domibusConnector-4.0-RELEASE -

InstallationGuide

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# Introduction

## Scope and Objective of this document

This document is a technical guide to install and configure the domibusConnector 4.0-RELEASE. It can be used as a “go-through” installation guide. Readers should be able to install and configure the domibusConnector in their own environments without previously built know-how about the software.

The target audience of this document are technical persons or administrators that have know-how on network environments and widely known software components just like web servers or application servers.

In more detail knowledge of the own network structures and environment should be a precondition.

The structure of this guide is built so that every step can be taken as listed in the document. That means, that all preconditions for a chapter should be given by the previous chapters.

As an InstallationGuide this document does not focus on features and functionalities on the usage of the domibusConnector. For more details on the usage please refer to the “domibusConnector\_Technical-documentation-and-UserGuide”.

## The domibusConnector as a web application

Starting with version 4.0-RELEASE, the domibusConnector is on the technical basis of a web application.

This means, that the domibusConnector itself is a “ready-to-use” software component that only needs to be configured, set-up and deployed in a web container.

Once installed and configured properly, the domibusConnector should run on its own, besides some maintenance.

## The domibusConnectorClient

The domibusConnector web application offers different interfaces that can be used to approach the functionalities. Those interfaces can be used directly, if intended.

As to close the missing link between your own implementations and the service of the interfaces on the backend of the domibusConnector, also a domibusConnectoClient was implemented to support the connection to the domibusConnector.

The domibusConnectorClients and all its variants and usage are described in the document “domibusConnectorClient\_Guide”.

## The gateway

To have a successful connection to other partners of the e-CODEX network, it is also necessary to have a gateway component for transmission of messages.

To be able to connector to e-CODEX partners the ebms3 standard of OASIS must be respected by the gateway. Additionally, there are different profiles on how the structure of ebms3 messages can be transmitted. In e-CODEX all partners agreed on using the e-SENS-AS4 pattern.

During the e-CODEX project an own gateway component was implemented as a building block that fulfils all requirements mentioned. It was the DOMIBUS gateway.

As for now the development and maintenance of the DOMIBUS gateway lies at the CEF programme of the European commission.

Further details on the DOMIBUS gateway as well as recent versions and documentation can be found at the CEF homepage:

<https://ec.europa.eu/cefdigital/wiki/display/CEFDIGITAL/Domibus>

## The domibus-connector-plugin

To have a connection between the domibusConnector and the domibus gateway, a plugin was developed that can easily installed on the gateway.

This plugin implements all interfaces that enable message transmission between the connector and the gateway. It is also available as a distribution package of e-CODEX on the Nexus repository server:

<https://secure.e-codex.eu/nexus/content/groups/public/eu/domibus/connector/domibus-connector-plugin/>

Details on how to install the plugin on the domibus gateway can be found in the documentation of the respective domibus gateway.

# Preconditions and technical requirements

This chapter describes what has to be in place prior to install the domibusConnector. It also lists some technical specifications of the domibusConnector to give a more detailed insight.

## The domibusConnector distribution package

To get started, you first need to have downloaded and extracted the distribution package.

The domibusConnector provides different distribution packages all placed on the e-CODEX Nexus repository server at:

https://secure.e-codex.eu/nexus/content/groups/public/eu/domibus/connector/domibusConnectorDistribution/4.0-RELEASE/

* domibusConnectorDistribution-4.0-RELEASE.war
* domibusConnectorDistribution-4.0-RELEASE.zip

are the most important ones.

Whereas the “domibusConnectorDistribution-4.0-RELEASE.war” is only the deployable WAR package and intended to be used to simply upgrade already set up domibusConnector installations, the “domibusConnectorDistribution-4.0-RELEASE.zip” is of interest for setting up a new domibusConnector.

Once downloaded and extracted it has the following structure:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **File/directory** | **Description** |
| Webapp (directory) | This directory contains the application itself distributed as “domibusConnector-4.0-RELEASE.war” |
| Documentation/database-scripts (directory) | This directory contains all necessary database scripts to set up the database for the domibusConnector. The scripts are prepared for the database vendors MySQL and Oracle.  For more details see chapter …. Database Setup |
| Documentation/databaseInitializer (directory) | Contains the “domibusConnectorDatabaseInitializer.jar” which is a helper application to set up the database.  For more details see chapter …. Database Setup |
| Documentation/properties (directory) | The “properties” folder contains example properties that show how to configure the domibusConnector. Also empty properties are there that only have the keys set without values. The log4j configuration is also contained as an example. |
| domibusConnector\_Monitoring\_Interfaces.pdf | A document that describes what monitoring interfaces the domibusConnector offers and how to approach them. |
| domibusConnector-Technical-documentation-and-UserGuide.pdf | This document merges the documentation for the domibusConnector for administrators and users. This document covers all distributions of the domibusConnector. |

## Supported operating systems

The domibusConnector is a software that was completely implemented using the JAVA programming language.

