

Bott / Tu: Applications of Spectral Sequences

Notation and Remarks

- For M a manifold, $T(M)$ is the unit tangent bundle of M
- For R a ring $R\delta_i$ denotes a copy of R appearing in the i th (co)homological degree
- $S^n \subset \mathbb{R}^{n+1}$ and $S^{2n-1} \subset \mathbb{C}^n$
- Theorem: $F \rightarrow E \rightarrow B$ a fibration results in
$$E_2^{p,q} = H^p(B, H^q(F; G)) = H^p(B; G) \otimes H^q(F; G)$$
for nice enough spaces X and groups G
 - Corollary: $H^n(X \times Y) = \bigoplus_{p+q=n} H^p(X, H^q(Y))$
- Facts about tensor products
 - $(rm) \otimes n = r(m \otimes n) = m \otimes (rn)$
 - $(r + s)(m \otimes n) = rm \otimes n + sm \otimes n$
 - $\mathbb{Z}_p \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Z}_q = \mathbb{Z} / \gcd(p, q)$ and $\gcd(p, q) = 1$ yields 0.
 - Some computations:
 - $\mathbb{Z}_n \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Q} = 0$
 - $\mathbb{Z}_n \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Q} / \mathbb{Z} = 0$
 - $\mathbb{Q} \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Q} = \mathbb{Q}$
 - $(\mathbb{Q} / \mathbb{Z}) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Q} = 0$
 - $\mathbb{Q} / \mathbb{Z} \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Q} / \mathbb{Z} = 0$
 - $R[x] \otimes_R S \cong S[x]$
 - $k \rightarrow K$ a field extension: $k[x] / (f) \otimes_k K \cong K[x] / (f)$
 - Symmetric, Associative
 - $(\oplus A_i) \otimes B = \oplus (A_i \otimes B)$
 - $\mathbb{Z} \otimes A = A$
 - $\mathbb{Z}_n \otimes A = \frac{A}{nA}$

List of Results

- A simply connected n -dimensional manifold M_n is orientable
 - Use $S^{n-1} \rightarrow T(M_n) \rightarrow M_n$
- $H^*(\mathbb{CP}^2) = \mathbb{R}\delta_0 + \mathbb{R}\delta_2 + \mathbb{R}\delta_4$

- Use $S^1 \rightarrow S^5 \rightarrow \mathbb{CP}^2$
- $H^*(\mathbb{CP}^2) = \frac{\mathbb{R}[x]}{(x^3)}$
 - Use $S^1 \rightarrow S^5 \rightarrow \mathbb{CP}^2$
- $H^*(\mathbb{CP}^n) = \sum_{i=0}^n \mathbb{R}\delta_{2i}$
 - Use $S^1 \rightarrow S^{2n+1} \rightarrow \mathbb{CP}^n$
- $H^*(\mathbb{CP}^n) = \frac{\mathbb{R}[x]}{(x^{n+1})}$
 - Use $S^1 \rightarrow S^{2n+1} \rightarrow \mathbb{CP}^n$
- $H^*(SO^3) = \mathbb{Z}\delta_0 + \mathbb{Z}_2\delta_2 + \mathbb{Z}\delta_3$
 - Use $S^1 \rightarrow T(S^2) \rightarrow S^2$ and identify $T(S^2) = SO^3$
 - Also use $E_2^{p,q} = H^p(S^2) \otimes H^q(S^1)$
- $H^*(SO^4) = ?$
 - Use $SO^3 \rightarrow SO^4 \rightarrow S^3$
- $H^*(U^n) = ?$
 - Use $U^{n-1} \rightarrow U^n \rightarrow S^{2n-1}$
- $H^*(\Omega S^2) = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \mathbb{Z}\delta_i$
 - Use $\Omega S^2 \rightarrow PS^2 \rightarrow S^2$
 - Also use $E_2^{p,q} = H^p(S^2, H^q(\Omega S^2))$
- $H^*(\Omega S^3) = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \mathbb{Z}\delta_{2i}$
 - Use $\Omega S^3 \rightarrow PS^3 \rightarrow S^3$
- $H^*(\Omega S^n) = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \mathbb{Z}\delta_{i(n-1)}$
 - Use $\Omega S^3 \rightarrow PS^3 \rightarrow S^3$
- $H^*(\Omega S^2) = \frac{\mathbb{Z}[x]}{(x^2)} \otimes \mathbb{Z}\{1, e, \frac{1}{2!}e^2, \dots\}, \dim x = 1, \dim e = 2$
 - Use $\Omega S^3 \rightarrow PS^3 \rightarrow S^3$
- $H^*(\Omega S^n) = \frac{\mathbb{Z}[x]}{(x^2)} \otimes \mathbb{Z}\{1, e, \frac{1}{2!}e^2, \dots\}, \dim x = n-1, \dim e = 2(n-1)$
 - Use $\Omega S^3 \rightarrow PS^3 \rightarrow S^3$

