,y), parameters[0], parameters[1], parameters[2]))

plt.show()
```