# Data\_Processing\_Plots

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Load Required Libraries

```
library(readr)
## Warning: package 'readr' was built under R version 4.3.2
library(dplyr)
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 4.3.3
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(tidyr)
## Warning: package 'tidyr' was built under R version 4.3.3
library(gcplyr)
## Warning: package 'gcplyr' was built under R version 4.3.3
## ##
## ## gcplyr (Version 1.11.0, Build Date: 2025-01-16)
## ## See http://github.com/mikeblazanin/gcplyr for additional documentation
## ## Please cite software as:
        Blazanin, Michael. gcplyr: an R package for microbial growth
## ##
## ##
        curve data analysis. BMC Bioinformatics 25, 232 (2024).
## ##
        https://doi.org/10.1186/s12859-024-05817-3
## ##
```

```
library(ggplot2)

## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.3.3

library(scales)

## Warning: package 'scales' was built under R version 4.3.2

## Attaching package: 'scales'

## The following object is masked from 'package:readr':

## ## col_factor

library(ggpubr)

## Warning: package 'ggpubr' was built under R version 4.3.3

library(patchwork)

## Warning: package 'patchwork' was built under R version 4.3.3

Define custom color palette

cbPalette <- c(PD2 = "#E69F00", `PD2+Ca` = "#56B4E9")</pre>
```

Step 1 - Define Data Processing Function to preprocess data directly from the plate reader

```
process_growth_data <- function(file_path, day_number) {</pre>
 read.csv(file_path) %>%
   select(-X.1) %>%
   mutate(row_id = row_number()) %>%
   filter(!is.na(X) & X != "") %>%
   mutate(Plate = rep(1:3, each = 8, length.out = n())) %>%
   group_by(Plate) %>%
   mutate(
     PD2 blank = rowMeans(across(X1:X12)[X == "A", ]),
     PD2Ca_blank = rowMeans(across(X1:X12)[X == "H", ])
   ) %>%
   mutate(
      across(X1:X6, ~ . - PD2_blank),
      across(X7:X12, ~ . - PD2Ca_blank)
   ) %>%
   ungroup() %>%
   pivot_longer(X1:X12, names_to = "Variable", values_to = "OD") %>%
   mutate(
     Treatment = case when(
        Variable %in% paste0("X", 1:6) ~ "PD2",
```

```
Variable %in% paste0("X", 7:12) ~ "PD2+Ca"
),
    Day = day_number
) %>%
filter(!X %in% c("A", "H"))
}
```

#### Step 2 - Process Dataset A

#### Step 3 - Process Dataset B

### Step 4 - Plot AUC by Strain & Treatment

```
plot_auc_set <- function(df, set_name) {
    mean_data <- df %>%
        group_by(Strains, Treatment, Day) %>%
        summarise(mean_OD = mean(OD, na.rm = TRUE), .groups = "drop")

lbls <- mean_data %>%
        group_by(Strains, Treatment) %>%
        summarise(auc = tryCatch(auc(Day, mean_OD), error = function(e) NA), .groups = "drop") %>%
        left_join(mean_data %>% group_by(Strains) %>% summarise(max_od = max(mean_OD)), by = "Strains") %>%
```

```
mutate(label = paste0(round(auc, 2), " OD·day"))
  ggplot(mean_data, aes(Day, mean_OD, color = Treatment, fill = Treatment)) +
    geom_area(alpha = 0.3) +
    geom_line(size = 1) +
    geom_text(
      data = lbls,
      aes(x = Inf, y = Inf, label = label),
      hjust = 1.1,
      vjust = ifelse(lbls$Treatment == "PD2", 1.5, 3),
      size = 3.5
    ) +
    facet_wrap(~ Strains) +
    scale_color_manual(values = cbPalette) +
    scale_fill_manual(values = cbPalette) +
    scale_x_continuous(breaks = 0:7) +
    scale_y_continuous(labels = number_format(accuracy = 0.01)) +
    labs(
     x = "Day",
      y = expression(OD[600]),
     title = paste("Area Under Growth Curve -", set_name)
    theme bw() +
    theme(
      legend.position = "top",
      panel.grid.minor = element_blank(),
      plot.margin = margin(1, 2, 1, 1, "cm")
}
plot_A <- plot_auc_set(combined_data_A, "Set A")</pre>
## Warning: Using 'size' aesthetic for lines was deprecated in ggplot2 3.4.0.
## i Please use 'linewidth' instead.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## Call 'lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()' to see where this warning was
## generated.
plot B <- plot auc set(combined data B, "Set B")</pre>
combined_auc_plot <- ggarrange(</pre>
  plot_A, plot_B,
 ncol = 2,
  common.legend = TRUE,
 legend = "bottom",
  labels = c("A", "B")
```

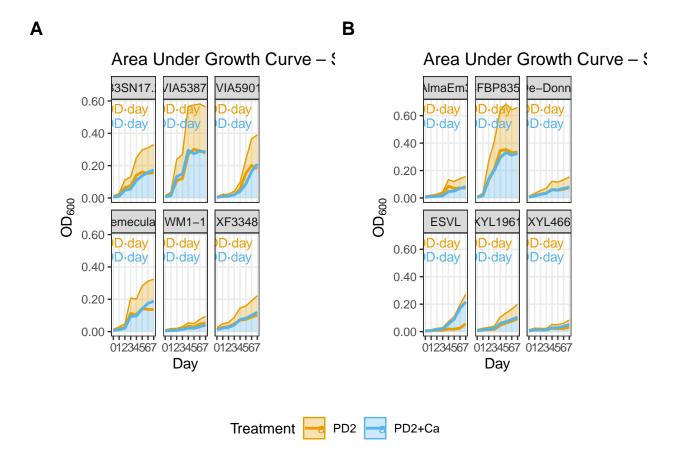
Step 5- Plot Growth Curves with Error Ribbons

```
plot_growth_curve <- function(df, set_title) {</pre>
  ggplot(df, aes(x = Day, y = OD, color = Treatment)) +
    stat_summary(fun = mean, geom = "line", aes(group = Treatment), size = 1) +
    stat_summary(fun.data = mean_se, geom = "ribbon", aes(fill = Treatment), alpha = 0.2, color = NA) +
    facet_wrap(~ Strains, scales = "free_y") +
    scale_color_manual(values = cbPalette) +
    scale_fill_manual(values = cbPalette) +
    scale x continuous(breaks = 0:7) +
    scale_y_continuous(labels = number_format(accuracy = 0.01)) +
    labs(
     x = "Day",
     y = expression(OD[600]),
      title = set_title
    ) +
    theme_bw() +
    theme(
      legend.position = "top",
      panel.grid.minor = element_blank(),
     plot.margin = margin(1, 2, 1, 1, "cm")
    )
}
growth_curve_A <- plot_growth_curve(combined_data_A, "Growth Curves: Set A")
```

growth\_curve\_B <- plot\_growth\_curve(combined\_data\_B, "Growth Curves: Set B")
combined\_growth\_plot <- growth\_curve\_A + growth\_curve\_B + plot\_layout(ncol = 2)</pre>

Step 6 - Display Final Plots

```
print(combined_auc_plot)
```



print(combined\_growth\_plot)

