

Adjective Clauses 3

Grammar > Intermediate 6



Exercise 1 – Learning

This lesson will focus on 'whose' and 'whom'.

Whose

Use 'whose' to provide information about someone using their possessions.

- The businesswoman **whose** book recently became a bestseller is now rich.
- The family **whose** house was flooded lost many of their possessions.

Whom

Use 'whom' to provide information about a person that is the object of the clause.

- Bob, **whom** you just spoke to, is my neighbor.
- The criminal **whom** you are talking about has been arrested.



Tip: Notice that 'whom' is 'who' with an 'm' at the end. This is similar to how the object forms of 'he' ('him') and 'they' ('them') also end in 'm'.

Casual Speech

Native speakers usually do not say 'whom' in casual speech. They say 'who'/'that' or simply omit 'whom':

- Formal: He's the chef whom I respect.
- *Casual:* He's the chef who/that I respect.
- *Casual:* He's the chef I respect.

However, 'whose' cannot be replaced or omitted.



Exercise 2 – Multiple Choice

Choose the correct answers to complete the sentences.

- 1. John is the person _____ brother is your doctor.
 - a) whose
 - b) whom
- 2. Sarah is the person _____ you have met before.
 - a) whose
 - b) whom
- 3. Who was the woman _____ you were talking to?
 - a) whose
 - b) whom
- 4. That's the person _____ shop I often go to.
 - a) whose
 - b) whom



5. He is the man _____ you spoke to on the phone.

- a) whose
- b) whom

6. He is the man _____ company is very big.

- a) whose
- b) whom

7. She is someone _____ we want to hire.

- a) whose
- b) whom

8. That's the girl _____ clothes are too big.

- a) whose
- b) whom



Exercise 3 – Sentence Construction

Use what you learned in class to create sentences with your tutor.

Example: father-in-law. → My father-in-law is the man whose daughter I married.

Content:

- 1. wife.
- 2. husband.
- 3. son.
- 4. daughter.
- 5. neighbor.
- 6. colleague.