Title

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Table of Contents

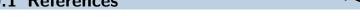
Contents

Table o	able of Contents				
Prologi		3			
0.1	References	3			
0.2	Notation	3			
0.3	Summary of Important Concepts	4			
0.4	Useful Examples	5			
	0.4.1 Varieties	5			
	0.4.2 Presheaves / Sheaves	5			
0.5	The Algebra-Geometry Dictionary	5			

Table of Contents

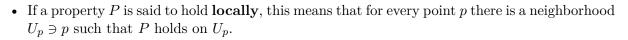
Prologue





 $\bullet \ \ Gathmann's \ Algebraic \ Geometry \ notes [@Andreas Gathmann 515].$

0.2 Notation



N-4-4:	D.C.:::
Notation	Definition
$k[\mathbf{x}] = k[x_1, \cdots, x_n]$	Polynomial ring in <i>n</i> indeterminates
$k(\mathbf{x}) = k(x_1, \cdots, x_n)$	Rational function field in n indeterminates
$\mathcal{U} \rightrightarrows X$	An open cover $\mathcal{U} = \left\{ U_j \; \middle \; j \in J \right\}$
Δ_X	The diagonal $\Delta_X \coloneqq \{(x,x) \mid x \in X\} \subseteq X \times X$
$\mathbb{A}^n_{/k}$	Affine <i>n</i> -space $\mathbb{A}^n_{/k} := \left\{ \mathbf{a} = [a_1, \cdots, a_n] \mid a_j \in k \right\}$
$\mathbb{P}^n_{/k}$	Projective n -space
,	$\mathbb{P}^n_{/k} := (k^n \setminus \{0\}) / x \sim \lambda x$
	$\mathbb{P}_{/k}^{n} = \left\{ f(\mathbf{x}) = p(\mathbf{x})/q(\mathbf{x}), \mid p, q, \in k[x_1, \dots, x_n] \right\}$
$V(J), V_a(J)$	Variety associated to an ideal $J \leq k[x_1, \dots, x_n]$
() ,	$V_a(J) \coloneqq \left\{ \mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{A}^n \mid f(\mathbf{x}) = 0, orall f \in J ight\}$
$I(S), I_a(S)$	Ideal associated to a subset $S \subseteq \mathbb{A}^n_k$
	$I_a(S) := \left\{ f \in k[x_1, \cdots, x_n] \mid f(\mathbf{x}) = 0 \forall \mathbf{x} \in X \right\}$
$\Lambda(V)$	C_{1} and C_{2} are a single formula $A(Y)$ and $A(Y)$
$A(X)$ $V_p(J)$	Coordinate ring of a variety $A(X) := k[x_1, \dots, x_n]/I(X)$ Projective variety of an ideal
$V_p(J)$	$V_p(J) \coloneqq \left\{ \mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{P}^n_{/k} \;\middle \; f(\mathbf{x}) = 0, orall f \in J ight\}$
	$V_p(J) := \left\{ \mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{F}_{/k} \mid J(\mathbf{x}) = 0, \ \forall j \in J \right\}$
$I_p(S)$	Projective ideal (?) $I_p(S) :=$
P	$\left\{ f \in k[x_1, \cdots, x_n] \mid f \text{ is homogeneous and } f(x) = 0 \forall x \in S \right\}$
	$(J \subseteq n[w], \dots, wn] \mid J \Rightarrow \text{nonlogeneous and } J(w) = 0 \forall w \in D$
S(X)	Projective coordinate ring, $S(X) := k[x_1, \dots, x_n]/I_p(X)$
f^h	Homogenization, $f^h := x_0^{\deg f} f\left(\frac{x_1}{x_0}, \cdots, \frac{x_n}{x_n}\right)$
U	$\langle x_0 \rangle = \langle x_0 \rangle$