As JAVA is by definition a platform independent environment, every operating system with a proper JAVA installation should fit the needs of setting up the domibusConnector.

During implementation and testing phase of the domibusConnector, it was tested installed on the following environments:

* Microsoft Windows 7
* Linux
* AIX

## Java Runtime

As the domibusConnector is a JAVA application, it also requires a proper installation of a Java Runtime to be able to run the software.

The recent version 4.0-RELEASE of the domibusConnector was implemented and compiled with an Oracle JDK jdk-8u161. So at least this version or above should be in place to avoid incompatibilities.

## Database

The domibusConnector needs an underlying database to store information. Currently the following DBMS are supported:

* MySQL 5.5 and above
* Oracle 12g and above

The domibusConnector distribution package offers SQL scripts that are meant to either set up a completely new database for the connector, or to migrate an existing domibusConnector database to its current version.

Be aware that most web-servers need to have proper JDBC drivers installed to be able to set the connection to the database.

Details on the installation of the database can be found in the chapter [Database Installation](#_Database_Installation).

## Web container

Since the domibusConnector in its current version 4.0-RELEASE is a web application built as a WAR deployable, it needs a web-server or application server that it can be deployed at.

This can be any JAVA compliant product.

During implementation and testing of the domibusConnector the following web-servers were used:

* Apache Tomcat 8
* Bea WebLogic

Be aware that those are neither requirements nor recommendations, but only for information listed.

This installation guide does not focus on specifics of web-server technologies in detail.

Details on how to deploy the domibusConnector on that web server products can be found in chapter [Deployment](#_Deployment).

## Internet connection

As the domibusConnector needs some sources from the internet for the security library features, also an internet connection from the installation point must be given. To be able to configure your environment the domibusConnector gives the opportunity to configure proxy settings in the connector properties described in chapter [Configuration properties](#_Configuration_properties).

## Technical specifications

For your information the main frameworks and technologies the domibusConnector was implemented with is listed here.

* Java 8 (Oracle jdk-8u161)
* Spring framework 4.3.12.RELEASE
* Spring-boot 1.5.8.RELEASE
* Hibernate 5.0.12.FINAL
* Apache CXF 3.2.1
* Apache Maven 3

# Database Installation

The “domibusConnectorDistribution-4.0-RELEASE.zip” deliverable package contains database scripts to either create a new database or upgrade an existing database for domibusConnector 3.5(.1).

As a precondition a DBMS already needs to be in place. We recommend to create an own schema/user for the domibusConnector database.

## Supported Database vendors

The following database vendors are currently supported:

* Mysql from version 5.5 onwards
* Oracle from version 12g onwards

Prepared database scripts exist only for those vendors. Though, any other SQL database can be used.

## New Database / Fresh Installation

Starting with a new installation and therefore have an empty schema/user on the database system created, one can just execute the provided scripts or use liquibase.

### Using the scripts

The documentation contains a folder database-scripts/initial. This folder contains the following DDL/SQL scripts:

* “MySql\_4\_0\_initial.sql” for MySQL
* “Oracle\_4\_0\_initial.sql” for Oracle

Once those scripts are executed on the dedicated schema, the database is ready for usage for the domibusConnector.

### Using liquibase

It is also possibly to let liquibase create your database tables. Start reading the section “Upgrade with

Liquibase” down below.

## Database Upgrade 3.5 to 4.0

Upgrading an existing domibusConnector database for prior releases 3.5 or 3.5.1 is possible. But first of all we strongly recommend to create a backup of the existing database schema.

Then you can choose to upgrade your database schema manually by executing the scripts

or let liquibase do the work.

Both methods are assuming that there are no changes or additional constraints, indexes added

compared to the 3.5 database script.

### Using the script

* Create a backup of your current database schema
* Drop/deactivate all foreign-key constraints (the script will create them again!)
* Execute the upgrade script which is located in the folder database-scripts/migration.

Use the script for your database vendor:

* “MySQL\_Migrate\_3.5\_ConnectorDB\_to\_4.0.sql” for MySql
* “Oracle\_Migrate\_3.5\_ConnectorDB\_to\_4\_0.sql” for Oracle

### Using liquibase

If you want to use liquibase for database upgrade please continue with the next section “Upgrade with Liquibase”.

