

Deck Builder Toolkit





What is Magic?

- Magic is the oldest and the most popular trading card game ever
- It contains ~ 12.000 different cards
- Each player uses decks containing 60 to 75 cards
- Numerous strategies and card combinations.

Problem

- Deck building requires a certain skill level
- Major issue for new and inexperienced players
- Cards inside deck need to have synergy in order to perform well
- It is hard to find synergy among diverse number of cards

Our goal

- Provide a deck-builder toolkit to help players
- Give insight on winning strategies in the current metagame
- What cards are relevant given the user's current cards
- Which cards should user add to get good synergy

Methodology

Classification: Naïve Bayes

- We work with decks as collections of cards identified by their names
- Every deck is labeled with an "Archetype"
- We choose Naïve Bayes to classify collection of cards to certain "Archetype"
- We use predicted "Archetype" to narrow down dimensionality of data in order to identify synergies specific to user cards

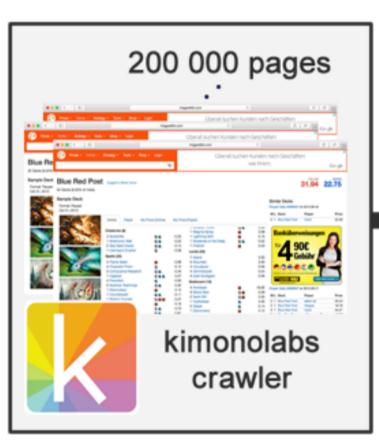
Frequent Item Set mining

- We need to identify good synergies between cards in order to give recommendations
- Identifying synergies in Magic is very difficult due to cards complexity
- We seek to find frequent card combinations from training dataset in order to represent synergies
- We use Apriori algorithm to create combinations of 4 cards that are most played together
- We use item set confidence and winning-loosing ratio to score particular item set

Recommendation system

- We take users cards as input and first define "Archetype" in which he should play
- We recommend missing cards in user's collection to make best performing synergies
- We give top combinations based on user's pool of card
- Recommendation system is of great value for deck customization based on proven winning synergies

Deck Builder Toolkit System



- We use Kimonolabs service to crawl more than 200 000 pages
- Crawler produces JSON files containing: player name, archetype and download link for decks containing a list of cards, an event reference, a player's score and format
- 1 Spellskite
 1 Sacred Foundry

 makoeyesX 4,0 4003084 Kiki
 Pod 1\$\$Temple Garden&&4\$\$Birds of
 Paradise&&1\$\$Mountain&&1\$\$QasaliPrid
 emage&&4\$\$Restoration
 Angel&&1\$\$Spellskite&&1\$\$Sacred
 Foundry&&1\$\$\$\$\$

 Pre-processing

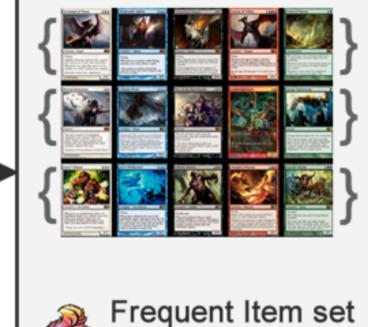
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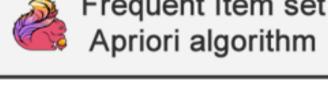
1 Temple Garden 4 Birds of Paradise 1 Mountain 1 Qasali Pridemage 4 Restoration Angel

- We use the provided JSON to download more than 200 000 deck lists
- We preprocess the downloaded files taking just the relevant information: player name, event reference, score, list of cards, format and archetype
- We finally merge the preprocessed data into one dataset in a format that can be used as an input training set



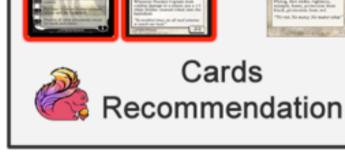
- We use Naïve Bayes classifier to classify the user's collection of cards to a certain "Archetype"
- We implement Naïve Bayes in a distributed fashion due to the size of our dataset
- We use Apache Flink as implementation platform





