

# Pandoc markdown to latex configuration

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2025 年 1 月 12 日

## 目录

<b>1</b>	<b>Pandoc markdown to latex configuration</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1	Usage . . . . .	4
1.1.1	Configuration . . . . .	4
1.1.2	Conversion . . . . .	5
1.2	Known issues . . . . .	6
1.2.1	VSCoDe pops up a “stderr: …” error message after conversion . . . . .	6
1.2.2	Some programming languages are not supported by the syntax highlighter	7
1.2.3	Images are displayed in the wrong place . . . . .	7

## 1 Pandoc markdown to latex configuration

This repository contains our personal configurations for pandoc’ s markdown -> latex -> pdf conversion. The configurations include a custom latex template and lua filters for pandoc.

This configuration is especially designed for academic writing, aimed to make writing elegant and aesthetically great papers and reports way easier and much more efficient: **it has full support over Chinese characters and latex math formulas.**

You can find the custom template latex file in “custom template/” , and filter scripts in “lua filters/” .

Check out “examples/” folder or “README.pdf” in this repo’ s root (this is the pdf version of this README file generated using this repo’ s configuration!) for examples of markdown files and the corresponding PDF files generated by this configuration. In case you could not be bothered to check it out, here are some snapshots demonstrating the aesthetics of the generated PDF files:

# Polaris 导航软件

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## 目录

<b>1 Polaris 导航软件</b>	<b>2</b>
1.1 基本功能	2
1.1.1 项目结构	2
1.1.2 APP 页面介绍/各页面功能	4
1.1.3 后端结构	7
1.2 额外功能	8
1.2.1 支持任意选点	8
1.2.2 渲染器的实现	9
1.2.3 多个寻路算法	13
1.2.4 支持加中间点	14
1.2.5 道路通行限制	15
1.2.6 速度优先模式	18
1.2.7 适配大地图的寻路	20
1.2.8 寻路准确性的提高	21
1.2.9 算法速度的提高	21
1.2.10 内存数据的序列化与反序列化	21
1.3 使用说明	21
1.3.1 环境要求	21
1.3.2 依赖与编译	21
1.3.3 运行	22
1.4 总结	22
1.4.1 过程记录	22
1.4.2 代码行数统计	23

图 1: 标题和目录

### 2.5.2 lca 函数

`lca`函数寻找顶点 `a` 和 `b` 的最近公共祖先。首先从顶点 `a` 开始，沿着匹配边和父节点路径向上走，标记所有经过的顶点。然后从顶点 `b` 开始，沿着匹配边和父节点路径向上走，直到找到第一个被标记的顶点，即为最近公共祖先。

```
1 int GraphSolver::lca(int a, int b) {  
2     std::vector<bool> mark(n, false);  
3     while (true) {  
4         a = base[a];  
5         mark[a] = true;  
6         if (match[a] == -1) break;  
7         a = parent[match[a]];  
8     }  
9     while (true) {  
10        b = base[b];  
11        if (mark[b]) return b;  
12        b = parent[match[b]];  
13    }  
14 }
```

图 2: 代码块

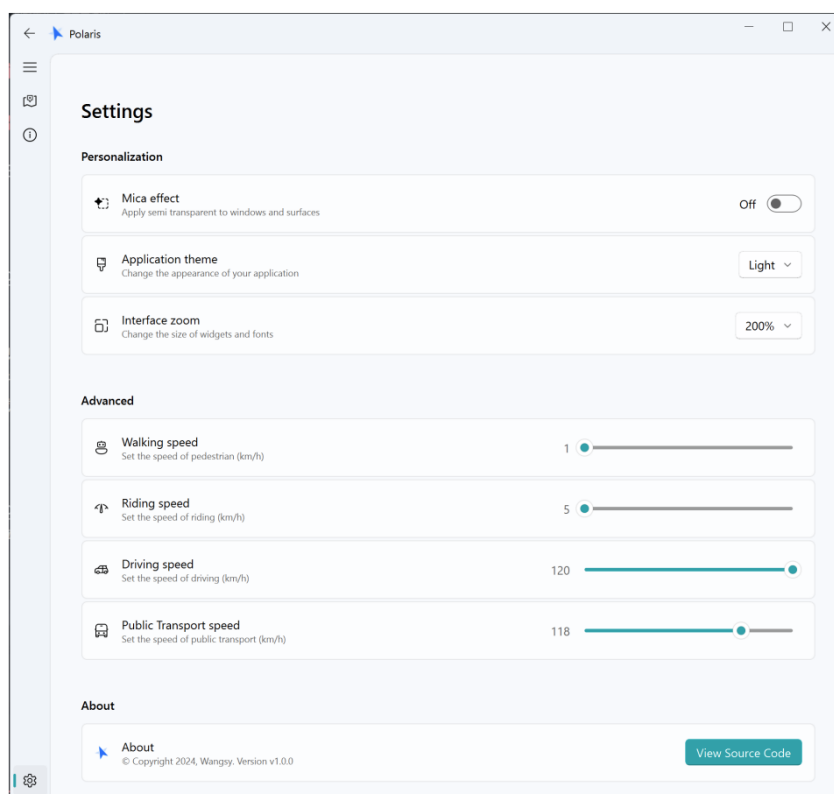


图 4: 设置界面

**设置界面** 该页面显示软件的设置，包括：

1. 画面设置（深色/浅色模式，Mica 效果，界面缩放大小）
2. 高级设置（速度优先模式中各交通方式的速度）
3. 关于（软件版本，开发者信息）

图 3: 图片展示

We recommend using the VSCode extension `vscode-pandoc` for markdown editing and conversion.

