# Digit Recognition using Deep Learning and Convolutional Networks.

```
In []: import math
    import numpy as np
    import cv2 as cv
    import time
    from scipy import stats
    from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
    #import skfuzzy as fuzz
    import csv
    import os
    import pandas as pd
```

### Generating the Test Set

```
In [ ]: class Region:
            def init (self):
                self.xm = 0
                self.ym = 0
                self.xx = 0
                self.yy = 0
                self.xy = 0
                self.xxx = 0
                self.yyy = 0
                self.xxy = 0
                self.xyy = 0
                self.Perimetro = 0
                self.Area = 0
                self.closed = False
                self.edgePoints = []
                self.red = 0
                self.green = 0
                self.blue = 0
            def addPoint(self,x,y,isedge,color):
                self.xm = self.xm + x
                self.ym = self.ym + y
                self.xx = self.xx + x*x
                self.yy = self.yy + y*y
                self.xy = self.xy + x*y
                self.xxx = self.xxx + x*x*x
                self.yyy = self.yyy + y*y*y
                self.xxy = self.xxy + x*x*y
```

```
self.xyy = self.xyy + x*y*y
    self.Area = self.Area + 1
    self.red = self.red + color[0]
    self.green = self.green + color[1]
   self.blue = self.blue + color[2]
    if isedge > 0:
        self.Perimetro = self.Perimetro + 1
        if (isedge & 1) > 0: #up
            self.edgePoints.append((x+0.5,y+0.001))
       if (isedge & 2) > 0: #left
            self.edgePoints.append((x+0.001,y+0.5))
       if (isedge & 4) > 0: #down
            self.edgePoints.append((x+0.5,y+0.999))
       if (isedge & 8) > 0: #right
            self.edgePoints.append((x+0.999,y+0.5))
def addRegion(self,region):
   if (self.closed == False) and (region.closed == False) and (region.Area > 0):
       self.xm = self.xm + region.xm
       self.ym = self.ym + region.ym
       self.xx = self.xx + region.xx
       self.yy = self.yy + region.yy
       self.xy = self.xy + region.xy
       self.xxx = self.xxx + region.xxx
       self.yyy = self.yyy + region.yyy
       self.xxy = self.xxy + region.xxy
       self.xyy = self.xyy + region.xyy
       self.Area = self.Area + region.Area
       self.Perimetro = self.Perimetro + region.Perimetro
       self.red = self.red + region.red
       self.green = self.green + region.green
       self.blue = self.blue + region.blue
       for n in range(len(region.edgePoints)):
            self.edgePoints.append(region.edgePoints[n])
def closeRegion(self):
    if (self.Area > 0) and (self.closed == False);
       self.xm = self.xm/self.Area
        self.ym = self.ym/self.Area
        self.xx = self.xx/self.Area - self.xm*self.xm
       self.yy = self.yy/self.Area - self.ym*self.ym
       self.xy = self.xy/self.Area - self.xm*self.ym
        self.red = self.red/self.Area
        self.green = self.green/self.Area
        self.blue = self.blue/self.Area
        self.closed = True
```

```
In [ ]: def smoothPointSet(points, steps):
            lpts = len(points)
            for stp in range(steps):
                apt = np.array(points)
                for n in range(lpts):
                    bidx = (n + lpts - 1) % lpts
                    uidx = (n + lpts + 1) % lpts
                    points[n] = ((apt[bidx][0]+apt[n][0]+apt[uidx][0])/3, (apt[bidx][1]+apt[n][1]+apt[uidx][1])/3)
            return points
In [ ]: def getInvariantFeatures(points, displayIndividual = True):
            outlinePoints = points
            # Convert the list of points to integer coordinates
            points = np.array([(int(pt[0]), int(pt[1])) for pt in outlinePoints[0]])
            xMin, yMin = np.min(points, axis=0)
            xMax, yMax = np.max(points, axis=0)
            # Create a binary image that fits the bounding box (a brack BG image)
            binary_image = np.zeros((yMax - yMin + 1, xMax - xMin + 1), dtype=np.uint8)
            shifted points = points - [xMin, yMin]
            # Draw the digit in the binary image (white FG)
            for x, y in shifted points:
                binary image[y, x] = 1
            return xMin, yMin, xMax, yMax
In [ ]: def orderPointSet(opoints, EdgeImage):
            orderpointsList = []
            if len(opoints) > 0:
                points = opoints.copy()
                neighbors = np.array([(1,0),(1,1),(0,1),(-1,1),(-1,0),(-1,-1),(0,-1),(1,-1),(0,0)])*0.5
                plen = len(points)
                n = 0
                last = 0
                inserted = 0
                orderpoints = []
                orderpoints.append(points[0])
                points.pop(0)
                lastidx = 0
                who = 0
                for inserted in range(plen-1):
                     n = 0
                    cpt = np.array(orderpoints[last])
```

```
edgetype = EdgeImage[int(cpt[1]),int(cpt[0])]