## Upgrade with Liquibase

It is also possibly to let liquibase upgrade or create your database. Liquibase is a tool which splits the

database creation/upgrade into multiple changesets. In the future it will allow semi automatic database upgrades. You can also use liquibase to use unsupported databases like postgresql.

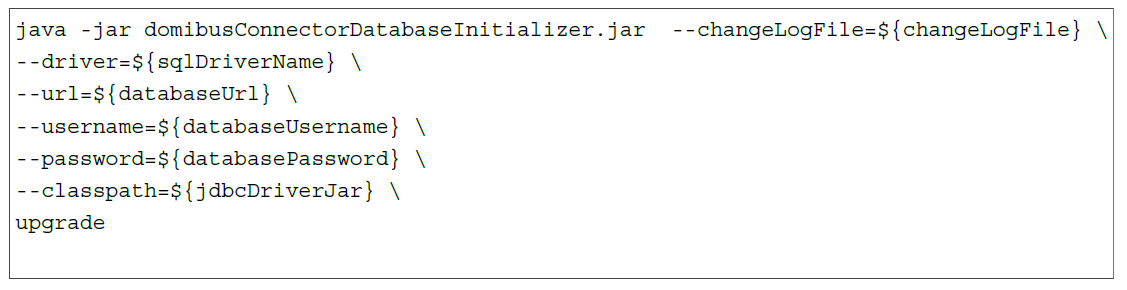
Liquibase is packaged into the jar named domibusConnectorDatabaseInitializer.jar which includes all

the necessary database scripts:

• Database Migrate 3.5 to 4.0 DB ChangeLog: “db/changelog/v004/upgrade-3to4.xml”

• Database Create 4.0 DB ChangeLog: “db/changelog/install/initial-4.0.xml”

You can execute the scripts in your database by executing the jar:



You have to provide the following parameters:

* “--driver=” the jdbc driver name.
  + com.mysql.jdbc.Driver for MySQL
  + oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver for Oracle
* “--url=” the jdbc url to access the database (consult the documentation of your jdbc driver)
  + Example: “jdbc: mysql://localhost/domibusconnector” for connecting to a local MySql database named domibusconnector.
* “--username=” the username to access the database. The database user needs the permission to make schema modifications.
* “--password=” the password of the database user.
* “--classpath=” the path to an additional jar which contains the jdbc driver (the package already contains the mysql jdbc driver, so this parameter is only needed to provide the oracle jdbc driver jar)
* “--changeLogFile=” the change log liquibase should run against the database
* “–help” will show the liquibase help

# Certificate, Key-Stores and Truststores

To ensure the highest reasonable level of security, the domibusConnector uses several certificates for different purposes:

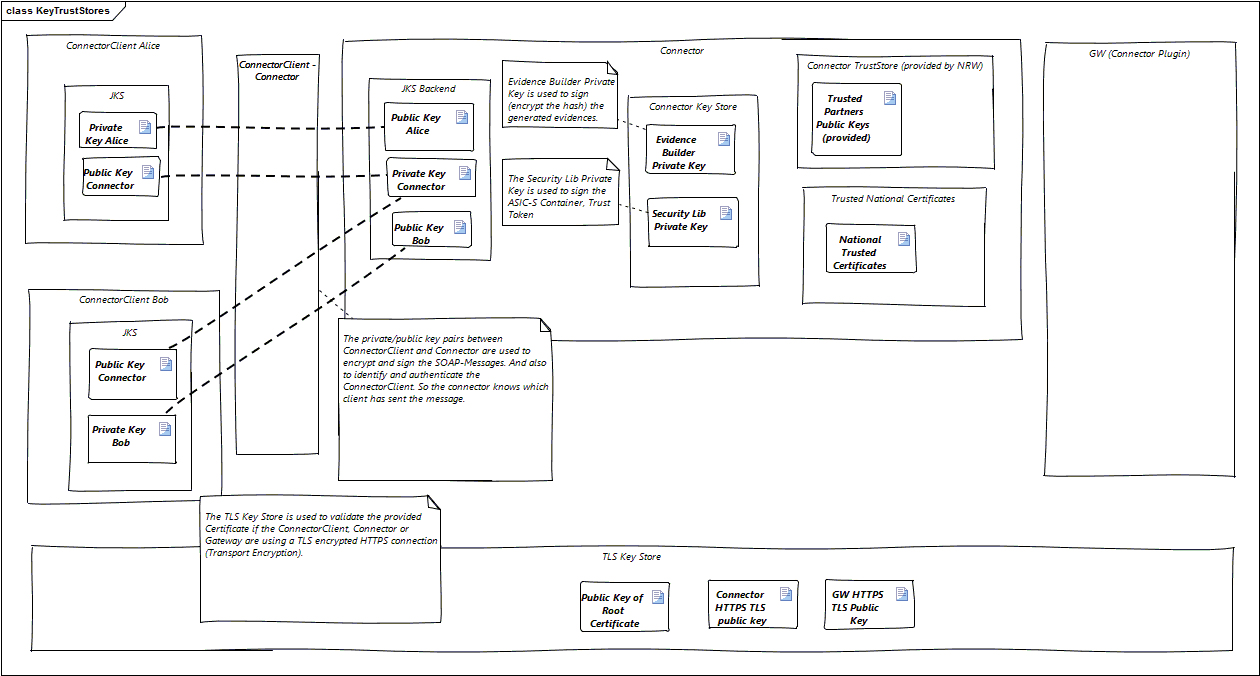
* Signing and Encrypting SOAP messages between the backend client and the Connector.
* Establishing Transport Security (TLS) between the backend client and the Connector.
* Singing and Encrypting SOAP messages between the Connector and the Gateway.
* Establishing Transport Security (TLS) between the Connector and the Gateway.
* Validating the signature of the main document (mostly a PDF) of the message (if configured).
* Validating the signature of the secure container (ASIC-S) received with incoming messages.
* Signing the secure container (ASIC-S) that is created by the Connector.
* Signing the ETSI-REM evidences.

