Title

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Contents

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1.1 Singularities

Recall that there are three types of singularities:

- Removable
- Poles
- Essential

Theorem 1.1 ***(3.2).***
An isolated singularity z_0 of f is a pole $\iff \lim_{z \longrightarrow z_0} f(z) = \infty$.

Theorem 1.2 ***(3.3, Casorati-Weierstrass).***
If f is holomorphic and has an essential singularity z_0, then there exists a radius r such that $f(D_r(\{z_0\}) \setminus \{z_0\})$ is dense in $\mathbb{C}$.

Proof .
Proceed by contradiction. Suppose there exists a $w \in \mathbb{C}$ and a $\delta > 0$ such that

$$D_\delta(w) \bigcap f(D_r(\{z_0\}) \setminus \{z_0\}) = \emptyset.$$

If $z \in D_r(w) \setminus z_0$, then $|f(z) - w| > \delta$.

$\blacksquare$