                     dis = 1
                    thepoints = np.array(points)
                    thesum = np.sum(abs(thepoints-cpt),axis=1)
                    lastdir = np.sum(np.square(neigbors-neigbors[lastidx]),axis=1)
                     dis = 10
                    idx = lastidx;
                    for n in range(len(points)):
                         if thesum[n] <= 2:</pre>
                             npoints = cpt + neigbors
                             theNsum = np.sum(np.abs(npoints-thepoints[n]),axis=1) + 0.01*lastdir
                             for nn in range(8):
                                 nedgetype = EdgeImage[int(npoints[nn,1]),int(npoints[nn,0])]
                                 dist = theNsum[nn] + 0.001*((edgetype ^ nedgetype) > 0)
                                 if dist < dis:</pre>
                                     dis = dist
                                     idx = nn
                                     who = n
                    if dis < 1.0:
                         lastidx = idx
                         orderpoints.append(points[who])
                         points.pop(who)
                     else:
                         if len(orderpoints) > 2:
                             orderpointsList.append(orderpoints)
                         orderpoints = []
                         orderpoints.append(points[0])
                         points.pop(0)
                         last = 0
                    last = len(orderpoints) - 1
                if len(orderpoints) > 2:
                    orderpointsList.append(orderpoints)
            return orderpointsList
In [ ]: def SegmentationRegions(image,colorimg):
```

```
regions = []
si,sj = image.shape;
fimage = image.astype(np.int16)

EdgeImage = image[:,:];
regionlabels = image[:,:];
regionlabels = regionlabels.astype(np.int32)
shortlabellut = np.zeros((int(si*sj/100+1),), dtype=np.int32)
labellut = shortlabellut
upKernel = np.array((
[0, -1, 0],
[0, 1, 0],
```

```
[0, 0, 0]), dtype=np.int16)
upsameI = abs(cv.filter2D(fimage,-1,upKernel)) == 0
leftKernel = np.array((
[0, 0, 0],
[-1, 1, 0],
[0, 0, 0]), dtype=np.int16)
leftsameI = abs(cv.filter2D(fimage,-1,leftKernel)) == 0
downKernel = np.array((
[0, 0, 0],
[0, 1, 0],
[0, -1, 0]), dtype=np.int16)
downsameI = abs(cv.filter2D(fimage,-1,downKernel)) == 0
rightKernel = np.array((
[0, 0, 0],
[0, 1, -1],
[0, 0, 0]), dtype=np.int16)
rightsameI = abs(cv.filter2D(fimage,-1,rightKernel)) == 0
currentlabel=0
uplabelArray = regionlabels[0,:]
upsame = False
leftsame = False
thelabel = 0
uplabel = 0
leftlabel = 0
regions.append(Region())
for i in range(si):
    leftlabel = labellut[regionlabels[i,0]]
    for j in range(sj):
        color = colorimg[i,j,:]
        thelabel = leftlabel
        upsame = False
        leftsame = False
        EdgeImage[i,j] = 1*(not upsameI[i,j]) + 2*(not leftsameI[i,j]) + 4*(not downsameI[i,j]) + 8*(not rightsameI[i,j])
        if i>0:
            uplabel = uplabelArray[j]
            upsame = upsameI[i,j]
            if upsame:
                thelabel = uplabel
        if j>0:
            leftsame = leftsameI[i,j]
            if leftsame:
                if thelabel > leftlabel:
                    thelabel = leftlabel
                if upsame:
                    thelabel = labellut[thelabel]
                    labellut[leftlabel] = thelabel
                    labellut[uplabel] = thelabel
        if (not(upsame) and not(leftsame)):
```

```
currentlabel = currentlabel + 1
                        regions.append(Region())
                        thelabel = currentlabel
                        if (currentlabel >= labellut.size):
                            labellut = np.append(labellut, shortlabellut)
                        labellut[currentlabel] = currentlabel
                     else:
                        thelabel = labellut[thelabel]
                    regionlabels[i,j] = thelabel
                    regions[thelabel].addPoint(j,i,EdgeImage[i,j],color)
                     leftlabel = thelabel
                uplabelArray = regionlabels[i,:]
            print(len(regions))
            lreg = len(regions)
            changes = 1
            while changes > 0:
                changes = 0
                for idx in range(lreg):
                    newlabel = labellut[idx]
                    if regions[idx].Area > 0 and idx != newlabel:
                        changes = changes + 1
                        regions[newlabel].addRegion(regions[idx])
                        regions[idx]. init ()
                    labellut[idx] = labellut[newlabel]
                print(changes)
            closed = 0
            for n in range(lreg):
                if (n == labellut[n]) and (regions[n].Area > 0):
                    closed = closed + 1
                    regions[n].closeRegion()
            print(closed)
            regionlabels = labellut[regionlabels]
            return regionlabels, regions, EdgeImage
In [ ]: PERIMETERS = [
```