List of Fibrations

- $S^1 \rightarrow S^{2n+1} \rightarrow \mathbb{CP}^n$, the Hopf fibration?
- $S^3 \rightarrow S^{4n+3} \rightarrow \mathbb{HP}^n$ the generalized Hopf fibration? (not used here)
- Hopf Fibrations
 - $S^0 \rightarrow S^1 \rightarrow S^1$

- Induced by $S^1 \subset \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow S^1 = \mathbb{R} \cup \infty$
- $S^1 \rightarrow S^3 \rightarrow S^2$
 - Induced by $S^3 \subset \mathbb{C}^2 \rightarrow S^2 = \mathbb{C} \cup \infty$
- $S^3 \rightarrow S^7 \rightarrow S^4$
 - Induced by $S^7 \subset \mathbb{H}^2 \rightarrow S^4 = \mathbb{H} \cup \infty$
- $S^7 \rightarrow S^{15} \rightarrow S^8$
 - Induced by $S^{15} \subset \mathbb{O}^2 \rightarrow S^8 = \mathbb{O} \cup \infty$
- $SO^3 \rightarrow SO^4 \rightarrow S^3$
- $U^{n-1} \rightarrow U^n \rightarrow S^{2n-1}$
 - Can compute $H^*(U^n)$
- $\Omega S^n \rightarrow PS^n \rightarrow S^n$, path-loop fibration
 - $\Omega S^3 \rightarrow PS^3 \rightarrow S^3$:
 - Can compute $H^*(\Omega S^n)$
- $Y \rightarrow X \times Y \rightarrow X$ (not used here)

Fibrations

- $SO_{n-1}(R) \rightarrow SO_n(R) \rightarrow S^{n-1}$
- $S^n \xrightarrow{E} \Omega S^{n+1} \xrightarrow{H} \Omega S^{2n+1}$
- $S^1 \rightarrow S^{2n+1} \rightarrow \mathbb{CP}^n$
- $\Omega B \rightarrow PB \rightarrow B$
- $K(A, n) \rightarrow K(B, n) \rightarrow K(C, n)$ for any SES of groups.
- $S^0 \rightarrow S^1 \rightarrow \mathbb{RP}^1 = S^1$
- $S^1 \rightarrow S^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{CP}^1 = S^2$
- $S^3 \rightarrow S^7 \rightarrow \mathbb{HP}^1 = S^4$
- $S^7 \rightarrow S^{15} \rightarrow \mathbb{OP}^1 = S^8$

Define the Stiefel Manifold:

$$\mathbb{V}(k, n) = \{A \in \mathbb{F}^{nk} \mid A\bar{A}^t = I\}$$

and the Grassmanian

$$G(k, n) = ?$$

Obtained from fiber bundles involving [Stiefel Manifold](#) :

- $O^{n-1} \rightarrow O^n \rightarrow S^{n-1}$
- $SO^{n-1} \rightarrow SO^n \rightarrow S^{n-1}$

- $U^{n-1} \rightarrow U^n \rightarrow S^{2n-1}$
- $SU^{n-1} \rightarrow SU^n \rightarrow S^{2n-1}$
- $Sp^{n-1} \rightarrow Sp^n \rightarrow S^{4n-1}$
- $SO^n \rightarrow O^n \rightarrow S^0$
- $SU^n \rightarrow U^n \rightarrow S^1$
- $\mathbb{V}(k, k) \rightarrow \mathbb{V}(k, n) \rightarrow \mathbb{G}(k, n)$

Interesting Spaces to Look At:

$O, SO, Spin, U, \text{ or } Sp$