

Report for discrete maths lab work

For more detailed documentation, check the code's documentation

For the lab work, we used python, which is counterproductive.

The functions are as such:

- `symmetric_closure` - makes a symmetric closure of matrix representation of a relation
- `symmetric_check` - check if the matrix representation is symmetric
- `reflexive_closure` - makes a reflexive closure of matrix representation of a relation
- `reflexive_check` - check if the matrix representation is reflexive
- `transitive_closure` - makes a transitive closure of matrix representation of a relation
- `transitive_check` - check if a relation is transitive
- `equivalence_class` - creates a division of a set by the equivalence relation (if makes it equivalent)

The next functions are rather self-explanatory

- `read_file`
- `write_matrix`
- `write_set`

Here's the breakdown of all the complexities:

- `symmetric_closure` - $O(n^2)$
- `symmetric_check` - $O(n^2)$
- `reflexive_closure` - $O(n)$
- `reflexive_check` - $O(n)$
- `transitive_closure` - $O(n^3)$
- `transitive_check` - $O(n^3)$
- `equivalence_class` - $O(n^2)$
- `read_file` - $O(n^2)$
- `write_matrix` - $O(n^2)$
- `write_set` - $O(n^2)$

Notes

- There is a check of matrix's squareness in all the closures

```
assert all(len(matrix) == len(x) for x in matrix) and matrix is not None
```

- Also, the transitive check is $O(n^3)$ because the function makes a transitive closure of a matrix