* I first familiarized myself with the builder service as we are trying to modify the execution layer block that is being built
* To do this we notice that we have a Builder service defined in the builder/builder.go directory, where we can find its implementation of various methods that involve processing the builder bid, preparing the block, and submitting the blinded block.
* Here we can also see the implementation of ExtraData used in the ExecutionPayload which is the additional data field for each proposed block by the block builder
* We clearly have the ExtraData defined as an unbounded byte array, meanwhile in the eth2.0 doccumentation, it defines ExtraData at most 32 bytes
* What we can do here is redefine the ExecutionPayload.ExtraData field to ensure that we can only assign at most 32 bytes to it
* I have created localExecutionPayload struct in the builder service that overwrites the ExtraData field to a [32]byte array. This is in line with what is defined in page 5 of the ETH yellow paper (<https://ethereum.org/615606b8e1e1da72687e66dba79771e9/yellow-paper-berlin.pdf>)
* If I had more time to work on the solution, I would refactor all ExecutionPayload instances to work with the localExecutionPayload