## 1.1 Usage

This usage tutorial is aimed at using `vscode-pandoc` to convert markdown files to pdf. If you are using other tools, you may need to adjust the configurations accordingly.

### 1.1.1 Configuration

1. Install pandoc and latex. Make sure “pandoc” and “xelatex” executables are in your PATH.

2. Clone this repository, or download the files in “custom template/” and “lua filters/”. Put them into fixed locations on your computer and take notes of the paths.
3. Find this configuration entry in vscode-pandoc’s settings:

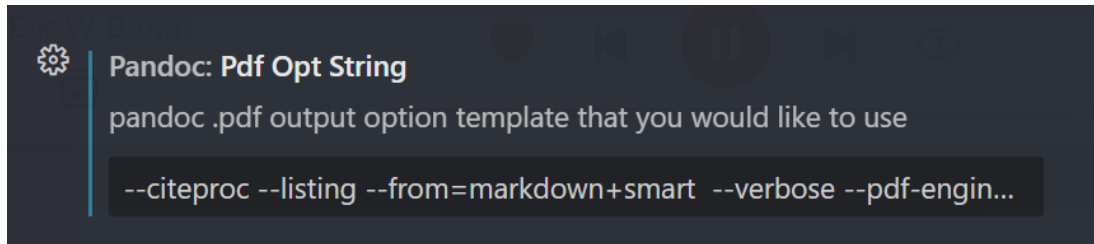


图 4: The vscode-pandoc configuration you should modify

Fill in the configuration as follows:

```
1 --citeproc --listing --from=markdown+smart --verbose --↵
  ↵pdf-engine=xelatex --pdf-engine-opt="-shell-escape" --↵
  ↵template="path\to\custom-template.tex" --↵
  ↵lua-filter="path\to\image-wrapper.lua"
```

Replace `path\to\custom-template.tex` and `path\to\image-wrapper.lua` with the actual paths on your computer.

### 1.1.2 Conversion

1. Open the markdown file you want to convert in VSCode and add this yaml header at the beginning of the file:

```
1 ---
2 title: "Your Document Title"
3 author: "Author"
4 date: \today
5 using_title: true
6 using_table_of_content: true
7 ---
```

This yaml header is intended to allow users have more control over the generated PDF file. You can set `using_title` to `false` to disable the title page, and set `using_table_of_content` to `false` to disable the table of content. Change the values of `title` and `author` to your own. If you want to use a different date, you can change `\today` to the date you want.

You may notice that this **README.md** file also has a yaml header. We use our own configuration to generate the pdf version for this file as well. Check it out!

It is recommended that you add this yaml header to VSCode's user snippet so that you can easily insert it by typing a keyword. You can add the following code to your markdown user snippet:

```
1  "yaml_header":{
2      "prefix": ["header", "yaml"],
3      "body": [
4          "---",
5          "title: \"Your Document Title\"",
6          "author: \"Author\"",
7          "date: \"\\today\"",
8          "using_title: true",
9          "using_table_of_content: true",
10         "---",
11         "",
12         "",
13     ],
14     "description": "YAML header for pandoc pdf conversion."
15 }
```

In this way, you can insert the yaml header by typing **header** or **yaml** and pressing **Tab**.

If typing **header** or **yaml** does not work, it's because VSCode's user snippet for markdown is defaultly disabled. Navigate through the settings and enable it.

2. Hit **F1** to open the command palette, type **pandoc** to find the command **Pandoc Render**, choose **pdf** option. The conversion will start and the PDF file will be generated in the same folder as the markdown file with the same file name.

## 1.2 Known issues

Feel free to open an issue if you encounter any problem. Here are some known issues and solutions:

### 1.2.1 VSCode pops up a “stderr: …” error message after conversion

The error message is actually harmless (contains some warnings that are actually irrelevant) and does not affect the final PDF file. You can safely ignore it.

When you see the error message popping up, it means the conversion is done and the PDF file is ready.

However, if you see an “Exec error: ...” error box, it means the conversion has failed. In this case, you need to check the error message and try to fix the issue. If you cannot fix it, you can open an issue in this repository. Such failure is usually caused by incorrect markdown syntax / incorrect configuration / incorrect file path.

Generally, if the conversion failed, copy the message from the “Exec error: ...” error box and paste it in the issue you open. This will help us to diagnose the problem.

### 1.2.2 Some programming languages are not supported by the syntax highlighter

We use the `listings` package in latex to highlight code blocks where most main stream programming languages are supported. If the programming language you are using is not supported by `listings`, you can add the language manually or just remove the `language` attribute in the code block as a compromise. After all, the only thing you’ ll lose is the syntax highlighting.

### 1.2.3 Images are displayed in the wrong place

This is a known issue with latex and not introduced by either the template nor pandoc itself.

To fix this, you need to make sure that in the original markdown file, **the line immediately above the image insertion is not empty.**

Through making sure some texts precede the image, you can have full control upon where the image is placed in the final PDF as the texts will be placed in the same place as in the markdown file.