## **Title**

## D. Zack Garza

Friday 25<sup>th</sup> September, 2020

## **Contents**

1 Friday, September 25

1

## Friday, September 25

• For X, Y topological spaces, consider

$$Y^X = C(X, Y) = \text{hom}_{\text{Top}}(X, Y) := \{ f : X \to Y \mid f \text{ is continuous} \}.$$

- Topologize with the *compact-open* topology:  $U \in \text{hom}_T(X, X)$  open iff for every  $f \in U$ , f(K) is open for every compact  $K \subseteq X$ .
  - \* If Y = (Y, d) is a metric space, this is the topology of "uniform convergence on compact sets": for  $f_n \to f$  in this topology iff

$$||f_n - f||_{\infty,K} := \sup \left\{ d(f_n(x), f(x)) \mid x \in K \right\} \stackrel{n \to \infty}{\to} 0 \quad \forall K \subseteq X \text{ compact.}$$

In words:  $f_n \to f$  uniformly on every compact set.

- So define  $Map(X,Y) = hom_{Top}(X,Y)$  equipped with the compact-open topology.
  - Can immediately consider a lot of interesting spaces:

$$X = I := [0, 1] \leadsto \quad P(Y; x_0) := \left\{ f : I \to Y \mid f(0) = x_0 \right\} = Y^I$$
$$X = S^1 \leadsto \quad \Omega(Y; x_0) = \mathcal{L}(Y; x_0) := \left\{ f : S^1 \to Y \right\} = Y^{S^1}.$$

- Importance in homotopy theory: the path space fibration  $\Omega(Y) \hookrightarrow P(Y) \xrightarrow{\gamma \mapsto \gamma(1)} Y$  (plays a role in "homotopy replacement", allows you to assume everything is a fibration and use homotopy long exact sequences).
- Since these are homeomorphisms, everything is invertible, so equip with function composition to form a group.

\_