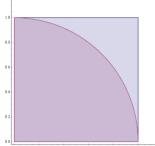
EE 511 Simulation Methods for Stochastic Systems

Project #5: MC & MCMC

[Due 2-Dec-2016]

Problem 1 [Monte Carlo]

Generate n=100 samples of i.i.d 2-dimensional uniform random variables in the unit-square. Count how many of these samples fall within the quarter unit-circle centered at the origin. This quarter circle inscribes the unit square as shown below:



- i.) Use these random samples to estimate the area of the inscribed quarter circle. Use this area estimate to estimate the value of pi. Do k=50 runs of these pi-estimations. Plot the histogram of the 50 pi-estimates.
- ii.) Repeat the experiment with different numbers of uniform samples, n (using k=50 for all these runs). Plot the sample variance of the pi-estimates for these different values of n. What is the relationship the estimate variance and Monte Carlo sample size?
- iii.) Adapt your Monte Carlo solution to provide integral and error estimates for the function:

$$g(x, y) = |4x - 2| \times |4y - 2|$$
 x, y in [0, 1]

Problem 2 [Variance Reduction Methods for Monte Carlo]

Use a total sample budget of n=1000 to obtain Monte Carlo estimates and sample MC estimate variances for the definite integrals in 2 dimensions (x_1, x_2) :

(a)
$$\exp(\sum_{i=1}^{2} 5|x_i - 0.5|)$$
 for x_i in [0,1]

(b)
$$\cos(\pi + \sum_{i=1}^{2} 5x_i)$$
 for x_i in [-1,1]

(c)
$$|4x-2| \times |4y-2|$$
 for x, y in [0,1]

Implement *stratification* and *importance sampling* (separately) in the Monte Carlo estimation procedures using the same sample budget n=1000. Compare the 3 different Monte Carlo integral estimates and their sample variances. Discuss the quality of the Monte Carlo estimates from each method.

Problem 3 [MCMC for Optimization]

The n-dimensional Scwefel function

$$f(\vec{x}) = 418.9829n - \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i \sin \sqrt{|x_i|}$$
$$x_i \text{ in } [-500, 500]$$

is a very bumpy surface with many local critical points and one global maximum. We will explore the surface for the case n=2 dimensions.

- i) Plot a contour plot of the surface for the 2-D surface
- ii) Implement a simulated annealing procedure to find the global minimum of this surface
- Explore the behavior of the procedure starting from the origin with an exponential, a polynomial, and a logarithmic cooling schedule. Run the procedure for t={20, 50, 100, 1000} iterations for k=100 runs each. Plot a histogram of the function minima your procedure converges to.
- iv) Choose your best run and overlay your 2-D sample path on the contour plot of the Schwefel function to visualize the locations your optimization routine explored.

Turn in:

- Analyses & discussions of your findings
- A summary of your experiments including histograms of your data, sample path plots, and other relevant numerical results
- A print out of your code.