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## Genus 2 Heegaard Splitting & Dehn Surgery on Tunnel number

Motivation: Let  $K \subseteq S^3$  be a knot,  $H$  a handlebody.  $K \subseteq H$  is primitive if  $H$  has a disc  $D$  s.t.  $D \cap K = \{\text{pt}\}$

If  $S$  ( $g(S)=2$ ) Heeg. surface,  $K$  is doubly primitive if  $K$  is primitive on both sides  
 $\leadsto K$  admits a lens space surgery

Berge's Conj.: Converse of this

$K$  admits a lens space surgery

$\stackrel{?}{\Rightarrow} K$  is d.p. wrt a genus 2 H. splitting of  $S^3$

Can generalize to replace  $K \subseteq M^3$

Conj: 1) Yes when  $M = S^3$

2) Yes when  $M = S^2 \times S^1$   $\square$

No for some lens spaces, yes for  $M = S^2 \times S^1 \# L(p, q)$

Pushing a knot into a handlebody  $\rightarrow S$  becomes  
a Heegaard surface for  $K^c$

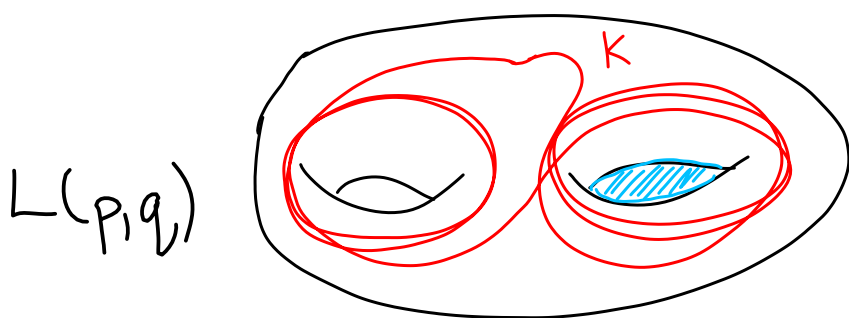
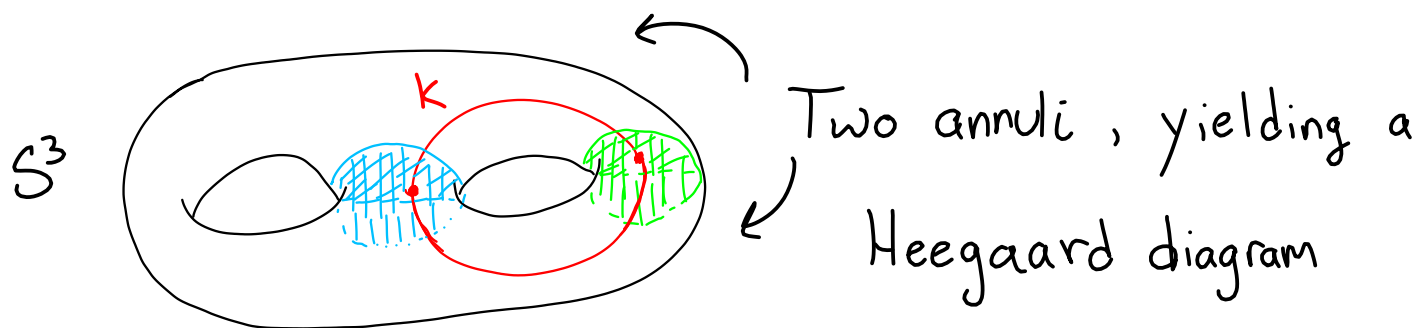
Conj:

1) Tunnel  $\ast \mathbb{I}$  + admits surgery  $\Rightarrow$  double prim

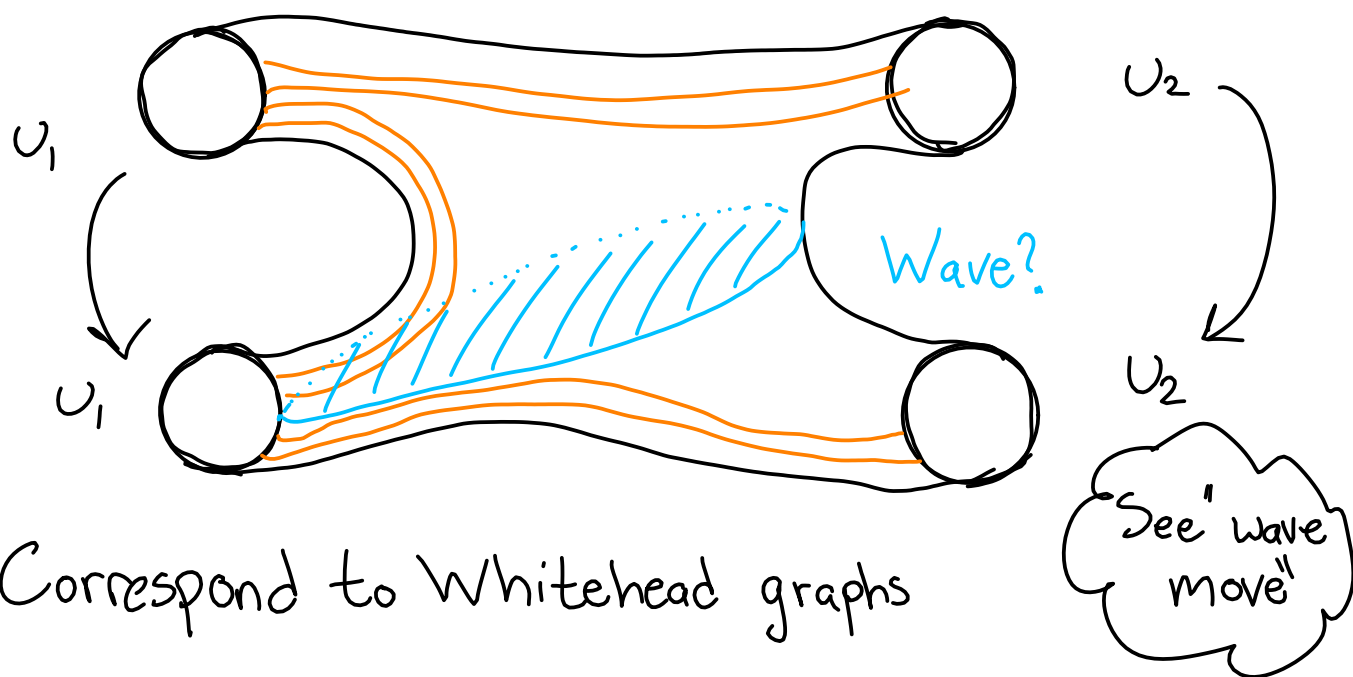
2) Admits surgery  $\Rightarrow$  Tunnel  $\ast \mathbb{I}$

Let  $K(s)$  = Dehn surgery with slope  $s$

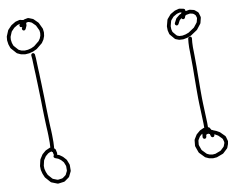
Sp.  $K(s) = L(p, q)$



Thm: A genus 2 Heeg. diagram of  $S^3$ , it contains a wave

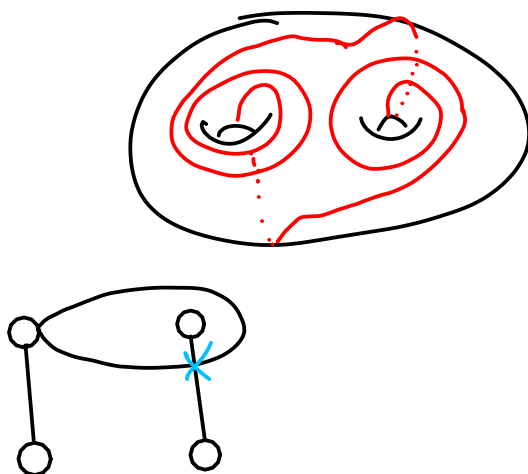


Correspond to Whitehead graphs



Waves correspond to intersecting arcs

$L(p, q)$



Thm: A genus 2 Heeg diag of  $S^2 \times S^1 \# L(p, q)$   
is standard, or has a wave

PF: Any 2 diags. are related by band moves

Def:  $k$ -reducible = reduced to standard  
in  $k$  moves

Induct on  $K$ , look at diags and see  
 $S^2 \times S^1$  obstruction when taking band sums

Work in progress

Have  $(D, P)$  pair (disc + planar surface)

$\alpha$  in surface,  $2P$  divides  $\alpha$  into segments

Let  $c = \sum \alpha_i \cap D$ ; if  $c = 0, 1$  then

$K$  is doubly primitive  $\leadsto$  a new Heeg. surface