In most of those cases the same certificate can be used, though we do not recommend that. For higher security it is more efficient to use different certificates.

In case of multiple backend clients that connect to the domibusConnector it is required to have an own certificate per backend.

Each certificate holds a private key, which should always stay inside your organization, and a public key.

The following graphic shows an example of what key is used at what point. It also shows the purpose of the different keys:



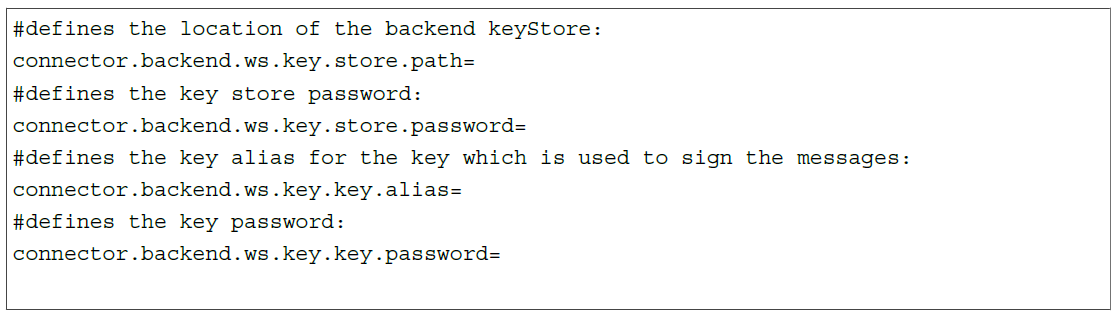
This guide focuses on the keys and stores that are required for a proper installation of the domibusConnector. Other keys and stores, for the backend client(s) for example, are explained in more detail in other documentations.

## Connector Backend Key Store

The connector backend key store holds the private key of the connector which is used to decrypt

and sign the messages which are sent to the connector clients. It also contains all public keys of all the backend clients to verify the signature of received messages. The common name (CN) of the certificate is also used to identify the backend clients name.

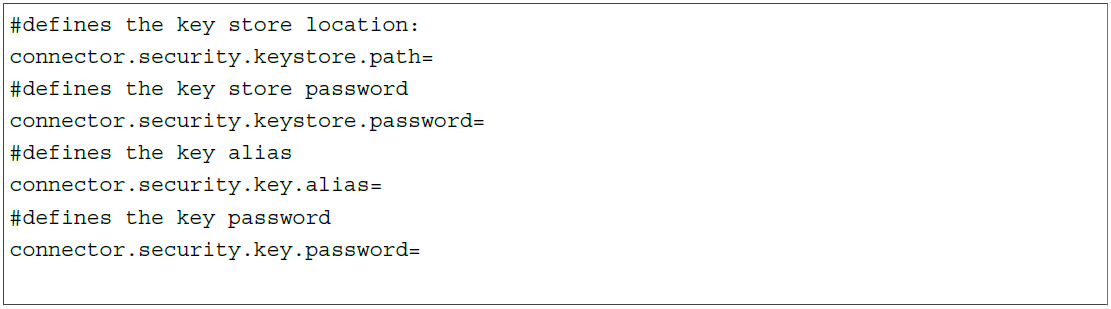
The configuration properties are:



## Connector Key Store

The connector key store holds the private key for signing the ASIC-S container.

