# **Assignment 6 Qual Problems**

# D. Zack Garza

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#### 1 Problem 1

## 1.1 Part (a)

Definition: A field extension L/F is said to be a *splitting field* of a polynomial f(x) if L contains all roots of f and thus decomposes as

$$f(x) = \prod_{i=1}^{n} (x - \alpha_i)^{k_i} \in L[x]$$

where  $\alpha_i$  are the distinct roots of f and  $k_i$  are the respective multiplicities.

## 1.2 Part (b)

Let F be a finite field with q elements, where  $q=p^k$  is necessarily a prime power, so  $F\cong \mathbb{F}_{p^k}$ . Then any finite extension of E/F is an F-vector space, and contains  $q^n=(p^k)^n=p^{kn}$  elements. Thus  $E\cong \mathbb{F}_{p^{kn}}$  Then if  $\alpha\in E$ , we have  $\alpha^{p^{kn}}=\alpha$ , so we can define

$$f(x) := x^{p^{kn}} - x \in F[x].$$

The roots of f are exactly the elements of E, so f splits in E.

#### 1.3 Part (c)

The polynomial f is separable, since  $f'(x) = p^{kn}x^{p^{kn}-1} - 1 = -1$  since char E = p. Since E is a finite extension, E is thus a separable extension. Then, since E is a separable splitting field, it is a Galois extension by definition.