

## VE477

### Introduction to Algorithms

#### Assignment 4

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#### Reminders

- Write in a neat and legible handwriting or use  $\text{\LaTeX}$
- Clearly explain the reasoning process
- Write in a complete style (subject, verb, and object)
- Be critical on your results

#### Ex. 1 — Time vs. space

The goal of this exercise is to consider the best available hardware and compare the feasibility of heavy computation in terms of (i) time and (ii) memory.

- As of June 2015 the fastest supercomputer publicly known is called NUDT Tianhe-2. Its speed is 33.86 PFLOPS and its storage is 12.4 PB<sup>1</sup>.
  - As of August 2015 one of the fastest CPU for desktop computer is the Intel Core i7-5775R Processor which has four core running at maximal frequency of 3.8 GHz<sup>2</sup>.
  - As of August 2015 the largest hard drive is almost 16TB<sup>3</sup>.
1. How long would it take to perform  $2^{64}$  operations on NUDT Tianhe-2? What about  $2^{80}$  operations?
  2. How many desktop computers would be necessary to perform  $2^{64}$  operations in no more than a day. What about  $2^{80}$  operations in no more than a month?
  3. How many hard drives would be necessary to store  $2^{64}$  bits. What about  $2^{80}$  bits?

#### Ex. 2 — Critical thinking

Given a set  $S$  of  $n$  integers, generate a subset  $S'$  of  $S$  composed of  $k$  elements, each selected with probability  $k/n$ . Explain how to obtain  $S'$  in only one pass.

#### Ex. 3 — Algorithm and complexity

In the following triangle each entry is the sum of the three entries directly above it.

			1			
		1	1	1		
	1	2	3	2	1	
	1	3	6	7	6	3
1	4	10	16	19	16	10

1. Write the pseudo-code of a simple algorithm which returns the sum on all the elements in the  $i$ -th line, when given  $i$  as input.
2. Determine the complexity of this algorithm.

#### Ex. 4 — From SAT to 3-SAT

Rewrite the following SAT formula into a 3-SAT formula.

$$(x_1 \vee x_2 \vee \neg x_3 \vee x_4 \vee x_5 \vee \neg x_6) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2 \vee x_3 \vee \neg x_4 \vee x_5 \vee x_6) \wedge (x_1 \vee \neg x_2 \vee \neg x_3 \vee x_4 \vee x_5 \vee \neg x_6) \wedge (x_1 \vee \neg x_2).$$

<sup>1</sup>Source: [top500.org](http://top500.org).

<sup>2</sup>Source: [intel.com](http://intel.com).

<sup>3</sup>Source: [arstechnica.co.uk](http://arstechnica.co.uk).

**Ex. 5** — *Clique problem*

1. Search what the Clique problem is.
2. Prove that Clique is in  $\mathcal{NP}$ .
3. Given a 3-SAT formula  $F$  with  $k$  clauses, construct a graph  $G$  such that  $F$  is satisfiable if and only if  $G$  has a  $k$ -clique.
4. Conclude on the complexity class of the Clique problem.

**Ex. 6** — *IND-SET problem*

1. What is the maximum independent set problem?
2. What is the independent set (IND-SET) decision problem?
3. Prove that IND-SET is in  $\mathcal{NP}$ .
4. Construct a graph  $G'$  such that “ $G$  has a  $k$ -clique” is equivalent to “ $G'$  has an independent set of size  $k$ ”.
5. Conclude on the complexity class of the IND-SET problem.