Candidate Name:

MPSK

February 2024 General Examination

Further Pure Mathematics



Sample Trainees Paper 2024 Early

Upper Secondary Level

Topics Included:

- Logarithmic functions and Indices
- Quadratic Function
- Graphs
- Differentitaion
- Integration
- Area Under Curve
- Trigonometry
- Rectangular Cartesian Coordinates

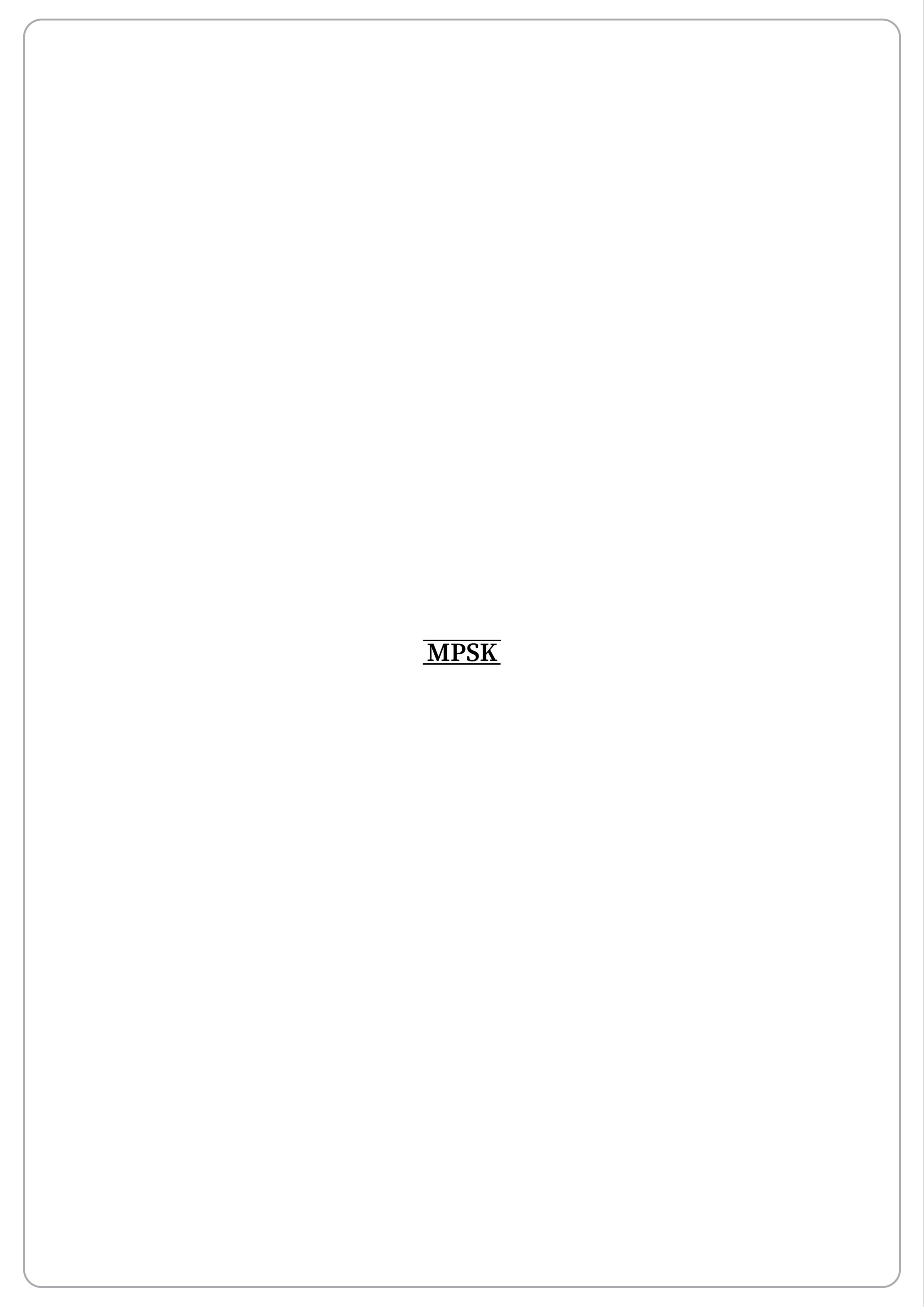
Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name and centre name.
- Answer all questions.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.
- You must **NOT** write anything on the formulae page. Anything you write on the formulae page will gain NO credit.

Details

- This paper was made by MIN PYAE SONE KHAT.
- All questions were made independently and NO questions were ever reused.
- The paper is Copyrighted and reserved under the GPL 2.0 License.
- This was created using Figma and Geogebra.



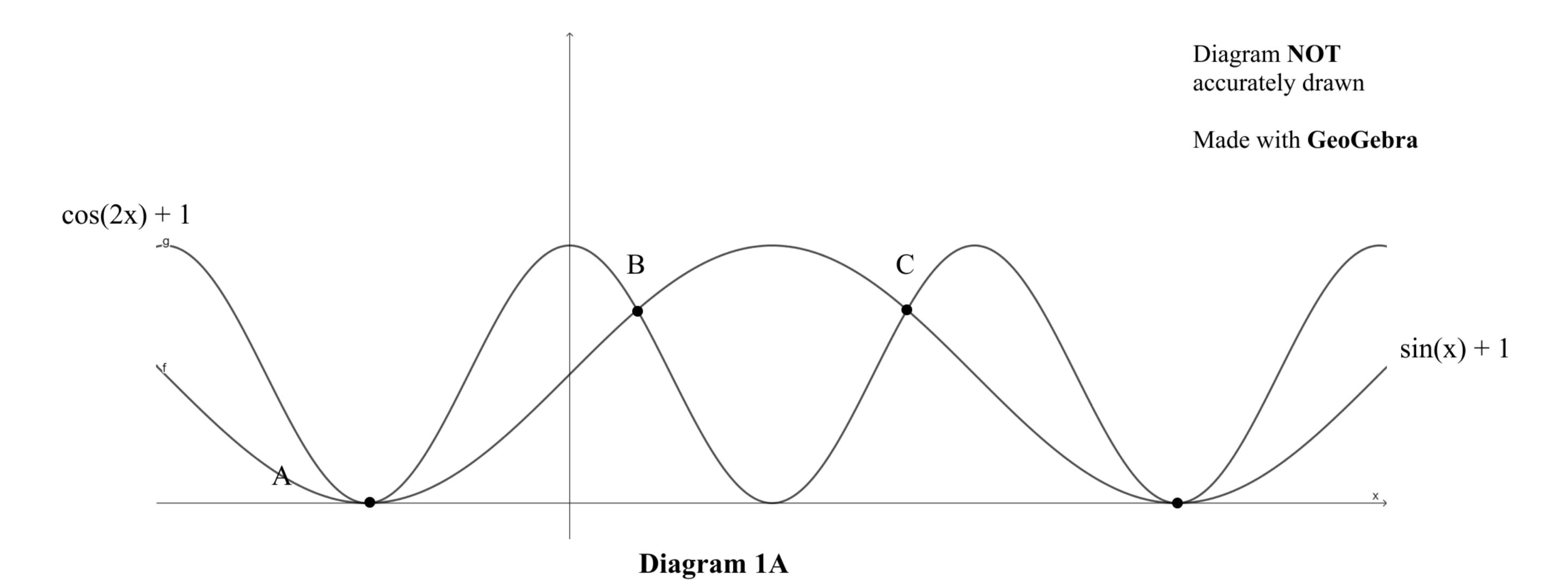


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1 There consists two curves. Curve C and Curve A, two curves intersects at four points as shown below in Diagram 1A

Curve C and Curve A has equations sin(x) + 1 and cos(2x) + 1 respectively. Find the coordinates of A, B, C and D.

(6)



$$\frac{d}{dx} \quad \text{of} \quad \frac{1}{x+1} = \ln(x+1)$$

Hence, Find the area of shaded region to 2 decimal places in Diagram 1B below.

(4)

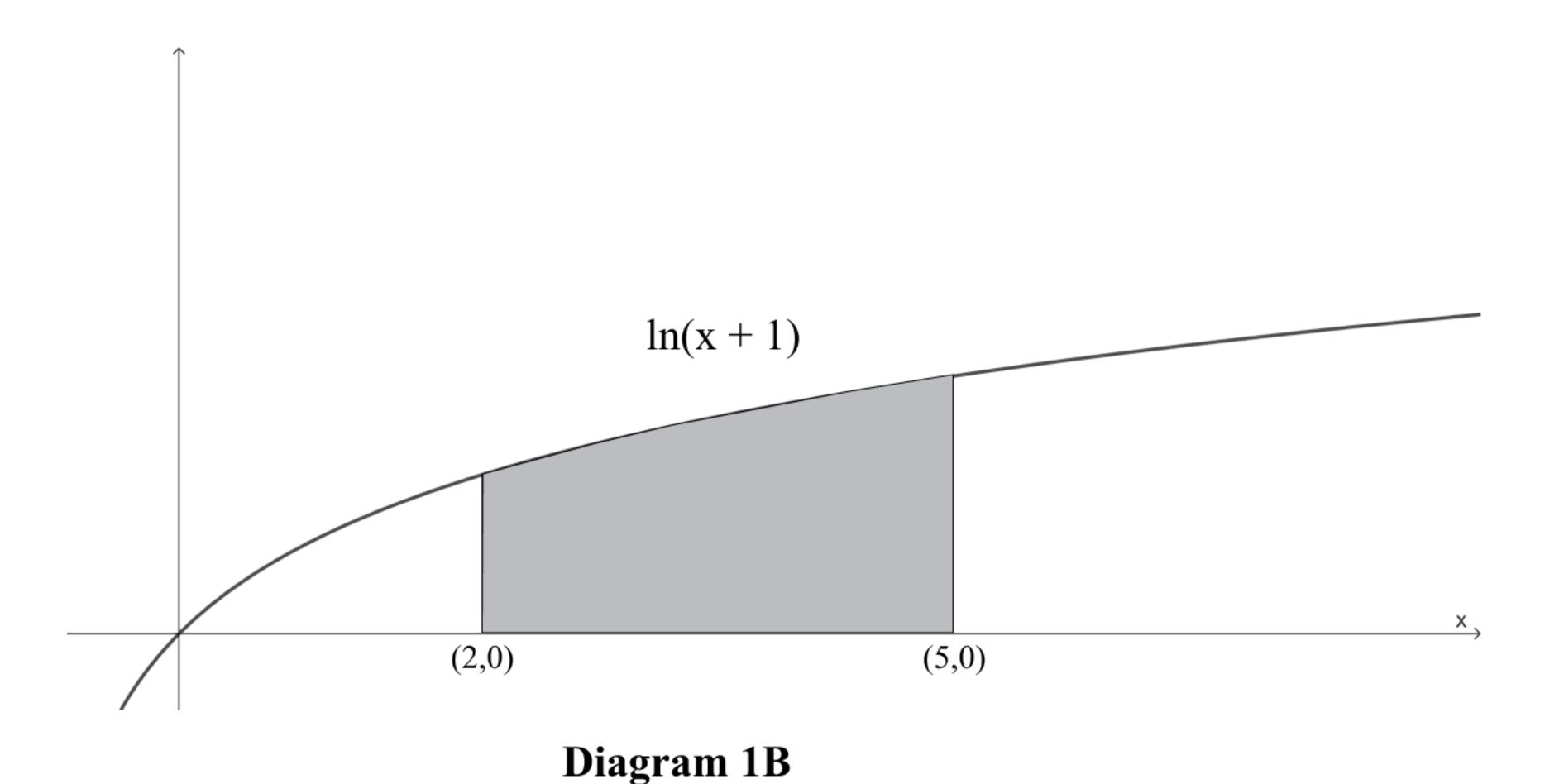


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Point A is the stationary point of the curve $y = 3x^2 + 6x + 1$. Line L with normal gradient $-\frac{1}{3}$ at A, crosses point A and intersects the curve again at point B.

(a) Find the equation of Line L

(3)

(b) Find the coordinates of point B.

(3)

Line D, which is normal to Line L, also intersects the curve at point C.

(c) Find the coordinates of point C to 3 decimal places.

(3)

(d) Find the area of $\triangle ABC$

(2)

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- 4 (a) Write $(8 + 16x)^{1/3}$ in the form of P $(1 + Qx)^{1/3}$
 - (b) Expand $(4 + \mathbf{a}x)^{-3}$ in ascending power of x up to and including the term in x^2 Express each coefficient of x in terms of \mathbf{a} as constants. Where $\mathbf{a} > 0$
 - (c) When $\frac{2}{3}$ is inserted into the expansion, it outputs the result of $\frac{1}{16}$ Find the value of **a**. (6)

A student attempts to substitute $x = \frac{5}{2}$ into both sides of this equation to find an approximate value of a constant.

(d) State, giving a **reason**, if the expansion is valid for this value of x. (1)

Solve for x, giving your solution to 3 decimal places. (6)

$$\ln(x^3) + 2\log_x e + 2\ln(e) = 7$$

 $f(x) = ax^3 + x^2 - 13x + b$ where a and b are both non zero integers.

(x + 3) is the factor of this cubic equation.

When f(x) is divided by (x - 5) the remainder is 216

- (a) Find the value of a and b
- (b) Hence factorise f(x) completely.

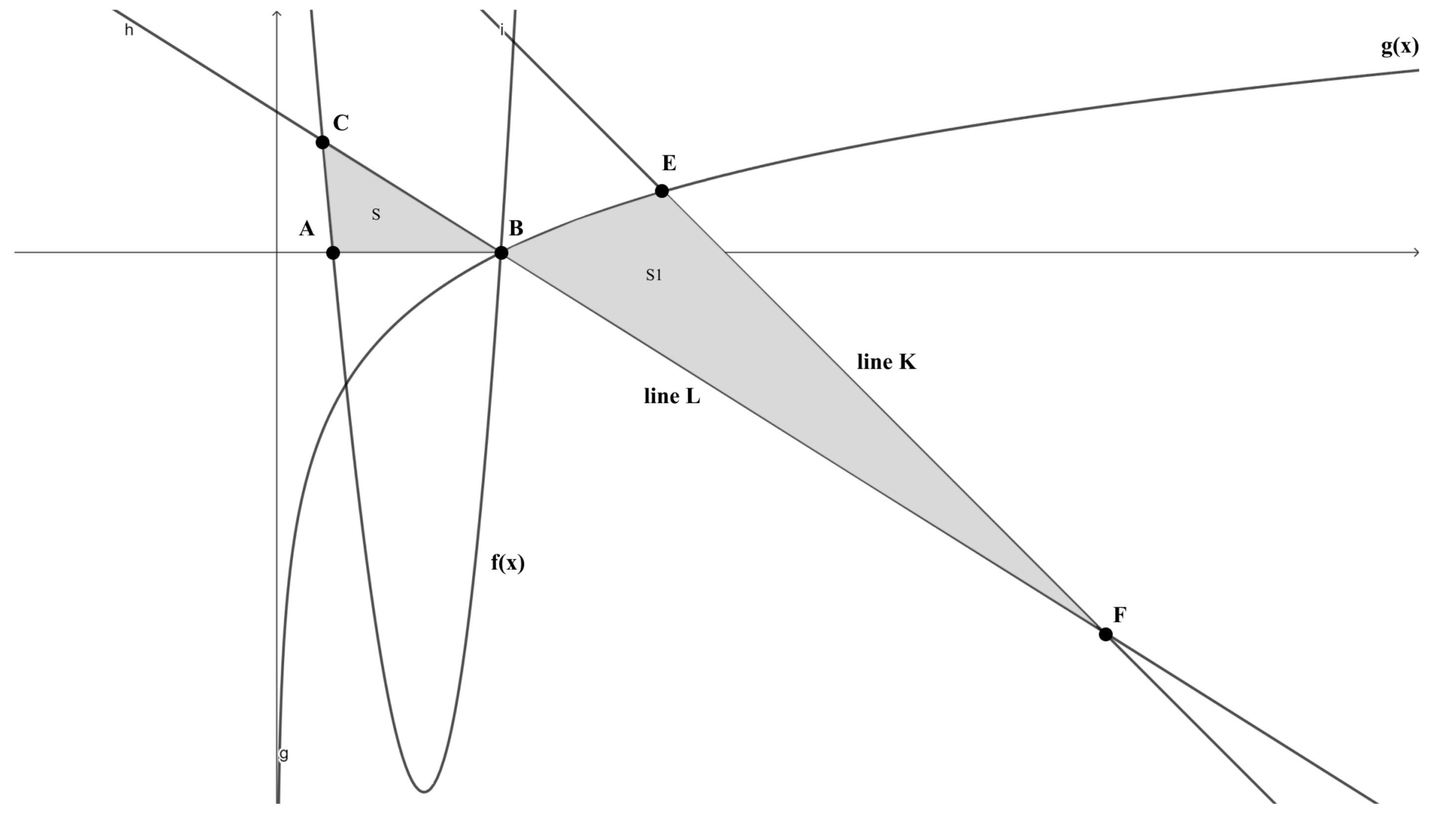


Diagram 6A

The remaining questions are on the next page

Please refer to the **Diagram 6A** in the previous page since it may be needed

Read the questions carefully, the question itself is experimental, any erroneous data can de reported

Continuity of question 6 starts here

The curve $y = f(x)$ is shown in Diagram 6A. It also intersects on another two points with x-axis at point A and point B.	
(c) Find coordinates of A and B	(2)
Another curve $y = g(x)$, where $g(x) = \ln(\frac{x}{2})$ also intersects x-axis at point B Line L with equation $1x + 1.59y = 2$ also intersects x-axis at point B. Additionally, it intersects with curve $y = f(x)$ at point $g(x) = \frac{1}{2} \ln(\frac{x}{2})$	
(d) Find coordinates of C	(3)
With points A, B, C and x-axis forms a region S.	
(e) Find the area of S to 3 decimal places	(6)
Another line K with equation $-0.5x - 0.5y = -2$ intersects curve $g(x)$ at point E. Ultimately, Line L and Line K intersects each other at point F.	
(f) Find the coordinates of E	(2)
(g) Find the coordinates of F	(2)
Altogether, consisting of point B, E and F forms another region S1.	
(h) Find the area of S1 to 3 decimal places	(8)

Thanks for consideration of this paper.

Total Marks - (69)

END OF PAPER

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For IGCSE students by an IGCSE student