# **Title**

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## Sunday 13<sup>th</sup> September, 2020

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# f I Sunday, September 13

### 1.1 1.a

### Proof.

 $A \implies B$ :

- Suppose  $\{a_n\}$  is not bounded above.
- Then any  $k \in \mathbb{N}$  is not an upper bound for  $\{a_n\}$ .
- So choose a subsequence  $a_{n_k} > k$ , then by order-limit laws,

$$a_{n_k} > k \implies \liminf_{k \to \infty} a_{n_k} > \liminf_{k \to \infty} k = \infty.$$

Note that  $\lim_{n \to \infty} a_n$  need not exist, but  $\lim_{n \to \infty} a_n$  always exist.

### Proof.

 $A \Longrightarrow B$ :

- Suppose  $\{a_n\}$  is bounded by M, so  $a_n < M$  for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .
- Then if  $\{a_{n_k}\}$  is a subsequence, we have  $a_{n_k} \in \{a_n\}$ , so  $a_{n_k} < M$  for all  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ .
- But then

$$a_{n_k} < M \implies \limsup_{k \to \infty} a_{n_k} \le M,$$

• Now just note that if  $\lim_{k \to \infty} a_{n_k}$  exists,

$$\lim_{k \to \infty} a_{n_k} < \limsup_{k \to \infty} a_{n_k} \le M,$$

so every subsequence is bounded and thus can not converge to

## 1.2 3.a

- Proof (Using definition (i)). Suppose  $|x_n| \leq M$  for every n. Let  $\{x_{n_k}\}$  be an arbitrary subsequence, then since  $x_{n_k} \in \{x_n\}$  for all k,  $|x_{n_k}| \leq M$  for
  - By order-limit laws,

$$|x_{n_k}| \le M \implies \inf_k |x_{n_k}| \le M.$$

since the