Sync Smart Home API Docs

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1. Sync Smart Home API Documentation

2. API Reference

2.1 app.main

This module acts as a middlepoint between the database and the frontend.

2.1.1 app.main.lifespan(app_context) async

Defines application lifespan event handler

```
@asynccontextmanager
async def lifespan(app_context: FastAPI):
"""Defines application lifespan event handler"""
try:
await init_db()
app_context.state.custom_attribute = "value"  # Placeholder for future app-wide state
logger.info("Application startup complete.")
yield
except Exception as e:
logger.error("Failed to initialize the database: %e.")
raise e
finally:
logger.info("Application is shutting down.")
```

2.1.2 app.main.read_root()

Root endpoint.

2.2 app.routes.user_routes

This module routes data to the database from registration

 $2.2.1 \ \, app.routes.user_routes.login(form_data=Depends()) \ \, async$

Authenticate user & return a JWT token.

2.2.2 app.routes.user_routes.register_user(user) async

Registers a new user to the database.

```
Source code in app/routes/user_routes.py
       @router.post("/register", response_model = UserResponse)
        async def register ( response modet = userkesponse)
async def register_user(user: UserCreate):
    """Registers a new user to the database."""
    # Check if email exists already
    if users_collection.find_one({"email": user.email}):
13
15
                    raise HTTPException(status_code = 400, detail = "Registration failed, please try again.")
16
17
18
              # Data that will be collected
              user_data = {
   "email": user.email,
19
20
                 "email": user.email,
"password_hash": hash_password(user.password),
"is_verified": False,
"created_at": datetime.now(timezone.utc),
"updated_at": datetime.now(timezone.utc),
"role": user.role or "user"
22
23
24
25
26
27
               # Database user insert
28
              try:
    result = users_collection.insert_one(user_data)
30
31
              except Exception as e:
    raise HTTPException(status_code = 500, detail = f"Failed to register user: {e}") from e
32
33
              return UserResponse(
34
               id = str(result.inserted_id),
role = user_data["role"],
                     email = user.email,
is_verified = False
37
38
                    created_at = user_data["created_at"]
39
```

2.3 app.routes.data_routes

2.3.1 app.routes.data_routes.add_energy_data(data) async

API to add new energy data to the database.

2.3.2

app.routes.data_routes.get_aggregated_data(start_date=Query(None, description='Start date (YYYY-MM-DD)'),
end_date=Query(None, description='End date (YYYY-MM-DD)'), device_id=Query(None, description='Device ID
filter'), location=Query(None, description='Location filter'), interval='day') async

Fetch aggregated energy data based on filters

```
Source code in app/routes/data_routes.py \(^{\sqrt{}}\)
     @router.get("/aggregate")
      async def get_aggregated_data(
            start_date: Optional[str] = Query(None, description = "Start date (YYYY-MM-DD)"),
end_date: Optional[str] = Query(None, description = "End date (YYYY-MM-DD)"),
device_id: Optional[str] = Query(None, description = "Device ID filter"),
location: Optional[str] = Query(None, description = "Location filter"),
            interval: Literal["hour", "day", "week"] = "day",
     ):
"""Fetch aggregated energy data based on filters"""
24
25
26
27
           if start_date and end_date:
28
                  29
30
32
33
           if device id:
                  query["device_id"] = device_id
            if location:
                 query["location"] = location
36
37
38
           time_group = {
    "year": {"$year": "$timestamp"},
39
                  "month": {"$month": "$timestamp"},
"day": {"$day0fMonth": "$timestamp"}
                  "month":
40
41
42
43
            if interval == "hour":
45
                  time_group =
                       e_group = {
    "device_id": "$device_id",
    "year": {"$year": "$timestamp"},
    "month": {"$month": "$timestamp"},
    "day": {"$dayofMonth": "$timestamp"},
    "hour": {"$hour": "$timestamp"}
47
49
50
51
           elif interval == "day":
52
53
                 time_group =
                        "device_id": "$device_id",
54
55
                       "year": {"$year": "$timestamp"},
"month": {"$month": "$timestamp"}
                       "day": {"$dayOfMonth": "$timestamp"}
58
           elif interval == "week":
59
60
                 time_group = {
                         device_id": "$device_id",
61
                       "year": {"$year": "$timestamp"},
"week": {"$isoWeek": "$timestamp"}
62
63
              }
64
           aggregation_pipeline = [
66
67
                 {"$match": query},
{"$group": {
68
                              "device_id": "$device_id", # Group by device
70
71
72
                              **time_group
                                                                    # Group by time interval
                       }, "total_energy": {"$sum": "$energy_consumed"}
74
            result = list(energy_collection.aggregate(aggregation_pipeline))
76
77
            return {"aggregated_data": result}
78
```

