Title

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Prologue

0.1 References

- Gathmann's Algebraic Geometry notes[@AndreasGathmann515].

0.2 Notation

- If a property P is said to hold **locally**, this means that for every point p there is a neighborhood $U_p \ni p$ such that P holds on U_p.

Notation	Definition
$k[\mathbf{x}] = k[x_1, \cdots, x_n]$ $k(\mathbf{x}) = k(x_1, \cdots, x_n)$ $\mathcal{U} \rightrightarrows X$ Δ_X $\mathbb{A}^n_{/k}$ $\mathbb{P}^n_{/k}$ — — $V(J), V_a(J)$ — $I(S), I_a(S)$ — $A(X)$ $V_p(J)$ — $I_p(S)$ — $S(X)$ f^h f^i J^h $\overline{X}$ — $\mathcal{O}_X$ $D(f)$	Polynomial ring in n indeterminates. Rational function field in n indeterminates An open cover $\mathcal{U} = \left\{U_j \mid j \in J\right\}$ The diagonal $\left\{(x, x) \mid x \in X\right\} \subseteq X \times X$ Affine n-space $\mathbb{A}^n_{/k} := \left\{\mathbf{a} = [a_1, \cdots, a_n] \mid a_j \in k\right\}$ Projective n-space $\mathbb{P}^n_{/k} := (k^n \setminus \{0\})/x \sim \lambda x =$ $\{f(\mathbf{x}) = p(\mathbf{x})/q(\mathbf{x}), \mid p, q, \in k[x_1, \cdots, x$ Variety associated to an ideal $J \trianglelefteq k[x_1, \cdots, x_n] := \left\{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{A}^n \mid f(\mathbf{x}) = 0, \forall f \in J\right\}$ Ideal associated to a subset $S \subseteq \mathbb{A}^n_k := \left\{f \in k[x_1, \cdots, x_n] \mid f(\mathbf{x}) = 0 \, \forall \mathbf{x} \in X\right\}$ Coordinate ring of a variety, $k[x_1, \cdots, x_n]/I(X)$ Projective variety of an ideal $:= \left\{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{P}^n_{/k} \mid f(\mathbf{x}) = 0, \forall f \in J\right\}$ Projective ideal (?) $:=$ $\{f \in k[x_1, \cdots, x_n] \mid f$ is homogeneous a Projective coordinate ring, $k[x_1, \cdots, x_n]/I_p(X)$ Homogenization, $x_0^{\deg f} f\left(\frac{x_1}{x_0}, \cdots, \frac{x_n}{x_0}\right)$ Dehomogenization, $f(1, x_1, \cdots, x_n)$ Homogenization of an ideal, $\left\{f^j \mid f \in J\right\}$ Projective

Notation	Definition

0.3 Summary of Important Concepts

- What is an affine variety?
- What is the coordinate ring of an affine variety?
- What are the constructions $V(\,\cdot\,)$ and $I(\,\cdot\,)$?
- What is the Nullstellensatz?
- What are the definitions and some examples of:
  - The Zariski topology?
  - Irreducibility?
  - Connectedness?
  - Dimension?
- What is the definition of a presheaf?
  - What are some examples and counterexamples?
- What is the definition of sheaf?
  - What are some examples?
  - What are some presheaves that are not sheaves?
- What is the definition of $\mathcal{O}_X$, the sheaf of regular functions?
  - How does one compute $\mathcal{O}_X$ for $X = D(f)$ a distinguished open?
- What is a morphism between two affine varieties?
- What is the definition of separatedness?
  - What are some examples of spaces that are and are not separated?
- What is a projective space?
- What is a projective variety?
- What is the projective coordinate ring?
- How does one take the closure of an affine variety X in projective space?
- What is completeness?
  - What are some examples and counterexamples of complete spaces?

0.4 Useful Examples

0.4.1 Varieties

- $V(xy-1) \subseteq \mathbb{A}^2$ a hyperbola
- $V(x)$ a coordinate axis
- $V(x-p)$ a point.

0.4.2 Presheaves / Sheaves

- $C^\infty(\,\cdot\,,\mathbb{R})$, a sheaf of smooth functions
- $C^0(\,\cdot\,,\mathbb{R})$, a sheaf of continuous functions
- $\mathcal{O}_X(\,\cdot\,)$, the sheaf of regular functions on X
- $\underline{\mathbb{R}}(\,\cdot\,)$, the constant sheaf associated to $\mathbb{R}$ (locally constant real-valued functions)
- $\mathrm{Hol}(\,\cdot\,,\mathbb{C})$, a sheaf of holomorphic functions
- K_p the skyscraper sheaf:

$$K_p(U) := \begin{cases} k & p \in U \\ 0 & \text{else.} \end{cases}$$

0.5 The Algebra-Geometry Dictionary

Let $k=\bar{k}$, we're setting up correspondences

Algebra	Geometry
$k[x_1,\cdots,x_n]$	$\mathbb{A}^n_{/k}$
Maximal ideals $\mathfrak{m} = x_1-p_1,\cdots,x_n-p_n$	Points $[a_1,\cdots,a_n]$
Radical ideals $J=\sqrt{J} \trianglelefteq k[x_1,\cdots,x_n]$	$V(J)$ the zero locus
Prime ideals $\mathfrak{p} \in \mathrm{Spec}(k[x_1,\cdots,x_n])$	Irreducible subsets
$I(S)$ the ideal of a set	$S \subseteq \mathbb{A}^n$ a subset
$I+J$	$V(I)\cap V(J)$
$\sqrt{I(V)+I(W)}$	$V\cap W$
$I\cap J, IJ$	$V(I)\cup V(J)$
$I(V)\cap I(W), \sqrt{I(V)I(W)}$	$V\cup W$
$I(V):I(W)$	$\overline{V\setminus W}$
$k[x_1,\cdots,x_n]/I(X)$	$A(X)$ (Functions on X)
$A(X)$ a domain	X is irreducible
$A(X)$ indecomposable	X is connected
Krull dimension n (chaints of primes)	Topological dimension n (chains of irreducibles)