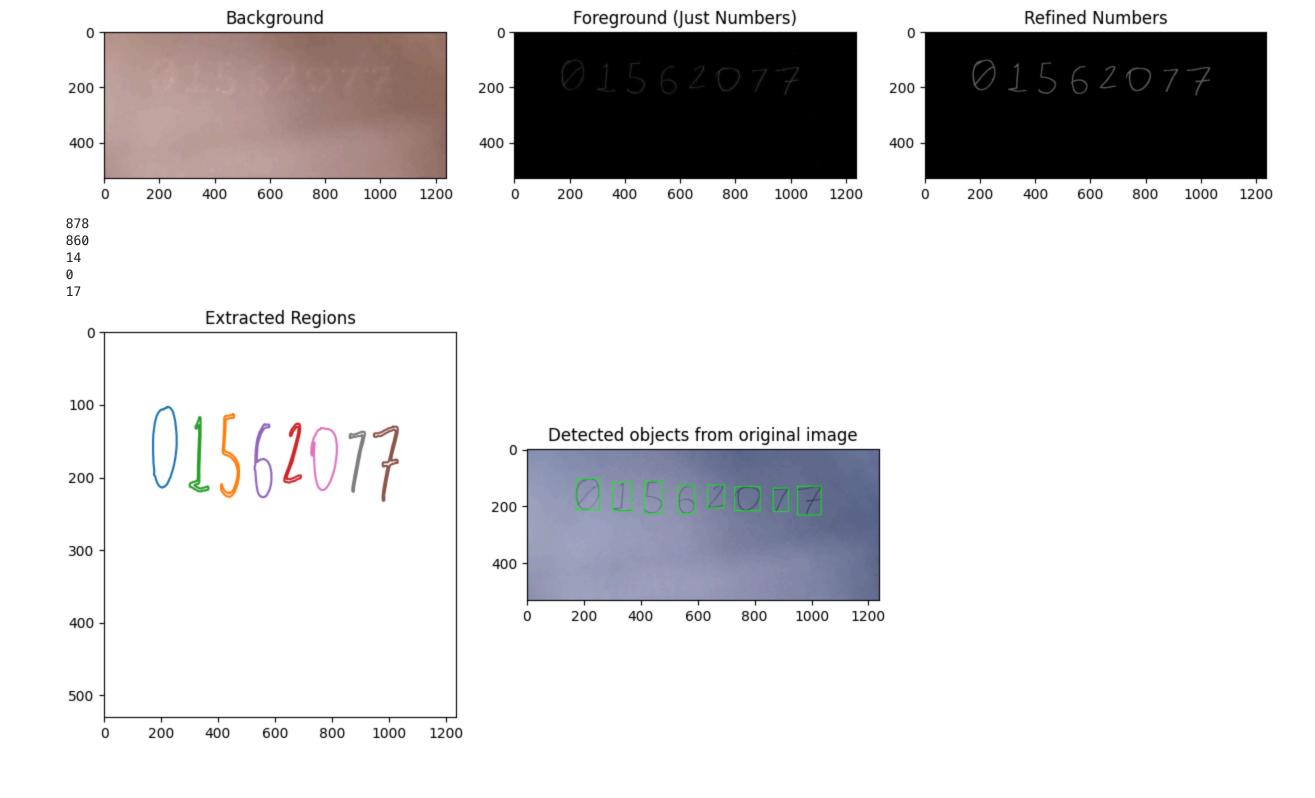
```
(300, 2000), # 0
(100, 700),
(150, 700), # 2
(250, 500),
(200, 700), # 4
(200, 1000),
(200, 700), # 6
(150, 700),
(400, 700), # 8
(200, 700)]
```

```
PERIMETERS TEST = [250, 1000]
```