2.4 app.routes.report_routes

2.4.1

app.routes.report_routes.generate_report(format=Query('csv', enum=['csv', 'pdf']), start_date=Query(None,
description='Start date (YYYY-MM-DD)'), end_date=Query(None, description='End date (YYYY-MM-DD)')) async

Generate an energy consumption report in CSV or PDF format, optionally filtered by date range.

Source code in app/routes/report_routes.py @router.post("/report", dependencies = [Depends(role_required("admin"))]) async def generate_report(format: str = Query("csv", enum = ["csv", "pdf"]), start_date: str = Query(None, description = "Start date (YYYY-MM-DD)"), end_date: str = Query(None, description = "End date (YYYY-MM-DD)")): 23 24 Generate an energy consumption report in CSV or PDF format, 25 26 optionally filtered by date range. 27 try: energy_data = get_energy_data(start_date, end_date) 29 30 raise HTTPException(status_code = 400, detail = str(exc)) from exc 31 33 34 35 raise HTTPException(status code = 404, detail = "No energy data available for the selected range.") timestamp = datetime.datetime.now().strftime("%Y%m%d_%H%M%S") 36 37 filename = f"{REPORTS_DIR}/energy_report_{timestamp}.{format}" 38 39 df = pd.DataFrame(energy_data) 40 41 dr = po.DataFrame(energy_data) df["timestamp"] = pd.to_datetime(df["timestamp"]).dt.strftime("%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S") # Format timestamp df.columns = ["Device ID", "Timestamp", "Energy Consumed (kWh)", "Location"] df.to_csv(filename, index = False) f format == "pdf": 42 elif format == 44 doc = SimpleDocTemplate(filename, pagesize=letter) 46 47 # Prepare table data data = [["Device ID", "Timestamp", "Energy Cosumed (kWh)", "Location"]] for entry in energy_data: 48 49 50 51 52 a.append([entry.get("device_id", "N/A"), entry.get("timestamp", "").strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S') if entry.get("timestamp") else "N/A", entry.get("energy_consumed", "N/A"), entry.get("location", "N/A") data.append([55 56 57 58 # Create & style table table = Table(data) 59 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 69 70 71 elements.append(table) 72 73 doc.build(elements) 74 75 return FileResponse(path = os.path.abspath(filename), filename = os.path.basename(filename), 76 77 media_type = "application/octet-stream" 78

2.5 app.models.user

This model defines user-related data models for account creation & response handling

It includes: - UserCreate: A model for user registration input with email & password validation - UserResponse: A model for returning user details in API responses

2.5.1 app.models.user.UserCreate

Bases: BaseModel

Pydantic model for user registration input

Attributes:

Name	Туре	Description
email	EmailStr	The user's email address
password	str	The user's password (validated for strength)
role	Optional[str]	The user's role, defaulting to "user"

```
Source code in app/models/user.py
       class UserCreate(BaseModel):
13
14
             Pydantic model for user registration input
15
            Attributes:
email (EmailStr): The user's email address
            password (str): The user's email address
password (str): The user's password (validated for strength)
role (Optional[str]): The user's role, defaulting to "user"
17
19
20
             email: EmailStr
22
23
             password: str
role: Optional[str] = "user"  # Default role
24
25
             @field_validator("password")
26
27
             @classmethod
             def validate_password(cls, value: str) -> str:
28
29
                  Validate the password to ensure it meets security requirements
30
31
                        value (str): The password provided by the user
32
33
34
35
                       str: The validated password
36
                  MalueError: If the password doesn't meet security requirements
                   Raises:
38
40
                        raise ValueError("Password must be at least 8 characters long.")
41
42
                  if not any(char.isdigit() for char in value):
    raise ValueError("Password must contain at least 1 number.")

if not any(char.isalpha() for char in value):
    raise ValueError("Password must contain at least 1 letter.")
43
44
45
46
                  if not any(char.islower() for char in value):
    raise ValueError("Password must contain at least 1 lower letter.")
47
48
                  if not any(char.isupper() for char in value):
    raise ValueError("Password must contain at least 1 upper letter.")

if not any(char in '!@#$%^&*()_+-=[]{}|;\':",.<>?/' for char in value):
    raise ValueError("Password must contain at least 1 special character.")
49
50
51
                  return value
52
53
54
             @field_validator("email")
55
             @classmethod
             def validate_email(cls, value: EmailStr) -> EmailStr:
56
57
58
59
                   Validate the user's email address
60
61
                       value (EmailStr): The email address provided
62
63
                       EmailStr: The validated email
64
65
66
                   Raises:
                   67
68
                  if not "@" in value:
    raise ValueError("Email must contain @.")
if not "." in value.split("@")[1]:
    raise ValueError("Email must contain a dot.")
69
70
71
72
73
                   return value
```

app.models.user.UserCreate.validate_email(value) classmethod

Validate the user's email address

Parameters:

Name	Туре	Description	Default
value	EmailStr	The email address provided	required

Returns:

Name	Туре	Description
EmailStr	EmailStr	The validated email

Raises:

Туре	Description
ValueError	If the email doesn't contain @ or a valid domain

 $app.models.user.UserCreate.validate_password(value) \\ \verb| classmethod|$

Validate the password to ensure it meets security requirements

Parameters:

Name	Туре	Description	Default
value	str	The password provided by the user	required

Returns:

Name	Туре	Description
str	str	The validated password

Туре	Description
ValueError	If the password doesn't meet security requirements

```
Source code in app/models/user.py
        @field_validator("password")
         @classmethod
        def validate_password(cls, value: str) -> str:
28
29
               Validate the password to ensure it meets security requirements
30
31
               Args: value (str): The password provided by the user
32
33
34
35
                     str: The validated password
36
37
               Nations:
ValueError: If the password doesn't meet security requirements
               Raises:
38
39
40
               if len(value) < 8:</pre>
               raise ValueError("Password must be at least 8 characters long.")
if not any(char.isdigit() for char in value):
    raise ValueError("Password must contain at least 1 number.")
41
42
43
44
               if not any(char.isalpha() for char in value):
    raise ValueError("Password must contain at least 1 letter.")
45
46
               if not any(char.islower() for char in value):
    raise ValueError("Password must contain at least 1 lower letter.")
47
48
              raise ValueError("Password must contain at least 1 lower letter.")
if not any(char.isupper() for char in value):
    raise ValueError("Password must contain at least 1 upper letter.")
if not any(char in '!@#$%^&*()_+-=[]{}|; ':':",.<>?/' for char in value):
    raise ValueError("Password must contain at least 1 special character.")
49
50
51
52
               return value
```

2.5.2 app.models.user.UserResponse

Bases: BaseModel

Pydantic model for user response data

Attributes:

Name	Туре	Description
id	str	Unique identifier for the user
role	str	The assigned role of the user
email	EmailStr	The user's email address
is_verified	bool	Indicates whether the user's email address is verified (defaults to False)
created_at	Optional[datetime]	Timestamp of the user account creation

```
Source code in app/models/user.py
       class UserResponse(BaseModel):
76
77
              Pydantic model for user response data
78
79
              Attributes:
                 id (str): Unique identifier for the user
80
81
              id (str): Unique identifier for the user role (str): The assigned role of the user email (EmailStr): The user's email address is_verified (bool): Indicates whether the user's email address is verified (defaults to False) created_at (Optional[datetime]): Timestamp of the user account creation
82
83
84
85
              id: str
86
              role: str
email: EmailStr
87
88
             is_verified: bool = False
created_at: Optional[datetime]
90
              model_config = ConfigDict(from_attributes = True)
92
```

2.6 app.models.energy_data

This module defines the EnergyData model used for storing energy consumption records

The model: - Represents energy consumption data for a specific device - Includes metadata such as timestamp & location