0.1 References 3

Notation	Definition
$\overline{f^i}$	Dehomogenization, $f^i := f(1, x_1, \dots, x_n)$
J^h	Homogenization of an ideal, $J^h := \{f^j \mid f \in J\}$
\overline{X}	Projective closure of a subset $\overline{X} := V_p(J^h) := \left\{ \mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{P}^n \mid f^h(\mathbf{x}) = 0 \forall f \in X \right\}$
\mathcal{O}_X $D(f)$	Structure sheaf $\mathcal{O}_X(U) := \{ f : U \to k \mid f \in k(\mathbf{x}) \text{ locally} \}$ Distinguished open set,
D(f)	$D(f) := V(f)^c = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{A}^n \mid f(x) \neq 0 \right\}$

0.3 Summary of Important Concepts



- What is an affine variety?
- What is the coordinate ring of an affine variety?
- What are the constructions $V(\cdot)$ and $I(\cdot)$?
- What is the Nullstellensatz?
- What are the definitions and some examples of:
 - The Zariski topology?
 - Irreducibility?
 - Connectedness?
 - Dimension?
- What is the definition of a presheaf?
 - What are some examples and counterexamples?
- What is the definition of sheaf?
 - What are some examples?
 - What are some presheaves that are not sheaves?
- What is the definition of \mathcal{O}_X , the sheaf of regular functions?
 - How does one compute \mathcal{O}_X for X = D(f) a distinguished open?
- What is a morphism between two affine varieties?
- What is the definition of separatedness?
 - What are some examples of spaces that are and are not separated?
- What is a projective space?
- What is a projective variety?
- What is the projective coordinate ring?
- How does one take the closure of an affine variety X in projective space?
- What is completeness?
 - What are some examples and counterexamples of complete spaces?

0.4 Useful Examples



0.4.1 Varieties

- $V(xy-1) \subseteq \mathbb{A}^2$ a hyperbola
- V(x) a coordinate axis
- V(x-p) a point.

0.4.2 Presheaves / Sheaves

- $C^{\infty}(\cdot, \mathbb{R})$, a sheaf of smooth functions
- $C^0(\cdot,\mathbb{R})$, a sheaf of continuous functions
- $\mathcal{O}_X(\,\cdot\,)$, the sheaf of regular functions on X
- $\underline{\mathbb{R}}(\cdot)$, the constant sheaf associated to \mathbb{R} (locally constant real-valued functions)
- $\operatorname{Hol}(\cdot,\mathbb{C})$, a sheaf of holomorphic functions
- K_p the skyscraper sheaf:

$$K_p(U) \coloneqq \begin{cases} k & p \in U \\ 0 & \text{else.} \end{cases}$$

0.5 The Algebra-Geometry Dictionary



Let $k = \bar{k}$, we're setting up correspondences

Algebra	Geometry
$\frac{1}{k[x_1,\cdots,x_n]}$	$\mathbb{A}^n_{/k}$
Maximal ideals $\mathfrak{m} = x_1 - p_1, \cdots, x_n - p_n$	Points $[a_1, \cdots, a_n]$
Radical ideals $J = \sqrt{J} \le k[x_1, \cdots, x_n]$	V(J) the zero locus
Prime ideals $\mathfrak{p} \in \operatorname{Spec}(k[x_1, \cdots, x_n])$	Irreducible subsets
I(S) the ideal of a set	$S \subseteq \mathbb{A}^n$ a subset
I + J	$V(I) \cap V(J)$
$\sqrt{I(V) + I(W)}$	$V \cap W$
$I \cap J, IJ$	$V(I) \cup V(J)$
$I(V) \cap I(W), \sqrt{I(V)I(W)}$	$V \cup W$
I(V):I(W)	$\overline{V\setminus W}$
$k[x_1,\cdots,x_n]/I(X)$	A(X) (Functions on X)
A(X) a domain	X is irreducible
A(X) indecomposable	X is connected
Krull dimension n (chaints of primes)	Topological dimension n (chains of irreducibles)