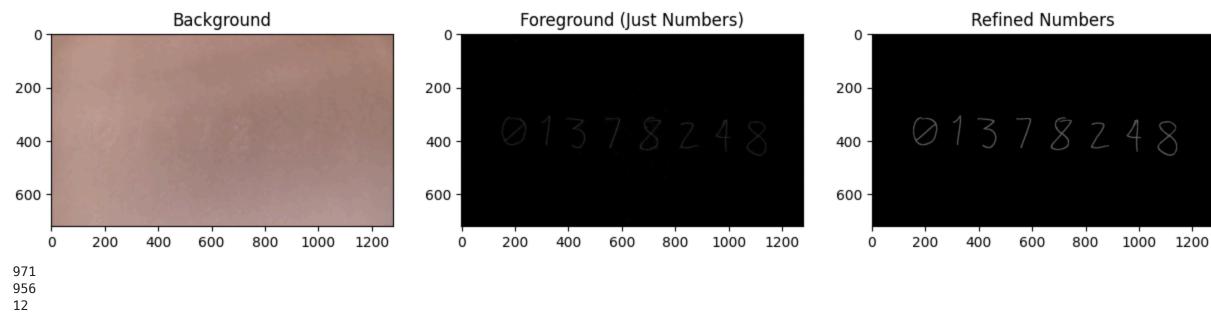
```
In [ ]: for digit in ['Den', 'Luis', 'Rivers']:
           print()
           print(f"EXTRACTION OF ID {digit}")
           print()
           print("###############################")
           frame = cv.imread(os.path.join("digitsTest", f"{digit}.jpeg"))
           rawImg = frame.copy()
           kernel = np.ones((5,5),np.uint8)
           bkgnd = cv.dilate(frame, kernel, iterations = 1)
           bkgnd = cv.dilate(bkgnd,kernel,iterations = 1)
           frame = (bkgnd - frame)
           frqnd = frame.copy()
           kernel = np.ones((3,3),np.uint8)
           frame = cv.dilate(frame, kernel, iterations = 1)
           green = frame[:,:,2]
           ret,img = cv.threshold(green, 32, 100, 0)
           fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 3, figsize=(15, 5))
           ax[0].imshow(cv.cvtColor(bkgnd, cv.COLOR BGR2RGB))
           ax[0].set title("Background")
           ax[1].imshow(cv.cvtColor(frgnd, cv.COLOR BGR2RGB))
           ax[1].set title("Foreground (Just Numbers)")
           ax[2].imshow(cv.cvtColor(img, cv.COLOR BGR2RGB))
           img to save = cv.cvtColor(img, cv.COLOR BGR2RGB)
           ax[2].set title("Refined Numbers")
           plt.show()
           # #####################
           labeled, regions, EdgeImage = SegmentationRegions(img,frame)
           labeled = labeled % 21
           img = cv.normalize(labeled, None, 0, 255, cv.NORM_MINMAX, cv.CV_8U)
           im color = cv.applyColorMap(img, cv.COLORMAP HSV)
           im color = cv.medianBlur(im color,3)
```