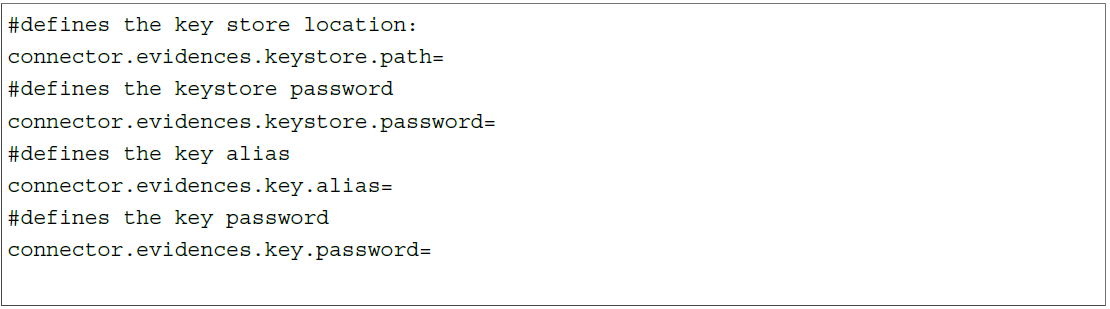
The configuration properties are:



## Evidence Key Store

The evidence key store holds the private key for signing the generated ETSI-REM evidences. This private key and key store can be the same for signing the ASIC-S container (Connector Key Store).

The configuration properties are:

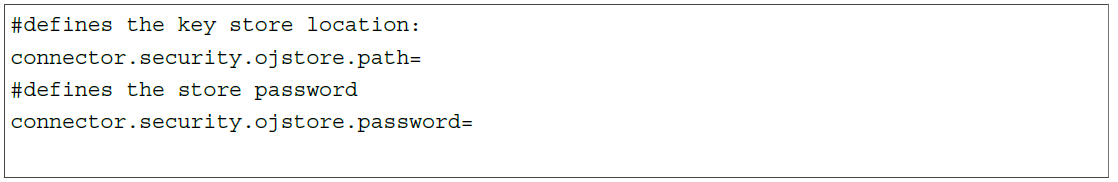


## Connector truststore

This truststore only holds public keys. The connector truststore (in configuration management called the “connectorstore”) is provided by the configuration management of the project and contains the public keys of the e-CODEX partners. They are used to verify the signature of the ASIC-S container received from an e-CODEX partner.

Additionally, if your organization uses signed documents (mostly PDF) as the main content of the message when sending a message to an e-CODEX partner, the public key of the certificate with which the document was signed with should be imported into this truststore. The security library uses this public key to verify the signature of the document then (configured as SIGNATURE\_BASED).

The configuration properties are:



# Configuration properties

To give the domibusConnector the missing links about your environment, some properties have to be set in a property file.

Usually this is called “connector.properties”.

Also, the possibility is given to adopt the logging configuration. This gives the opportunity to control where logs are written at and what to log.

Example properties and an empty property file, as well as an example for logging configuration can be found in the distribution package at “documentation/properties”.

The properties in those file are all well described on what is expected there.

The variants on how to include the properties into your web server environment is dependent on what product you have in place.

For the web server products Apache Tomcat and BEA Weblogic this is described exemplarily in the Chapter [Deployment](#_Deployment).

# Deployment

This chapter describes the steps to be taken to deploy the domibusConnector application on a web server. As examples the web server products Apache Tomcat and BEA Weblogic have been chosen.

It is not a requirement that one of the listed web server products must be used.

This document and the e-CODEX community is not aware of deeper knowledge about web server technologies and it always depends on your environment how they work.

## Deploy on Apache Tomcat

The suggested way to deploy the domibusConnector application on an Apache Tomcat server is to define a new context which

* configures a datasource as the connection to the domibusConnector database
* sets the parameters for the domibusConnector application
* loads the domibusConnector application.

The delivered distribution package contains an example application context, which has been tested on Microsoft Windows 7 with an Apache Tomcat 8.

### Tested Tomcat Version

The deployment has been tested with the following versions:

* Apache Tomcat 8.5.23 on Windows 7

### Deployment steps

* Copy the file “domibusConnector-4.0-RELEASE.war” into your Apache Tomcat installation “<path\_to\_tomcat>/conf/domibusConnector”.
* Copy the adopted “connector.properties” and “log4j.properties” file into “<path\_to\_tomcat>/conf/domibusConnector”.
* Copy the example context file “domibusConnectorWebAppModule.xml” from the distribution package “config/tomcat” into “<path\_to\_tomcat>/conf/Catalina/localhost”.