- We use Apriori algorithm to mine frequent cards combinations and to score its synergy performance
 We make four iterations to
- produce combinations of four cards
 For each frequent combination we provide confidence
- percentage and winningpercentageWe use Apache Flink as

implementation platform



 We use user collection of cards as input

We predict in which "Archetype"

- Player should play
 We map user cards to our
- We map user cards to our frequent item sets mined database
- We output cards that user should consider to add to personal collection in order to have good performing synergies
- We rate combinations so user can get cards with bigger chance to win

Experiments

Step 1. Input for the Classification

User has just 4 cards and want to build a deck:

User does not know in which "Archetype" can play









{Remand, Blood Moon, Vedalken Schackles, Snapcaster Mage}

Step 2. Classification output

With just 4 cards as an input (deck should have 60-75 cards), Classifier is able to predict correct "Archetype" for user input:

"Archetype" => "UR Delver"

Step 3. Generating frequent item set

Generated frequent item set for user's archetype "UR Delver"

Card #1	Card #2	Card #3	Card #4	Support %	Winning ratio
Burst Lightning	Spellstutter Sprite	Steam Vents	Vendilion Clique	0.67	0.79
Delver of Secrets	Electrolyze	Faerie Conclave	Misty Rainforest	0.62	0.78
Electrolyze	Faerie Conclave	Mana Leak	Mountain	0.62	0.78

Step 4. Mapping user cards to generated frequent set

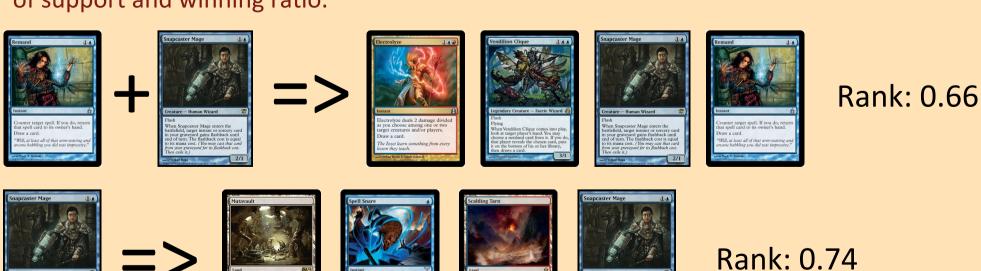
{Remand, <u>Blood Moon</u>, Vedalken Schackles, <u>Snapcaster Mage</u>}

{Blood Moon, Delver of Secrets, Lightning Bolt, Misty Rainforest} {Burst Lightning, Delver of Secrets, Lightning Bolt, Mana Leak} {Blood Moon, Electrolyze, Misty Rainforest, Snapcaster Mage} {Blood Moon, Electrolyze, Scalding Tarn, Spell Snare}

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Step 5. Recommend top combinations for user cards

Suggest which cards user can add to deck to perform good. Rank is combination of support and winning ratio.



Results

- We crawled more than 200K pages from mtggoldfish.com, which contains deck lists from online daily events. We obtained ~ 25K different decks, each containing 60-75 cards. We focused on specific format "Modern" instead of taking 200K decks in order to provide meaningful data for players.
- Naïve Bayes classification accuracy is 71% with 17.5K decks for training and 7.5K decks for test.
- With Apriori algorithm, we choose to make frequent item sets with four cards. This give us more insight on card synergies instead of giving just a subset of an "Archetype".
- Manual analysis of the recommendations suggest that cards are coherent and have value to a player.

Discussion

- Classification accuracy of 71% is not satisfying, and should be improved. The problem rely in small vocabulary (~1900 distinct card names), with large number of classes (more than 100 different "Archetypes")
- In order to provide reliable service for players, data needs to be updated frequently and mine new frequent item sets, since meta game is evolving
- Recommendations system provides the most played ones, thus can be of low interest for experienced players
 Future work would explore new ways to improve classification and overall performance of
 - system. Algorithms other than Apriori should be explored and tested

 To make system more valuable it should mine frequent item set on more than one
- To make system more valuable it should mine frequent item set on more than one "Archetype"