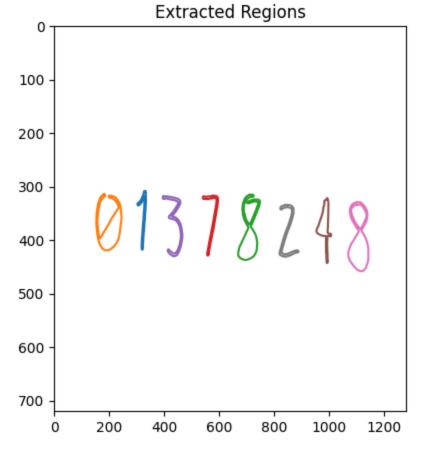
```
RGB im = cv.cvtColor(im color, cv.COLOR BGR2RGB)
# #####################
fig, ax = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(10, 5))
boundaries = []
for n in range(len(regions)-2):
    idx = n+2
    if regions[idx].Perimetro > PERIMETERS TEST[0]:
        if regions[idx].Perimetro < PERIMETERS TEST[1]:</pre>
            pointlist = orderPointSet(regions[idx].edgePoints, EdgeImage)
            smoothpoints = np.array(smoothPointSet(pointlist[0],3))
            xMin, yMin, xMax, yMax = getInvariantFeatures(pointlist, displayIndividual=False)
            boundaries.append(((xMin, yMin), (xMax, yMax)))
            ax[0].plot(smoothpoints[:,0],smoothpoints[:,1])
ax[0].set ylim(frame.shape[0], 0)
ax[0].set xlim(0, frame.shape[1])
ax[0].set_title("Extracted Regions")
boundedImg = rawImg.copy()
for ind, (startPoint, endPoint) in enumerate(boundaries):
    cv.rectangle(boundedImg, startPoint, endPoint, (0,255,0), 2)
    #print(rawImg.shape, 'raw image shape')
    xd = cv.cvtColor(img to save, cv.COLOR BGR2RGB)[startPoint[1]:endPoint[1], startPoint[0]: endPoint[0]]
    cv.imwrite(f'TestSet/{digit}/{ind}.jpg', xd)
ax[1].imshow(boundedImg)
ax[1].set title("Detected objects from original image")
plt.show()
```

