Homotopy Groups of Spheres

Graduate Student Seminar

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Summary

Outline

- Homotopy as a means of classification somewhere between homeomorphism and cobordism
- Comparison to homology
- Higher homotopy groups of spheres exist
- Homotopy groups of spheres govern gluing of CW complexes
- CW complexes fully capture that homotopy category of spaces
- There are concrete topological constructions of many important algebraic operations at the level of spaces (quotients, tensor products)
- Relation to framed cobordism?
- "Measuring stick" for current tools, similar to special values of L-functions
- Serre's computation

Definitions

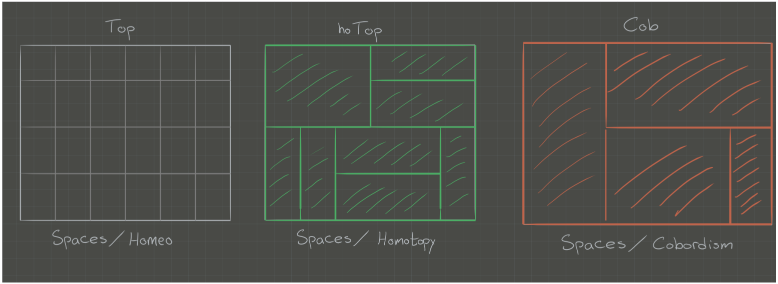
- Definition of homotopy:

$$f, g \in \hom_{\text{Top}}(X, Y) \quad f \sim g \iff \exists F \in \hom_{\text{Top}}(X \times I, Y)$$

such that $F(0) = f, F(1) = g$.

Classification

- Holy grail: understand the topological category completely
  - I.e. have a well-understood geometric model one space of each homeomorphism type



Also have the derived category DTop, its interplay with hoTop is the subject of e.g. the Poincare conjecture(s).

- Any representative from a green box: a *homotopy type*.

Example: Homotopy Equivalence is Useful

Proposition: Let B be a CW complex; then isomorphism classes of $\mathbb{R}^1$-bundles over B are given by $H^1(X, \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z})$.

- Use the fact that for any fixed group G, the functor

$$\begin{aligned} h_G(\,\cdot\,) : \mathrm{hoTop}^{\mathrm{op}} &\longrightarrow \mathrm{Set} \\ X &\mapsto G\text{-bundles over } X \end{aligned}$$

  is representable by a space called BG (Brown's representability theorem).
- Letting $I(G, X) = \{G\text{-bundles}/B\} / \sim$, there is an isomorphism $I(G, X) \cong [X, BG]$. In general, identify $G = \mathrm{Aut}(F)$ the automorphism group of the fibers – for vector bundles of rank n, take $G = GL(n, \mathbb{R})$.

  Note that for a poset of spaces $(M_i, \hookrightarrow)$, the space $M^\infty := \varinjlim M_i$. This are infinite dimensional "Hilbert manifolds".

Proof:

$$I(\mathbb{R}^1, X) = [X, B(\mathrm{GL}(1, \mathbb{R}))] \tag{1}$$

Point 1

Point 2

Examples

Sphere 1