

Title

D. Zack Garza

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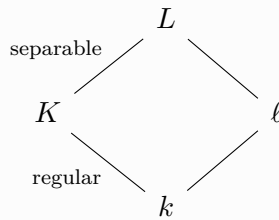
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1 | Lecture 25: Differential Pullback Theorem

This will recover the Riemann-Hurwitz formula by taking degrees.

Lemma 1.0.1 (?).

Let $K/k \subset L/\ell$ be a finite degree extension of function fields, and suppose K/k is regular and L/K is separable. Then ℓ/k and L/ℓ are separable and $L\ell$ is regular.



[Link to diagram](#)

Recall some facts/definitions:

- The **adele ring** of K is defined as

$$\mathcal{A}_K := \prod'_{v \in \Sigma(K/k)} K$$

which is a *restricted direct product*, i.e. each element $\alpha \in \mathcal{A}_K$ has the property that for almost every p , the p -adic valuation of the p th coordinate $v_p(\alpha_p) \geq 0$. There is a diagonal embedding

$$\begin{aligned} K &\hookrightarrow \mathcal{A}_K \\ f &\mapsto (f, f, \dots). \end{aligned}$$

- For any divisor $D \in \text{Div } K$, define

$$\mathcal{A}_K(D) := \left\{ \alpha \in \mathcal{A}_K \mid v_p(\alpha_p) \geq -v_p(D) \ \forall p \right\},$$

the adelic analog of the Riemann-Roch space.

- A space of linear forms

$$\Omega(D) := \left\{ \omega : \mathcal{A}_K \rightarrow A \mid \ker \omega \supseteq K + \mathcal{A}_K(D) \right\}$$

where $D_1 \leq D_2 \implies \Omega_K(D_2) \leq \Omega_K(D_1)$.

- $\Omega_K := \varinjlim_D \Omega_K(D)$.

- For any $\omega \in \Omega_K^\bullet$, $(\omega) := \max \left\{ D \mid \omega = 0 \text{ on } \mathcal{A}_K(D) + K \right\}$.

- $\mathcal{A}_{L/K} = \left\{ \alpha \in \mathcal{A}_L \mid \alpha q_1 = \alpha q_2 \text{ if } Q_1, Q_2/p \right\} \leq_{\text{Vect}_\ell} \mathcal{A}_L$

- The **adelic trace map**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Tr}_{L/K} : \mathcal{A}_{L/K} &\rightarrow \mathcal{A}_K \\ \alpha &\mapsto \text{Tr}_{L/K}(\alpha)/p = \text{Tr}_{L/K}(\alpha_Q) \end{aligned} \quad \text{for any } Q.$$