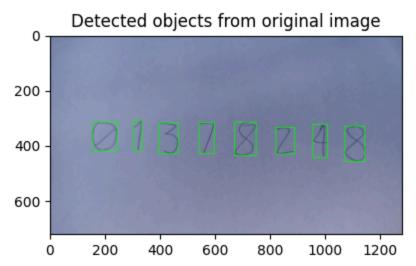
EXTRACTION OF ID Den



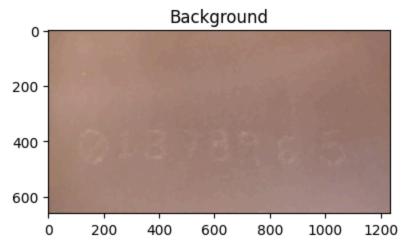
EXTRACTION OF ID Luis

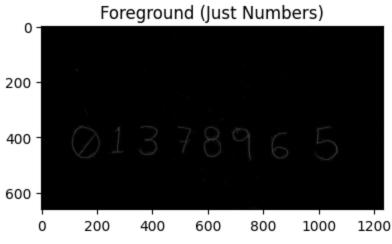


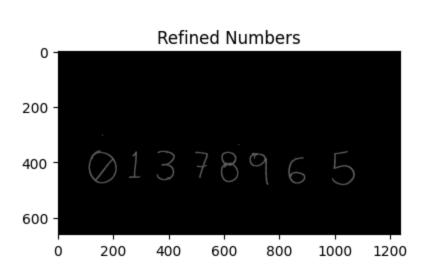


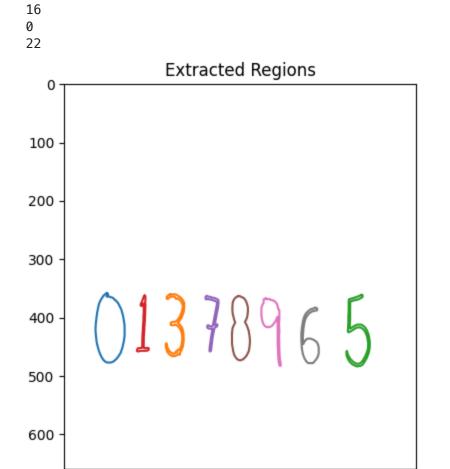


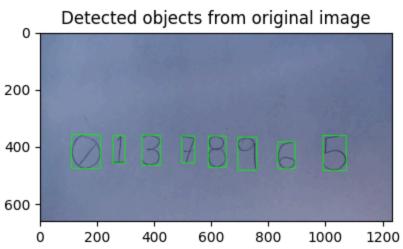
EXTRACTION OF ID Rivers







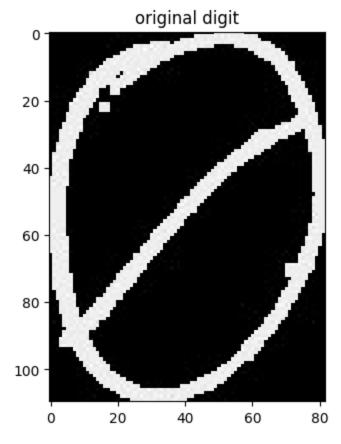


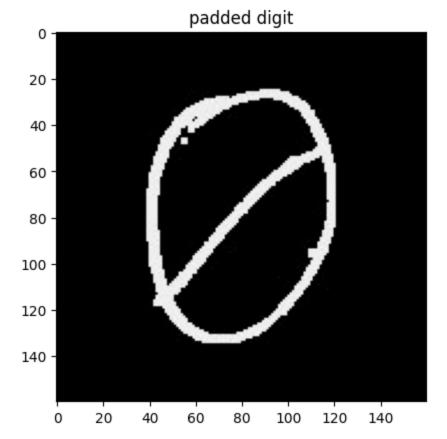


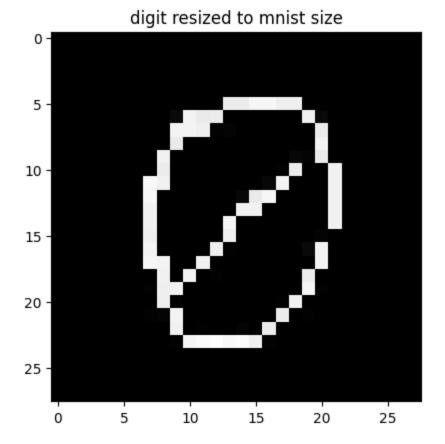
## Formatting digits to match MNIST shape

```
In []: for person in ['Den', 'Luis', 'Rivers']:
    files = sorted(os.listdir(f'TestSet/{person}'))
    for file in files:
        img = cv.imread(f'TestSet/{person}/{file}', cv.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
        if person == 'Den' and file == '0.jpg':
            plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
            plt.title('original digit')
            plt.show()
pad = 25
#large side
```

```
ls = max(img.shape)
#large index
li = img.shape.index(ls)
# pad index
pi = 1 - li
# pad width
pw = [[0, 0], [0, 0]]
# pad size
ps = abs(img.shape[0] - img.shape[1])
pw[pi] = [ps // 2 + pad, ps // 2 + pad]
pw[li] = [pad, pad]
xd = np.pad(img, pad_width=pw, mode='constant')
if person == 'Den' and file == '0.jpg':
   plt.imshow(xd, cmap='gray')
   plt.title('padded digit')
   plt.show()
mnist_size = cv.resize(xd, (28, 28),
   interpolation = cv.INTER_NEAREST)
if person == 'Den' and file == '0.jpg':
   plt.imshow(mnist_size, cmap='gray')
   plt.title('digit resized to mnist size')
   plt.show()
cv.imwrite(f'TestSet/{person}/{file[:-4]}ms.jpg', mnist_size)
```







In [ ]: