# Fall 2019 Algebra

#### UGA

### Fall 2019

# 1 Problem Set One

#### 1.1 Exercises

```
Problem 1 (Hungerford 1.6.3). If \sigma = (i_1 i_2 \cdots i_r) \in S_n and \tau \in S_n, then show that \tau \sigma \tau^{-1} = (\tau(i_1)\tau(i_2)\cdots\tau(i_r)).
```

# **Problem 2** (Hungerford 1.6.4). Show that $S_n \cong \langle (12), (123 \cdots n) \rangle$ and also that $S_n \cong \langle (12), (23 \cdots n) \rangle$

#### Problem 3 (Hungerford 2.2.1).

Let G be a finite abelian group that is not cyclic. Show that G contains a subgroup isomorphic to  $\mathbb{Z}_p \oplus \mathbb{Z}_p$  for some prime p.

#### Problem 4 (Hungerford 2.2.12.b).

Determine all abelian groups of order n for  $n \leq 20$ .

# **Problem 5** (Hungerford 2.4.1).

Let G be a group and  $A \leq G$  be a normal abelian subgroup. Show that G/A acts on A by conjugation and construct a homomorphism  $\varphi: G/A \to \operatorname{Aut}(A)$ .

# Problem 6 (Hungerford 2.4.9).

Let Z(G) be the center of G. Show that if G/Z(G) is cyclic, then G is abelian.

Note that Hungerford uses the notation C(G) for the center.

# Problem 7 (Hungerford 2.5.6).

Let G be a finite group and  $H \subseteq G$  a normal subgroup of order  $p^k$ . Show that H is contained in every Sylow p-subgroup of G.

#### Problem 8 (Hungerford 2.5.9).

Let  $|G| = p^n q$  for some primes p > q. Show that G contains a unique normal subgroup of index q.

# 1.2 Qual Problems

#### Problem 9.

Let G be a finite group and p a prime number. Let  $X_p$  be the set of Sylow-p subgroups of G and  $n_p$  be the cardinality of  $X_p$ . Let  $\operatorname{Sym}(X)$  be the permutation group on the set  $X_p$ .

- 1. Construct a homomorphism  $\rho: G \to \operatorname{Sym}(X_p)$  with image a transitive subgroup (i.e. with a single orbit).
- 2. Deduce that if G is simple then the order of G divides  $n_p!$ .
- 3. Show that for any  $1 \le a \le 4$  and any prime power  $p^k$ , no group of order  $ap^k$  is simple.

#### Problem 10.

Let G be a finite group and let  $N \subseteq G$ , and let p be a prime number and Q a subgroup of G such that  $N \subset Q$  and Q/N is a Sylow p-subgroup of G/N.

- 1. Prove that Q contains a Sylow p-subgroup of G.
- 2. Prove that every Sylow p-subgroup of G/N is the image of a Sylow p-subgroup of G.

#### Problem 11.

Let G be a finite group and H < G a subgroup. Let  $n_H$  be the number of subgroups of G that are conjugate to H. Show that  $n_H$  divides the order of G.

#### Problem 12.

Let  $G = S_5$ , the symmetric group on 5 elements. Identify all conjugacy classes of elements in G, provide a representative from each class, and prove that this list is complete.