2.6.1 app.models.energy_data.EnergyData

Bases: BaseModel

Pydantic model representing energy consumption data for a smart device

Attributes:

Name	Туре	Description
device_id	str	Unique identifier for the device
timestamp	datetime	The date & time of the recorded energy consumption
energy_consumed	float	The amount of energy consumed in kilowatt-hours (kWh)
location	Optional[str]	The optional physical location of the device

```
Class EnergyData(BaseModel):

"""

Pydantic model representing energy consumption data for a smart device

Attributes:

device_id (str): Unique identifier for the device

timestamp (datetime): The date & time of the recorded energy consumption
energy_consumed (float): The amount of energy consumed in kilowatt-hours (kWh)
location (Optional[str]): The optional physical location of the device

"""

device_id: str
timestamp: datetime
energy_consumed: float  # tracking in kWh (kilowatt hours)
location: Optional[str] = None
```

2.7 app.db.database

This module handles MongoDB database connections & operations

It provides: - Initialization of MongoDB collections & indexes - Functions to fetch energy consumption data with optional filtering

2.7.1 app.db.database.get_energy_data(start_date=None, end_date=None)

Fetch energy data consumption from MongoDB with optional date filtering

Parameters:

Name	Туре	Description	Default
start_date	str	Start date in YYYY-MM-DD format	None
end_date	str	End date in YYYY-MM-DD format	None

Returns:

Туре	Description
List[Dict]	List[Dict]: A list of energy consumption records

Raises:

Туре	Description
ValueError	If the provided date format is incorrect

```
Source code in app/db/database.py
      def get_energy_data(start_date: str = None, end_date: str = None) -> List[Dict]:
53
           Fetch energy data consumption from MongoDB with optional date filtering
56
57
           Args:
start_date (str, optional): Start date in `YYYYY-MM-DD` format
end_date (str, optional): End date in `YYYY-MM-DD` format
58
60
61
               List[Dict]: A list of energy consumption records
62
63
64
65
           ValueError: If the provided date format is incorrect \ensuremath{\text{\tiny """}}
66
67
68
           query = {}
69
70
           if start_date and end_date:
                71
72
                end_dt = datetime.strptime(end_date, "%Y-%m-%d")
query["timestamp"] = {"$gte": start_dt, "$lte": end_dt}
except ValueError as exc:
raise ValueError("Invalid date format. Use `YYYY-MM-DD`.") from exc
75
76
77
78
           energy_data = list(energy_collection.find(query, {"_id": 0}))  # Exclude MongoDB _id field
           return energy_data
79
```

2.7.2 app.db.database.init_db() async

Initialize the database by creating necessary indexes

This function ensures: - Unique email constraint for users - Indexes on device_id & timestamp in the energy collection for optimized queries

Туре	Description
RuntimeError	If there is an error during database initialization

```
Source code in app/db/database.py
     async def init_db():
29
30
           Initialize the database by creating necessary indexes
32
33
          - Unique email constraint for users
- Indexes on `device_id` & `timestamp` in the energy collection for optimized queries
34
35
36
37
           Municus.
RuntimeError: If there is an error during database initialization
38
39
40
41
          try:
               # Create uniqueness of user emails
users_collection.create_index("email", unique = True)
42
43
               # Optimize queries by creating indexes on frequently queried fields
44
               energy_collection.create_index("device_id")
energy_collection.create_index("timestamp")
46
               print("Database initialized successfully.")
48
              raise RuntimeError(f"Error during database initialization: {e}") from e
50
```

2.8 app.core.config

2.9 app.core.security

This module implements security features

Features include: - Password hashing - JWT token creation & verification - Role-based access control

2.9.1 app.core.security.create_access_token(data, expires_delta=None)

Create a JWT token with an expiration time

Parameters:

Name	Туре	Description	Default
data	dict	The payload to encode in the token	required
expires_delta	Optional[timedelta]	The expiration time delta Defaults to ACCESS_TOKEN_EXPIRE_MINUTES	None

Returns:

Name	Туре	Description
str		The encoded JWT token

2.9.2 app.core.security.get_current_user(token=Depends(oauth2_scheme))

Extract & validate the current user's JWT token

Parameters:

Name	Туре	Description	Default
token	str	The OAuth2 token obtained from authentication	Depends(oauth2_scheme)