The contex file needs to be adopted, as the example file needs the missing parameters:

<Context docBase="<path\_to\_tomcat>/conf/domibusConnector-4.0-RELEASE.war">

<Parameter name="spring.datasource.jndi-name"

value="jdbc/domibusWebConnectorDS" override="false" />

<Parameter name="connector.config.location"

value="<path to the folder containing the application.properties"

override="false" />

<Resource name="jdbc/domibusWebConnectorDS" auth="Container"

type="javax.sql.DataSource"

driverClassName="<jdbcDriverClass>"

url="<databaseUrl>"

username="<username>"

password="<password>"

maxActive="20"

maxIdle="10"

maxWait="-1"/>

</Context>

At last start/restart your Apache Tomcat. It should then auto deploy the application.

## Deploy on BEA Weblogic

The connector application is a spring boot application which should run on a weblogic application

server.

In its default configuration it expects a jndi DataSource configured with the name

“domibusWebConnectorDS”. Please configure a datasource with this name and deploy the application

to your weblogic server. You should also set the “connector.config.location” parameter to your “connector.properties” so the spring boot application can load the configured settings.

To do this you need to create a custom deployment descriptor.

# Import of p-modes

To have necessary data to support business use cases in your domibusConnector database, the “p-modes” that are distributed by the configuration management for the domibus gateway can also be used for the domibusConnector database.

If the set up domibusConnector is not a fresh new one, but a migrated one from a previous version, this step should not be necessary.

Once the domibusConnector is successfully deployed in a web container and running, the pages of the domibusConnector can be reached.

The default login already stored in the database for the web user interface is “admin” with the password “admin”.

## Import of a p-mode file

The requested functionality is reachable by clicking on “DataTables” in the left menu. At the “DataTables” view next to “Select PMode File:” a button to choose the p-mode is placed. Once the p-mode file is selected, it can be uploaded and processed by hitting “Import”(see Figure 1).

Every ACTION, PARTY and SERVICE that is found in the p-modes, which do not exist in the database already, will be created. The domibusWebAdmin will neither change any existing database items (service, action or party), nor will it delete any of those. If the p-mode-file cannot be processed an error message will appear.

