Q1. Use recursion tree to solve each of the following recurrences.

```
a. D(n) = 3D(n/3) + \sqrt{n}
b. E(n) = 3E(n/3) + n
F(n) = 3F(n/3) + n^2
```

Q2. Use recursion tree to solve each of the following recurrences.

```
a. M(n) = 2M(n/2) + O(n \log n)
b. N(n) = 2N(n/2) + O(n/\log n)
c. J(n) = J(n/2) + J(n/3) + J(n/6) + n
```

Q3. Solve the following recurrence relation using Master's Theorem

a.
$$T(n) = 3T(n/2) + cn$$
, $T(1) = 1$
b. $T(n) = 7T(n/2) + cn^2$, $T(1) = 1$
c. $T(n) = 2T(n/4) + n^{0.51}$
d. $T(n) = 0.5T(n/2) + 1/n$ (master's theorem does work here. Why?)

Q4. Solve the following recurrences using the Recurrence Tree Method

$$T(n) = 4T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + n^{2}$$

$$T(n) = 2T\left(\frac{n}{3}\right) + n$$

$$T(n) = 2T(n-1) + 1$$

$$T(n) = 3T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + n$$

$$T(n) = T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + T\left(\frac{3n}{4}\right) + n$$

Figure 1

Q5. Find a recurrence relation for the program below and solve the recurrence relation to find the equivalent closed forms.

```
1.Algorithm printDStars(int n) 2. Algorithm printSStars(int n) if (n > 0) if (n > 0) for (k \leftarrow 1; k < n; k = k^*2) printDStars(n-1) printDStars(n-1) printDStars(n-1) EndAlgorithm EndAlgorithm
```