## **o** Top 30 Must-Study Machine Learning Questions (University Exam Focus)

#### Core Theory (10 Questions)

- 1. Define Machine Learning. Differentiate between Supervised, Unsupervised, Semi-supervised, and Reinforcement Learning.
- Explain the assumptions of Linear Regression and how to detect and address violations (Linearity, Homoscedasticity, Multicollinearity).
- 3. Compare Batch Gradient Descent, Stochastic Gradient Descent, and Mini-Batch Gradient Descent with pros and cons.
- 4. What is the bias-variance tradeoff? Explain with a diagram and how regularization helps control it.
- 5. Describe the ML life cycle from data collection to deployment.
- 6. Explain Ridge vs. Lasso vs. ElasticNet regularization when to use which.
- 7. What is PCA and why is it used? Explain its mathematical and geometric intuition.
- 8. Discuss the concept of ROC-AUC, precision, recall, and F1-score. How do they differ in imbalanced datasets?
- 9. Explain the difference between hard-margin and soft-margin SVM. When is each preferred?
- 10. Compare Bagging and Boosting. How do they reduce variance and bias respectively?

#### Important Derivations (10 Questions)

- 11. Derive the Normal Equation for Linear Regression from the least squares cost function.
- 12. Prove that  $R^2 = 1 \frac{RSS}{TSS}$  and explain its meaning in regression analysis.
- 13. Derive the gradient descent update rule for a linear regression cost function.
- 14. **Derive the F-statistic** for testing overall model significance using ESS, TSS, and RSS.
- 15. Derive the log-likelihood function in Logistic Regression and how it's optimized using gradient descent.
- 16. Derive the Ridge Regression cost function and the modified normal equation.
- 17. Derive PCA using variance maximization and show the role of eigenvalues and eigenvectors.
- 18. Show how SVM optimization problem is framed and explain the concept of support vectors.
- 19. Derive function update step for Gradient Boosting using residual errors.
- 20. Explain Taylor expansion and how it is used in XGBoost to compute the objective function.

### Mumerical Problems You Should Practice (10 Questions)

- 21. Given a small dataset, manually compute slope and intercept for simple linear regression.
- 22. Perform 2-3 iterations of Gradient Descent by hand for a given \$\theta\$ and \$\alpha\$.
- 23. Calculate MAE, MSE, RMSE, and \$R^2\$ for predicted vs actual values.
- 24. Calculate ANOVA F-value for feature selection.
- 25. Given a confusion matrix, compute accuracy, precision, recall, and F1-score.
- 26. Classify a new point using KNN with \$K = 3\$ and given neighbors.
- 27. Perform 2 iterations of KMeans clustering on a small 2D dataset.
- 28. Calculate eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a covariance matrix and project data using PCA.
- 29. Build a decision tree of depth 2 manually using Gini Index or Information Gain.

30. Compute similarity score and gain in XGBoost for a single split using provided gradients and hessians.

# Tip for Revision:

- † Theory: Write 3–5 bullet point summaries for each theory question.
- Derivations: Practice by deriving from scratch, not memorizing.
- In Numerical: Use at least one worked-out example for each type.