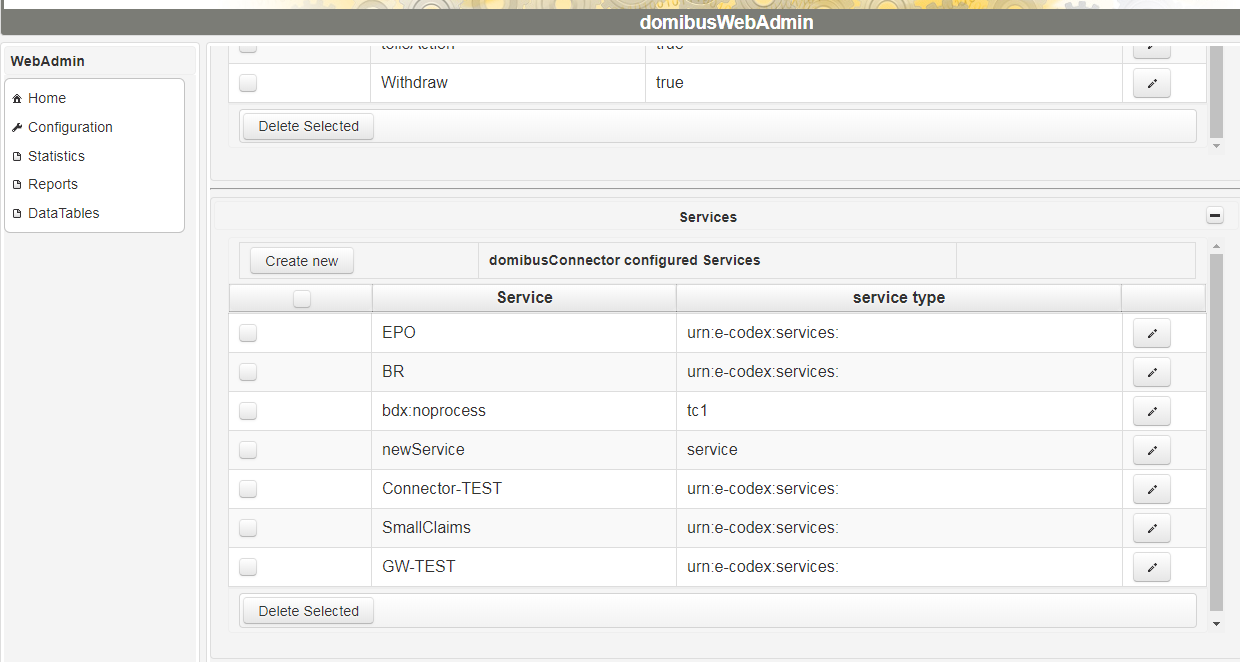


## DataTables

Once the p-modes are imported, there is also the capability to modify, create and delete items (parties, actions and services) that are persisted in the database of the domibusConnector. This new feature is provided by the “DataTables” view. It is not possible to delete items that are referenced by a stored message. This means if a message has already been sent to or received from a party or has used a service or action, that item is not allowed to be deleted.

The following list gives an overview of what is editable:

* Party
  + Party id (not editable)
  + Party id type (editable)
  + Role (not editable)
* Action
  + Action (not editable)
  + Pdf required (editable)
* Service
  + Service (not editable)
  + Service type (editable)



Pressing “Create new” starts the process of creating a new service. A dialog appears where the required information can be filled in.

By ticking the checkboxes in the left column and hitting “Delete Selected” a confirmation dialog appears. Deletion process is started after confirmation. If there are any references to processed messages deletion fails and an error message appears.

Editing is started by pressing the button with the pencil symbol on it. A dialog box opens in which the item can be changed. Editing can be stopped by pressing “Cancel”. Changes are committed by pressing “Save”.

# Backend configuration

The domibusConnector can be accessed by multiple clients. It does not matter, if the clients use the distributed domibusConnectorClient (either one of the libraries for integration, or the standalone client), as long as the backend interfaces of the domibusConnector are implemented properly and the security needs can be met.

This guide focuses on the configuration needed to add new backend clients to connect to the domibusConnector. Details on configuration steps needed on the client side can be found in the domibusConnectorClient documentation.

This chapter follows an example in which 2 new backend clients should be configured in the domibusConnector:

* Alice
* Bob

## Backend types

Whereas it is given in version 4.0-RELEASE of the domibusConnector that the backend interfaces only can be reached via SOAP webservices, it can be configured if the backend client supports to be called as an active service.

### Push/pull backend

This type of backend client does not support an active webservice itself. It can only be seen as a passive client. The domibusConnector can receive messages from this type of client at any time, but cannot actively send messages to the client.

That means that the client itself has to call the webservice of the domibusConnector to receive messages that are stored inside the connector until the client calls them.

Mostly this is done by having time triggered jobs running on the client side that connector to the domibusConnector to receive its messages.

The domibusConnectorClient Standalone variant is of that kind.

### Push/push backend

This type of backend client does support an active webservice. This webservice must run in a web container itself and must implement the delivery web service of the domibusConnector. In that case the domibusConnector does not need to wait until the clients connects, but can push messages to the client by itself.

## Adding the backend client keys to the Connector Backend Key Store

Every new backend client needs its own certificate.

The certificate of a backend client has the following purpose:

* Identifies the backend client when it connects to the domibusConnector
* Encrypts/Decrypts messages between the backend client and the Connector.