Returns:

Name	Туре	Description
dict	dict	The decoded token payload

Raises:

Туре	Description
HTTPException	If the token is invalid or missing required fields

```
Source code in app/core/security.py ✓
       def get_current_user(token: str = Depends(oauth2_scheme)) -> dict:
110
111
           Extract & validate the current user's JWT token
112
113
          Args: token (str): The OAuth2 token obtained from authentication
114
116
117
                dict: The decoded token payload
118
           Naises:
HTTPException: If the token is invalid or missing required fields
119
120
          payload = verify_access_token(token)
if not payload or "role" not in payload:
    raise HTTPException(status_code = status.HTTP_401_UNAUTHORIZED, detail = "Invalid token")
122
123
124
           return payload
```

2.9.3 app.core.security.hash_password(password)

Hash a plain-text password using bcrypt

Parameters:

Name	Туре	Description	Default
password	str	The password to hash	required

Returns:

Name	Туре	Description
str	str	The hashed password

Туре	Description
ValueError	If an error occurs during hashing

2.9.4 app.core.security.needs_rehash(hashed_password)

Check if a stored hashed password required rehashing

Parameters:

Name	Туре	Description	Default
hashed_password	str	The existing hashed password	required

Returns:

Name	Туре	Description
bool	bool	True if rehashing is required & False if otherwise

```
Source code in app/core/security.py

def needs_rehash(hashed_password: str) -> bool:
    """
    Check if a stored hashed password required rehashing

Args:
    hashed_password (str): The existing hashed password

Returns:
    bool: True if rehashing is required & False if otherwise

"""

return pwd_context.needs_update(hashed_password)
```

2.9.5 app.core.security.role_required(required_role)

Dependency function to check to enforce role-based access control

Parameters:

Name	Туре	Description	Default
required_role	str	The required user role	required

Returns:

Name	Туре	Description
function		A dependency function that verifies the user's role

Туре	Description
HTTPException	If the user lacks the required role

```
Source code in app/core/security.py
        {\tt def} \  \, {\tt role\_required(required\_role: str):}
128
129
             Dependency function to check to enforce role-based access control
130
131
            Args: required_role (str): The required user role
132
           Returns:
134
                 function: A dependency function that verifies the user's role
136
            HTTPException: If the user lacks the required role
138
139
           def role_checker(current_user: dict = Depends(get_current_user)):
    if current_user.get("role") != required_role:
        raise HTTPException(
140
141
142
                           status_code = status.HTTP_403_FORBIDDEN,
detail = f"Permission denied: {required_role} role required"
143
144
145
146
            return current_user
return role_checker
147
```

2.9.6 app.core.security.verify_access_token(token)

Verify & decode a JWT access token

Parameters:

Name	Туре	Description	Default	
token	str	The JWT token to verify	required	

Returns:

Туре	Description
Optional[dict]	Optional[dict]: The decoded token payload if valid, otherwise None

```
Source code in app/core/security.py

def verify_access_token(token: str) -> Optional[dict]:
    """
    Verify & decode a JwT access token

Args:
    token (str): The JwT token to verify

Returns:
    Optional[dict]: The decoded token payload if valid, otherwise None

"""

try:
    payload = jwt.decode(token, SECRET_KEY, algorithms = [ALGORITHM])
    return payload
    except JwTError:
    return None
```

2.9.7 app.core.security.verify_password(plain_password, hashed_password)

Verify a plain-text password against a hashed password

Parameters:

Name	Туре	Description	Default
plain_password	str	The input password	required
hashed_password	str	The stored hashed password	required

Returns:

Name	Туре	Description
bool	bool	True if the password matches & False if otherwise

Туре	Description
ValueError	If an error occurs during verification

```
def verify_password(plain_password: str, hashed_password: str) -> bool:

"""

Verify a plain-text password against a hashed password

Args:

Args:

plain_password (str): The input password

hashed_password (str): The stored hashed password

Returns:

bool: True if the password matches & False if otherwise

Raises:

AlueError: If an error occurs during verification

"""

try:

return pwd_context.verify(plain_password, hashed_password)

except Exception as e:

raise ValueError(f"Error verifying password: {e}") from e
```