# Title

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Problem. (Gathmann 4.13)

Let  $f: X \to Y$  be a morphism of affine varieties and  $f^*: A(X) \to A(Y)$  the induced map on coordinate rings. Determine if the following statements are true or false:

- a. f is surjective  $\iff f^*$  is injective.
- b. f is injective  $\iff f^*$  is surjective.
- c. If  $f: \mathbb{A}^1 \to \mathbb{A}^1$  is an isomorphism, then f is affine linear, i.e. f(x) = ax + b for some
- d. If  $f: \mathbb{A}^2 \to \mathbb{A}^2$  is an isomorphism, then f is affine linear, i.e. f(x) = Ax + b for some  $a \in \operatorname{Mat}(2 \times 2, k)$  and  $b \in k^2$ .

Problem. (Gathmann 4.19)

Which of the following are isomorphic as ringed spaces over  $\mathbb{C}$ ?

(a) 
$$\mathbb{A}^1 \setminus \{1\}$$

(b) 
$$V\left(x_1^2 + x_2^2\right) \subset \mathbb{A}^2$$

(c) 
$$V\left(x_2 - x_1^2, x_3 - x_1^3\right) \setminus \{0\} \subset \mathbb{A}^3$$
  
(d)  $V\left(x_1 x_2\right) \subset \mathbb{A}^2$ 

(d) 
$$V(x_1x_2) \subset \mathbb{A}^2$$

(e) 
$$V(x_2^2 - x_1^3 - x_1^2) \subset \mathbb{A}^2$$

(f) 
$$V(x_1^2 - x_2^2 - 1) \subset \mathbb{A}^2$$

Problem. (Gathmann 5.7)

- a. Every morphism  $f: \mathbb{A}^1 \setminus \{0\} \to \mathbb{P}^1$  can be extended to a morphism  $\widehat{f}: \mathbb{A}^1 \to \mathbb{P}^1$ . b. Not every morphism  $f: \mathbb{A}^2 \setminus \{0\} \to \mathbb{P}^1$  can be extended to a morphism  $\widehat{f}: \mathbb{A}^2 \to \mathbb{P}^1$ .
- c. Every morphism  $\mathbb{P}^1 \to \mathbb{A}^1$  is constant.

Problem. (Gathmann 5.8)

Show that

a. Every isomorphism  $f: \mathbb{P}^1 \to \mathbb{P}^1$  is of the form

$$f(x) = \frac{ax+b}{cx+d} \qquad a, b, c, d \in k.$$

where x is an affine coordinate on  $\mathbb{A}^1 \subset \mathbb{P}^1$ .

b. Given three distinct points  $a_i \in \mathbb{P}^1$  and three distinct points  $b_i \in \mathbb{P}^1$ , there is a unique isomorphism  $f: \mathbb{P}^1 \to \mathbb{P}^1$  such that  $f(a_i) = b_i$  for all i.

### Proposition 1.0.1(?).

There is a bijection

$$\{ \text{ morphisms } X \to Y \} \overset{\text{1:1}}{\longleftrightarrow} \{ K \text{ -algebra homomorphisms } \mathscr{O}_Y(Y) \to \mathscr{O}_X(X) \}$$
 
$$f \longmapsto f^*$$

Problem. (Gathmann 5.9)

Does the above bijection hold if

- a. X is an arbitrary prevariety but Y is still affine?
- b. Y is an arbitrary prevariety but X is still affine?