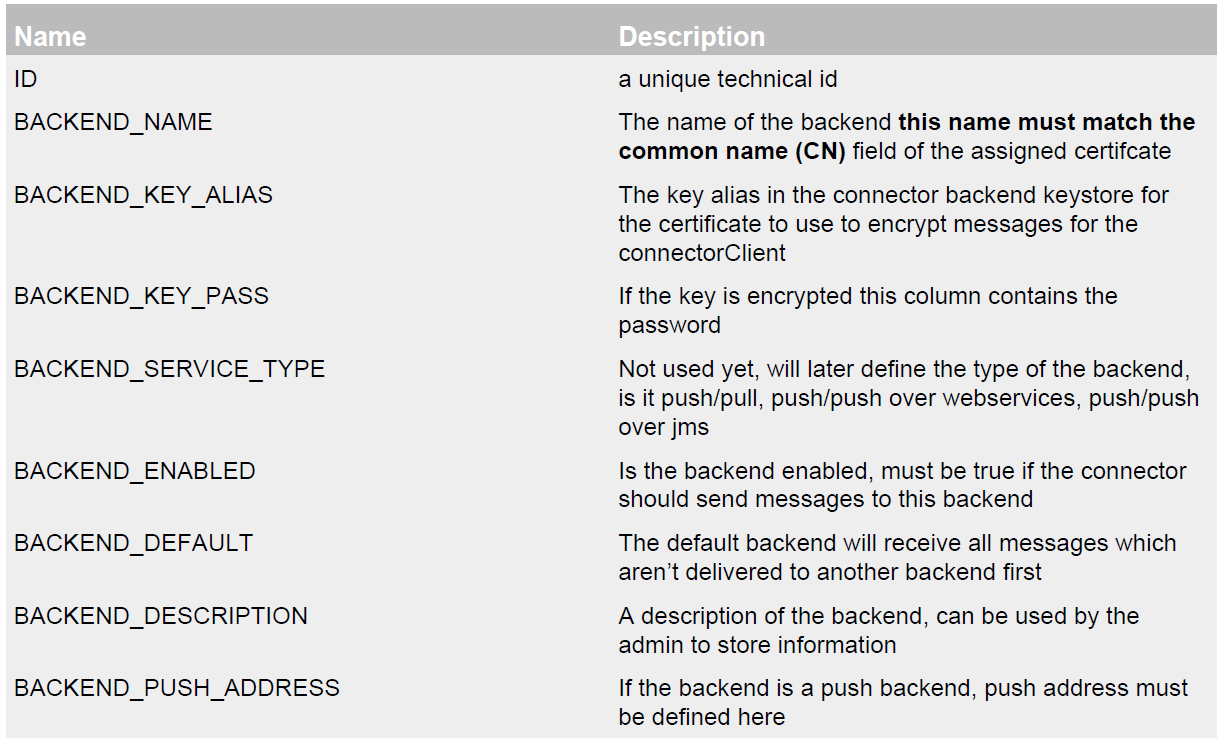
So let’s assume, following the example of “alice” and “bob”, that there are 2 certificates. What we need to configure the backend clients properly, are the public keys of those certificates.

Those 2 public keys need to be added to the “Connector Key Store” described and configured in chapter 5.1. To keep it transparent the public keys are imported into the store with the alias names “alice” and “bob”.

## Configuring the backend at the database

For the current release the adding of the backend must be done manually by accessing the domibusConnector database. The backend information must be stored in two database tables:

### DOMIBUS\_CONNECTOR\_BACKEND\_INFO

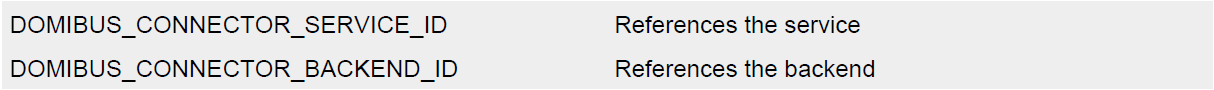


### DOMIBUS\_CONNECTOR\_BACK\_2\_S

Contains the routing information, which backend will receive the message. The routing decision is

based on the name of the business use case, which is called SERVICE in e-CODEX.

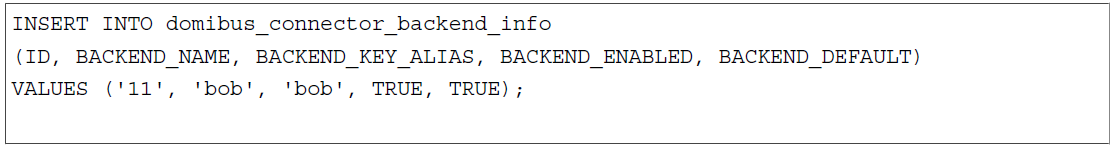
The table contains the following fields:



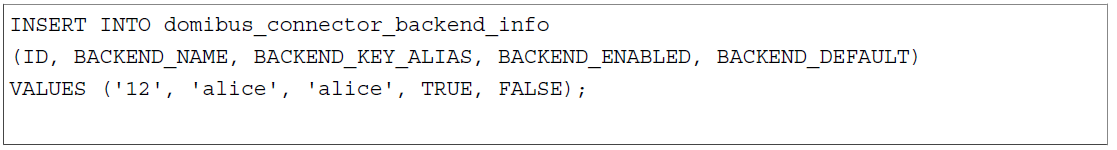
### Example scripts

Now we will have a look back to our example, where we want to add “alice” and “bob” as our new backend clients.

The following SQL statement will add an connectorClient named bob with the key alias bob and expects that the common name of the certificate is bob. Bob will also be the default backend!



The following statement will add “alice” to the backend configuration:



This statement will assign the epo messages to the connectorClient with the id 12 in the database. In this case this will be the connectorClient alice.

